



A GREAT BIG SNAP.

Talking about "Snaps" reminds us of the big stock of boards we have on hand. They're just common pine boards—Some eight feet long, some ten, and so on up to eighteen feet. If you need any, better take a look at them—we'll make the price right.

And then you ought to see our Yellow Pine Ceiling and finishing lumber. It's just "dandy" and when given a nice hard oil polish is so smooth that a fly will slip upon it. You can't go wrong in ordering some.

KELLOGG BROS. LUMBER CO.,

—YARDS AT—
East Grand Rapids, West Grand Rapids, Nekoosa.

QUICK MEAL

Stoves and Ranges



Are handled by the Central Hardware company at whose store there can always be found a large assortment at different prices calculated to suit almost any pocketbook.

We want you to look

QUICK MEAL

over now, and then when hot weather comes you will be prepared to be comfortable.

Central Hardware Co.

Badger Box & Lbr. Co.

Grand Rapids, Wis.

Everything in the line of Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Mouldings, Sash & Doors.

Cut Casings and Finishing Material a Specialty.

The best grades of Pine and Basswood Siding in the city.

Our facilities for getting out stock will save you money if we are favored with your orders.

Let us estimate on your house bills.

Yards at Factory.

Phone 314

THE GALLANT 12TH

HOLD REUNION IN THIS CITY.

About Fifty of the Old Boys Mustered for Roll Call—All Leave for Stevens Point.

Monday and Tuesday the 12th Wisconsin infantry, or what is left of them, held their reunion in this city at the G. A. R. hall, and there were about fifty of the old boys who managed to get to the front and take part in the social time that was enjoyed here.

The old 12th Wisconsin went into the service in 1862 and was made up of companies from all over the state. One, however, Company G, was from Grand Rapids and vicinity, and for this reason there are an unusual number from this regiment that still live here.

The 12th Wisconsin left Madison for the south on January 11, 1862, and returned to that city July 21, 1865, about three years and six months of almost steady labor in the field.

Some of the stories the old boys tell of their army life during the rebellion are quite humorous at this late day; their methods of securing an occasional square meal, or what to them at that time was a square meal; the descriptions of the condition of their clothes at certain times when the government was not able to furnish supplies as rapidly as they were needed, and the many makeshifts that were compelled to take the place of more substantial raiment until such a time as it could be secured.

These stories are all very funny now and nobody laughs more heartily nor reviews them with greater delight than the old soldier, but they were not so funny at that time. In fact, there were many times when it seemed as if another notch would make the hardship more than human being could bear, and many of the weaker ones did succumb and fall by the wayside, but through it all and after all these years there are enough of the old comrades so that they can meet together and have such a social time as only old soldiers are capable of.

The officers of the old 12th Wisconsin were Geo. E. Bryant of Madison, colonel; D. C. Poole of Madison, lieutenant colonel; Jas. R. Proudfoot, adjutant; W. E. Strong, major. The officers of Company G, which was organized at this place, were Daniel Howell, captain; Charles M. Webb, first lieutenant, and W. W. Bodkin, second lieutenant.

During the three years and six months the old 12th was in service the members did some hard marching. There were many long and hard marches for all regiments during the civil war, and each man naturally thinks that his company did more walking than any other one in the army, but in order to show just how much marching the 12th Wisconsin did, they have had a little folder compiled which shows all the movements of the regiment and how they were made. This table shows that the regiment traveled by foot 3,883 miles, by boat 2,935 miles, and by railroad 2,506 miles, making a total of 9,324 miles traveled during the time in service, and this was entirely exclusive of the daily small forages and duty about camp that if counted would more than quadruple the distance covered.

The old comrades of the 12th began to arrive on Monday morning and they continued to come until on Tuesday evening. During Tuesday the Woman's Relief Corps of this city served meals in the G. A. R. hall, where the veterans met and visited or put in the time as they preferred.

In the evening the veterans and their friends met at the opera house where a program was rendered and a very pleasant time spent. There were speeches, music and recitations, the first being music by the band, singing by the quartet, a recitation by J. T. Hayes of a piece of poetry which told of the good features of the Grand Army of the Republic. Then those present sang, "Tramp, Tramp, Tramp," being led by the quartet. H. P. Bird exhibited a map of the fortifications of Vicksburg, showing where the two armies had been entrenched, and also showing the position of the 12th Wisconsin. Then there was music by the quartet, after which H. W. Rood gave a short talk on the G. A. R. Memorial hall at Madison. B. F. Bryant also gave a lengthy talk on the war and subjects interesting to the veterans, after which there was a recitation by J. F. Hayes and music by the band, when the meeting adjourned.

The greater part of the veterans left on the early train on Wednesday morning to attend the state encampment at Stevens Point, those that remained over going the same afternoon or following morning. Following are the names of those that registered while in attendance here, with their residence and company:

J. A. Miles, L. M. Kelley, Baldwin Rathburn, C. W. Gulliford, D. G. Spicer, Ed Davis, Ed Buelow, Reedsburg, L. G. Carr, Fond du Lac, Company B; Elijah Blaisdell, Spring Valley, Company A; S. H. Snyder, Green Bay, Joseph W. Smith, N. L. Wakely, Nekoosa, W. H. Brown, M. S. Pratt, G. W. Baker, Grand Rapids, Wm. Dodger, John Feltis, Wausau, O. J. Lindquist, Rio, H. H. Atkinson, Spooner, W. C. Lauscher, Kewaunee, J. Bartlett, Britton, H. P. Bird, Wausau, Company G; Allen Jenkins, Grand Rapids, Byron Fairbanks, West Bend, Company D; E. M. Rodgers, Hartford, Staff; I. G. Swan, Winona, Minn., H. W. Rood, Madison, W. A. Vincent, Kilbourn, Edwin Robinson, Company E; A. H. DeGross, Nelson, David Brunette, Green Bay, G. R. Books, Marinette, Hollis Dartlow, Brookside, Levy O'Dell, Gales-

ville, Company F; Peter Krouse, Geo. W. Hayden, Green Bay, Wm. Rossier, LaCrosse, Jule Warren, Salona, Peter Peterson, Sawyer, H. C. Spaulding, Toway, Company H; Edgar Eno, Valley, John Bell, Marinette, Company I.

As Others Saw Us.

Among the delegates who attended the meeting of the Wisconsin League of Municipalities in this city was Charles G. Starks, proprietor of the Berlin Evening Journal. Mr. Starks seemed to possess no desire to "jolly" us, but in the write up of the trip he said, among other things:

Grand Rapids gave the officials a very warm reception and the way her streets were decorated with red, white and blue, electric lights, arches and flags would have done credit to a city four times as large.

Carriages were each day at the disposal of the guests for drives in and about the city with a chaperon to explain and extol each feature of the town. Their line band uniformed in dark green with gold trimmings, discoursed excellent music although the mayor said it was not equal to the new Ariel band; City Attorney Heaney rendered a verbal opinion to the same effect. The opera house where meetings were held was draped elaborately with bunting and beautifully electrically lighted.

Grand Rapids, now composed of the old town and Centralia consolidated, no doubt has a splendid future by reason of her splendid water power right in the city limits. The town has rather a poor looking business district, by reason of so many wooden roweries, but this will pass away in time. There are many magnificent residences owned by the wealthy men of the town. Water works are, this season, being built on the east side and a new high school to cost \$50,000. Four railroads pass through Grand Rapids, the Central and Northwestern coming in the past year. This has given the town quite a boom. She seems to have some very public spirited citizens and they are always alert to work out something of advantage to the city. They are now going to develop electric power from the water power and transmit it to any factory in the city at the extremely low price of five dollars per 100 horse power per day. This is to induce manufacturing enterprises. It's almost as cheap as natural gas and cannot fail to attract factories. At present the paper and pulp mills above and below the city are the chief manufacturing enterprises. There are some lumber industries but the cutting off of the supply of timber has greatly reduced lumber making, which was once the only industry.

The co-operative system of managing the telephones and the water and light is the scheme of Judge J. A. Gaylor. It is not municipal ownership but a private enterprise managed so that the patron gets service at actual cost, the company not caring to make any money. It is rare that men can be found who are satisfied to come out even—most of them, the world over, want a profit on their investments. This Grand Rapids idea is new, only five or six years old. It is to be hoped it will become a permanent success but it would seem to be somewhat doubtful.

Claire Stephens Case.

While in the banking business at Nekoosa, Claire Stephens received from S. L. Stevens, the owner of the building, a note for \$300. This note Claire gave to Mrs. Edward Klutz as part security on money borrowed of her. Mrs. Klutz sought to recover the amount, but Stevens set up as a counter claim the burning of his building. The case being ready for trial, A. H. Reid went down there last week and instead of having a fight prepared for him the note was paid. There were some legal questions involved also, but the fact that Stevens paid the note is good evidence that he has no proof whatever to sustain the charge of arson. This cleared up, there is nothing left but the alleged forged notes. These, Mr. Reid said, the district attorney who has them, will not prosecute, but will return them to the Chicago bank, and as the account there has been settled, the notes will be returned to Claire, and thus all outstanding evidence of guilt will have been removed, and he will be at perfect liberty to come forth again from hiding. That Claire acted indiscreet, no one doubts, but it is not thought that he originally intended to wrong anyone. It will likely prove a lesson he will not soon forget, or attempt to indulge in again.—Marinette Star.

Epworth Convention.

The thirteenth annual convention of the Appleton district of the Epworth League will be held in this city on Friday, Saturday and Sunday, June 27, 28 and 29.

It is expected that there will be fully one hundred delegates present and an interesting and instructive program has been prepared for the occasion.

The convention will open on Friday afternoon at four o'clock with a reception to delegates and visitors. On Friday evening Miss Florence Ben Ohel, a native of Palestine, will give an oriental entertainment, in which she will be assisted by thirty people dressed in oriental costume.

On Saturday evening Elijah P. Brown of Indianapolis, formerly editor of the Ram's Horn, will give a lecture entitled "The Spectacle Business." A full program of the entire convention will be published later, as at this writing the details are not all complete.

For Rent.

—The most convenient cottage on Green Lake furnished to accommodate 10 people. For particulars, address C. A. WHITING, Waupun, Wis.

WE WILL CELEBRATE

A GLORIOUS FOURTH INDEED.

Work has Already Commenced on the Necessary Preparations—Other Items of Interest.

A meeting was held on Thursday evening for the purpose of making arrangements for holding a Fourth of July celebration in this city and a good crowd of business men was in attendance and the decision to hold a celebration was unanimous with those present.

Messrs. Nash, Johnson, Arpin and Kruger were appointed a committee to interview the business men and solicit contributions, and Messrs. Corriveau and Sutor were appointed a committee on celebration to prepare and engage attractions for the day, and Mayor Wheelan will act as chairman.

It is proposed to make the celebration the grandest and most elaborate thing of the kind ever held in this city. There will be a balloon ascension, baseball game, tent show, athletic contests of all kinds, and all events will take place on the main streets except the baseball game, which will be held at the fair grounds.

The sum of \$120 was left over from the money raised for the purpose of entertaining the members of the Municipal league and it is proposed to raise \$380 additional, making in all \$500 for the day's fun.

Negotiations are also in progress with several gun clubs in this section and it is probable that a tournament will be arranged for that day. This alone would be an attractive feature for those who enjoy this sport.

In the forenoon there will be a parade, both industrial and humorous, one of the largest of the kind ever witnessed in this section, and it is probable that some of the other events will occur in the forenoon.

Additional information will be given as arrangements are completed and there is no reason why the city should not have one of the largest crowds ever seen here.

The day will end with a grand ball at the opera house given by the United Brotherhood of papermakers, to which a general invitation will be extended.

Camp Cloghorm Assembly.—The program for 1902, for this popular assembly which is held near Waupaca each summer, has been completed. It is a strong one and contains the names of such speakers and entertainers as, Dr. M. C. B. Mason of Cincinnati, Ohio, the noted colored orator; Hon. Frank Stewart Regan, the famous chalk talker; Hon. E. R. Hicks, Attorney General of Wisconsin; Hon. S. B. Chase of Pennsylvania; Col. John Sobieski; Prof. O. W. Blain; Chas. Laing Herald; R. C. Hughes; C. Marshall Lowe; Katherine Carroll Smith, reader; Mae E. Peterson, soprano; Helen Jane Waldo, contralto. The dates for the season are August 12th to 25th. Rates of a fare and a third have been granted on all railroads in Wisconsin in the Western Passenger Association. This is one of the most democratic assemblies in the state, charging no admission fee to the grounds and presenting a varied and instructive program.

A Serious Mistake.—Mrs. A. L. Gross made a mistake on Monday evening that might have proved serious had it not been for the fact that circumstances favored her. The mistake was that she took a quality of carbolic acid thinking that it was medicine, and what saved her life was probably the fact that she did not swallow much of the poison. She had been taking medicine, and went to where she supposed the medicine bottle was sitting and picked up the carbolic acid bottle. She had been in the habit of taking a small drink of the medicine without measuring it, and it happened that there was only a small amount of carbolic acid in the bottle, so that she only got a little bit. A physician was called at once, however, and outside of a burned mouth she will probably not suffer any inconvenience.

A New Dance.—The National Association of Dancing Masters is in session in Milwaukee this week, and it is said that these dancing masters intend to make popular a new dance which will be known as the five step. These dancing masters meet every year, and, according to their story, they set the pace. That is, if they say a new dance shall be popular, it is popular. This extraordinary ability exists, to a great extent, only in their own imagination, however. The only dance they have brought out for years that cut any swath is the two step, and that got so popular that it became a permanent thing, the same as the waltz, and although they have announced at several conventions that the two step was "going out," it failed to go, and if such a thing is possible, it has become more popular each season.

Farmers' Institutes.—Any farmer or public-spirited business man in Wisconsin who wishes to secure an institute for his locality during the winter season of 1902-1903 should send to Superintendent George McKerron of the state board of agriculture at Madison for a blank petition and letter of information. Any town, no matter how small or far from the railroad, is entitled to an institute, provided it is located in a farming district and has a good hall in which a meeting can be held.

Was Well Attended.—The excursion train which passed through here on Sunday contained nine coaches, all of them loaded to their full capacity, and about 800 people got off at Marshfield. Thirty-seven tickets were sold

at this place to people who wanted to spend the day at Marshfield. Neither the railroad officers nor the people at Marshfield had expected such an attendance, and as a consequence they had made little or no preparation for their entertainment.

Flag Day.—Department Commander A. H. DeGross has issued circulars to all G. A. R. Posts calling their attention to the fact that Saturday, June 14, is Flag day, and asking them to use their efforts to see that the day is properly observed. All who can do so are asked to display the American flag on that day, it being the anniversary of the birth of our flag.

Gun Club Scores.—The gun club held two blue rock events on Sunday with the following scores: First event, 25 birds—O. Gohke, 24; Scott, 21; Nash, 16; Mason, 17; John Gurdy, 13; W. Conway, 18; F. Mosher, 14; Church, 14; C. Gohke, 16; E. Taylor, 19. Second event, 25 birds—O. Gohke, 18; Scott, 21; Nash, 19; Mason, 18; Gurdy, 12; Conway, 16; F. Mosher, 22; A. Mosher, 14; C. Gohke, 17; E. Taylor, 17.

Attended Woodman Picnic.—Although the weather was most unfavorable nearly all day Thursday, a large number of people went down to Nekoosa to take in the annual picnic of the Modern Woodmen of America. Every train that went down carried a number, besides those that drove down during the afternoon. Most of them report a good time in spite of the rain.

Still In Business.—Some misunderstanding exists concerning the insurance business of Mrs. C. M. Fritzinger. While Mrs. Fritzinger has sold out her real estate business she still carries on the insurance business and is prepared to attend to all calls in this line. As she represents a large number of reliable companies there is no doubt of her success.

Verdict Was Suicide.—The coroners jury that held the inquest on the body of Albert Weisenborn brought in a verdict to the effect that the deceased had died from a bullet wound inflicted by his own hand. Their inquiry did not elicit any information as to what motive had caused the deceased to commit the deed.

A Good Show.—A large crowd greeted Richards & Pringle's minstrel show on Saturday evening and everybody seemed to be well pleased with the entertainment that was put up. There were several features of the entertainment that were really good, and everybody seemed to get a good laugh out of it.

Delivery Day. The Milwaukee Harvester company hold what they term a delivery day in this city on Saturday. On that day they will make delivery of as many of their machines as possible that have been sold.

Children's Day.—Children's day was observed at the M. E. church last Sunday, and in the evening a very pleasing program was rendered to a large congregation. The church was very prettily decorated for the occasion.

Lost A Bike. Geo. M. Hill lost a wheel one evening last week, somebody having removed it from the front porch. George would naturally be pleased to interview the miscreant for just a few minutes.

Baseball Sunday.—There will be a ball game at the fair grounds on Sunday afternoon between the Necedah and Grand Rapids teams. The boys promise a good game.

Unclaimed Letters.

West Side.

List of letters unclaimed in the west side postoffice, for the week ending June 9, 1902.

Barrett, C. (2)	Sewaske, Fred
Bruger, Herman	Blanchard, Lizzie
Hadik, Joseph	Forbes, Mrs. Mary
Mason, A. S.	Heltge, Mrs. Mary
Nearman, J. S.	

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say "advertised." R. A. McDONALD, Postmaster.

East Side.

Following is the list of unclaimed letters in the east side postoffice, for the week ending June 11, 1902:

Anderson, Andrew	Buenger, Mrs. W.
Huber, Henry	Conk, Mrs. Jennie
Proper, American House	Kault, Mrs. L. R.
Peterson, Wm. Care	Lawson, Mrs. Lida E.
Frank Kruger	Wilson, Mrs. Emma

Persons calling for the above please say "advertised." A. L. FORTAINE, Postmaster.

St. John's Church.

At the annual council of the Diocese of Fond du Lac, held June 3d and 4th, it was arranged by Bishop Weller that the Rev. Father Krohl should take charge of the work in Marshfield in connection with his work at Grand Rapids. He is to spend alternate Sundays at both places, having his residence at Grand Rapids. Circumstances have necessitated this temporary arrangement and we trust it won't be long before regular Sunday services will again be instituted. Father Krohl will be in Marshfield Sunday, June 15th, and in Grand Rapids the following Sunday.

Death of Robert Schlatterer.

Robert Schlatterer, the eight year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Schlatterer, died on Tuesday morning from pneumonia, after a sickness of about a week.

The funeral was held on Thursday from the Catholic church. The parents have the sympathy of the community in their loss.

—One big load of dry kindling wood delivered to any part of the city for \$1.25. BADGER BOX & LUMBER CO., Telephone No. 314.

MARRIED BUT NOT MATED

By "RITA."

CHAPTER XIII.—(Continued.)

He turned it over and over, marveling for whom it was intended. At last he broke the seal, meaning only to read the first line, as a clue to whom it was written. But it commenced without any form or preamble, and instinctively he read on.

"Something warns me that my time on earth is drawing to an end. You have broken my heart, and you know it. I am not my past shown me what mercy your race are alone capable of showing? And yet, as you know what I suffered at other hands, you at least might have spared me now. I am glad that death is approaching; it will be kinder than you have been, and as my secret dies with me, so also dies your power. Do not attempt to threaten my son as you have threatened me—do not for one instant flatter yourself that he will buy your silence, or preserve the secret of your power as I, his weak and most unhappy mother, have done. You have sown distrust and coldness between me and the only thing I loved. I cannot find it in my heart to forgive you, but I do say, heaven deal with you as no human law or human justice can. Sometimes I think I have been wrong to believe you—that I should have fought you on your own ground, or confessed the truth to one better able to deal with your cunning and your power. But it is too late now. I was weak enough to yield once, and that once was all you needed. If death releases me from your bargain, it will be kinder than any human friend can be. One thing more I must say, Ivor has forbidden your presence here. Do not, therefore, force yourself upon me. Remember that flesh and blood cannot always stand such tyranny as yours, and one day—even I—might be weak enough to repent and confess all. You best know how far such confession would serve your ends. Do not try my strength too severely. The check is included as usual, and, as usual, I must request the form of a receipt. The total is nearly reached now—at what cost you know as well as I myself." * * *

That was all. As Ivor Grant reached the last line his face turned ashy pale; yet even now he was as far as ever from solving the mystery that had placed his mother in the power of this man. He dropped the paper on the table, and his hand, as it rested on the margin of the drawer, involuntarily grasped the wood with a fierce, nervous pressure. As he did so, a faint "click" caught his ear. The wooden panel at the back of the drawer fell open suddenly, revealing an aperture containing some papers. He started to his feet; a cold sweat bathed his brow. Swift as thought his hands seized the documents and dragged them from their hiding place.

One by one he opened and read them. One by one they brought to him at last the revelation of that secret to which he would have given any history, any name, save this. This—What was it that flamed and burnt before his eyes—a truth too plain, too terrible for doubt—a truth that framed itself into one bitter word, and so faced him there in very mockery of that dead woman's love, and weakness. Ay, and worse—dishonor, beggary, ruin, a lasting shame, a lost inheritance—a very earthquake of desolation that in one second of time blasted and laid low his whole life.

The papers fell from his nerveless hand—fell one by one like the hopes they had slain, the memories they had poisoned. One great fearless sob heaved his chest; he sank slowly down, and his head fell forward on his arms. There was a great silence in the room—a silence as of death.

For it was worse than any death blow that had struck Ivor Grant down now to the very dust of agony and shame; and he met it without a moan, without a word of reproach against the woman whose hand had dealt it—blindly, ignorantly, perchance, but only too surely and fatally for all that.

CHAPTER XIV.

Dusk and somber fall the shadows in the little church yard beyond the Rectory. A woman is standing beside a mound of newly turned earth, gazing down on it with white and sorrowful face. Her eyes turn from thence to the gables and towers of the Court, where they catch the dying glow of the reddened sky.

"How lonely he must be!" she says to herself. "How lonely!"

The tears are on her lashes still, as a footstep echoes on the gravel walk behind. They are there as she turns around and confronts the intruder on her solitude.

"Why—Tom?" she says, surprised.

A hand goes up to touch a cap. A bright, honest face looks up to hers in undisguised delight.

"Thank you, ma'am—yes, ma'am, it's me," he answers, as if she might be in doubt on the subject. "I've just bin to speak to the sexton, ma'am, as Sir Ivor ordered. Your pardon, ma'am, are you gain' up to the Court to see my master?"

A flood of scarlet rushes over the white face.

"I—oh, no," she answers, hurriedly.

"I thought as how you might," the lad says, sinking his voice to lower tones, as a troubled look comes over his face. "I wish someone would see him—some-one as could do him good or cheer him. He's so changed, ma'am."

"He is in great grief," remarks, faintly, longing—oh, how wildly and vainly—that it were not so wrong and so impossible to follow the lad's simple wish, that only for one moment she might touch the hand and look on the face of this man who is so dear to her.

"Changed?" echoes Tom. "Ay, he is so changed, but it ain't that I mean. Somethin's come to him worse than any grief, though he did grieve sorely for his mother, poor lady! But 'tis two days ago that the new trouble came. Oh, ma'am, he cries, coming a step nearer, and speaking yet more earnestly in his great dread, 'you and he were good friends, I know. Can't you do nothing for him? I don't know what to make of it. 'Tain't only a couple of days ago he said he was go-

"I can't understand," she says, brokenly. "It isn't true. You—of all men!"

"Even I—of all men!" he echoes. "Times are changed since I was the life for whom you hoped with the title of 'My Lord Convent!'"

"Don't!" she cries, her words cutting sharp and still across the still night air. "For heaven's sake spare me such memories. What do you mean? What is this mystery. I—I can't understand it."

"It is very simple," he said. "My mother told me nothing of her early life, but at her death I discovered that my father was not her first husband. As a girl of 16, she fell in love, or married, if you will, with a man who appealed to her romantic youth with a story of loneliness, chivalry, adverse fortune—heaven knows what. He really was an Italian who taught singing at the school. She died with him and they were married. She was most unhappy. Two years later he deserted her. The story was hushed up by her parents. No one knew of it. So after came news of this man's death. He had been wrecked while crossing in a schooner from Naples. The news was in all the Italian journals, and her father took all possible precautions to have it verified. About that time she met my father, Sir Ivor's younger brother. He fell madly in love with her, and her parents were eager for her acceptance of him. This time all was prosperous, clear, satisfactory. They were married at the English embassy in Rome. A year after I was born. We came over to England and lived at the Court. My father died when I was still a child, and our home was here, as you know."

He paused. She looked up at the weariness and suffering in his face, and marveled what had yet to come.

"How or when she discovered that she had been deceived I cannot tell," he went on. "But she did discover it, and determined to keep her secret, and bring me up in ignorance of the fact that I was a usurper here. Someone—a spy, who makes it his business to trade on family misfortunes—found out that, instead of dying when it was supposed, her first husband escaped from the wreck, took arms under Victor Emmanuel, and was shot in battle two years later. Consequently her marriage with my father was illegal. You don't need me to say more, Beryl, do you?"

His voice sounded choked. So bitter it was to him to put his shame into words for her for the one woman in whose sight he would have stood in honor.

Her hands went out to clasp his own. In this moment she remembered nothing save that he was in trouble, and she so longed to comfort him.

(To be continued.)

DESERT ANIMALS.

Sandy Wastes Where Reptiles and Quadrupeds Thrive.

There are cold deserts and hot deserts but it is in the latter that the presence and continuance of animal life are the more remarkable. There are almost no places, however hot the sun or waterless the sand, where some life does not exist, often of an unexpected kind. The Afghan delimitation commission found that a horrible sandy desert which had to be crossed to reach the boundary swarmed with large snakes; and the waterless plains of Arizona abound in reptiles and insects, says the London Spectator.

Probably the least-known desert in the world is the Great Sahara, because the oases in its center are occupied by intensely hostile and warlike tribes, whose hatred of the French is a kind of delirium. But on its northern fringe two animals are found which seem specially adapted for life in this forbidden land. They are the addax antelope and Loder's gazelle. The addax is an ugly, awkward-looking animal, with spiral horns, and very wide-spread hoofs which enable it to go at a great pace over the sand. It may know of its existence, and was naturally interested in it, for as South Africa was as yet unvisited, this was one of the few species of antelope known to the ancients. It was not rediscovered till Ruppell found it near Dongola. As it is rather a large antelope, it requires a considerable amount of food, and the difficulty which suggested itself was to discover where it found this food.

It is now fairly certain that the addax follows the rains which fall at certain seasons, and probably travels vast distances in the wake of the seasonal storms. The immense area of desert in northern Africa makes this possible, though without special knowledge of the meteorology of that part of the continent it would be unsafe to assert that there is always rain going on in some part of the desert fringe. How the addax supports itself in these absolutely dry intervals is not known. Gazelles are mainly desert animals, but Loder's gazelle seems to have rather more than the family leaning toward the lands of thirst and sand. Another gazelle differing very little from it is quite common on the edge of the desert; but this creature never came near the fringe of civilization, and it was not till a special expedition was organized that any trustworthy tidings were obtained of it. When at last it was found it was in a place not absolutely waterless, for there was a well, the sides of which were made of woven half-gazelles, somewhere in the neighborhood; but this water was quite inaccessible to the gazelles, and the desert all round was long billows of rolling wind-blown sand.

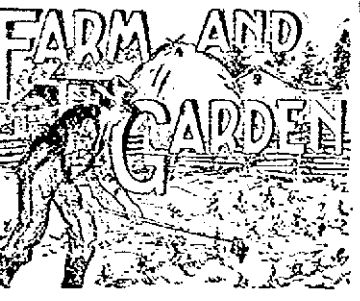
Rifle for British Cavalry.

The British cavalry soldier is to carry a rifle in place of a carbine. The butt of the rifle will rest in a leather socket fastened to the saddle, just behind the trooper, and will stand upright, the muzzle being attached to the left shoulder by a sling.

Bromedary Race in Algeria.

A bromedary race between Biskra and Tagarta, Algeria, is being organized. The distance to be covered is 140 miles.

In Japanese shipyards eight vessels are being built for San Francisco and Seattle lines.



Treating Rot in Peaches.

The brown rot of peaches is generally familiar to growers of this fruit, but many are careless in ridding their orchards of the pest, probably because they do not appreciate the damage the fungous growth does. The illustration fairly shows how the mummified peaches look when attacked with this disease. Not only is the fruit attacked by this disease, but the twigs are also affected, and the growth is much more formidable during a damp growing season than a dry one.

It seems unnecessary to say that much of the trouble from this difficulty could be avoided; that is, the disease might be checked, if these mummified specimens were picked from the trees before the buds appear in the spring.

As with most fungous diseases of fruit trees, this brown rot may be largely overcome by spraying. It would occupy too much space to go into the de-



MUMMIFIED PEACHES.

tails of this disease here and tell how to combat it, hence the reader, if a peach-grower, wherever located, is advised to send a request to the director of the Georgia Experiment Station, located at Experiment Station Postoffice, Ga. If not a resident of Georgia, send a 2-cent stamp for the bulletin and ask for Bulletin No. 50.

Repeated Trials of Crops.

Every farmer who has tried the plan knows that he frequently fails to get a satisfactory crop of some grain or vegetable, and does not always succeed in getting a stand of the crops sown for stock. This is often the case with crimson clover, and sometimes with the cow pea and with alfalfa.

Several recent communications from correspondents who have adopted the suggestion offered in this column regarding alfalfa state that they tried the plan, but did not get a satisfactory stand, and hence would give it up. This is wrong, as the writer can testify, for on several occasions he has failed to get a satisfactory stand without any apparent cause for the failure except in one instance, when the seed was poor.

On the other hand, other sowings have brought good stands, and additional trials on the same land where previous failures had been made resulted in success. If tests on small plots show that certain crops can be grown on the farm, one ought not to be discouraged at a single failure, especially with such a crop as alfalfa, which promises so much to the American farmer.

Milking in Australia.

In Australia they have a novel way of milking in some of the large dairies, which precludes the access of dirt and filth to the milk pail while milking. It is a milking glove or tube. The valve is over the teat and is connected with a long narrow tube which leads to a covered pail. The orifices in the lid of the pail are just large enough to admit the tubes into the pail and are not attached to them. The plan seems to be the most feasible of any of the devices for the purpose of excluding foreign substances from the milk pail. It is very important that all deleterious substances be kept from the milk pail in any way that can be employed consistent with economy.

Price of Binder Twine.

Binder twine is higher this year than for the past twelve years, with the exception of 1898. Wholesale prices are about one-third higher at the present time than a year ago, and there has not been a time for years past when twine was as scarce in the Chicago market. If the harvest should be light or if the growth of straw is not heavy, there will probably be no material advance over present prices and the supply of twine will be ample. If, however, we should have reasonable rains throughout the country, resulting in a rank growth of straw, there is likely to be a twine famine, for the simple reason that there is not twine enough in the country to bind a heavy harvest.

—Farm, Field and Fireside.

To Destroy Potato Bugs.

Hand-picking of potato bugs is a slow process, and if the spot is a large one many of the plants will be in-

jured by the beetles before the work is finished. On the appearance of the pests go over the plot and spray with Paris green, which destroys them quicker than by any other method. Delay in so doing, even for a day, may result in the vines being so seriously injured as to render it impossible for them to recover their vitality, the yield of the crop being consequently reduced to a certain extent.

Utilize Waste Places.

Fence corners and waste places may be utilized for the purpose of planting shade trees for windbreaks, or even fruit trees. Where these places have grown up with large weeds or brush a simple plan for ridding them up is to feed animals their fodder during the winter in these vicinities. In sloughs where ordinary crops will not thrive willows may be planted, as these will furnish a large amount of wood after a few years. When land was worth \$5 and \$10 an acre a little waste around fence corners was of small significance, but now that land has risen to \$50 and \$100 per acre one cannot afford to give up the use of four or five acres of land on every quarter section. One writer in Iowa Homestead, estimates the amount of waste land due to fences in a State like Iowa to be 222,000 acres. This, it is claimed, might be made to produce profitable crops.

Bloating Cows.

There is always more or less complaint regarding the bloating of cows during the first weeks after they have been turned out to pasture. Doubtless a part of the trouble is due to the animal, long deprived of green food, overloading her stomach and at the same time drinking copiously of water.

Often times, however, the trouble is either due to improper feeding or else the animal has an attack of indigestion. In either case the remedy is in an entire change of diet, involving any food that is not of the best quality and confining the grain ration to such as are of easy digestion.

The quality of the water drunk by the animal should be looked into carefully and particularly if the water is from a stream in the pasture. If there is the slightest doubt about the quality of the water, the source of supply should be changed.

Grain and Dairy Farming.

An important difference between dairy farming and grain farming is the amount of the farm that is sold with the product that is of the fertility of the farm. The man who sells a ton of wheat sells in it about \$7 worth of fertilizing elements, and if he does not buy something to replace them his farm is so much poorer. The dairyman who sells a ton of butter has sold but 50 cents' worth of fertilizing material, and if he is a good dairyman, he has probably added much more than that, or twenty times that to the value of the farm in the bran, oil meal, cotton seed, or other food that he purchased while feeding his cows for making that ton of butter. It is in this way that the dairyman's farm is continually growing more productive, and if he does not make much from his dairy, he should from the crops that he can grow on his much enriched soil.

—American Cultivator.

Dairy Notes.

See that each cow eats her food clean.

Cows fed on rich food make rich manure.

Better five cows on full feed than ten on scant rations.

Try an increase in rations before condemning a cow.

Skill in feeding will make a vast difference in the profits.

If butter is overworked it will show an oily or greasy look.

Do not let the cream get thick sour; churn when slightly acid.

A good separator does wonderfully close skimming if intelligently handled.

One essential to success in dairying is a cow fitted for a special purpose.

Fall and winter calves will make fully as good dairy cows as spring calves.

Rich food will make rich milk and rich milk will make the most cream and butter.

In dairying especially, economy of land means the fewest acres and the most cows.

One of the best ways to judge a cow's worth is to milk her; the result will usually be more satisfactory.

Much of the butter made on the farm loses much of its value before reaching market by improper handling.

If you are after a good dairy cow, it is not desirable to lay too much stress on having a good beef animal too.

There is no complicated work about making salted butter, if one will only follow the right principles in the art.

A pound of butter can be produced so as to give a better profit than a quart of milk, if proper management is given.

A thorough washing with a warm, weak solution of soda, followed by a hot water bath, will effectively clean metal milk vessels.

During the summer considerable care must be exercised, as the cream being a little too warm or a trifle too acid will injure the quality of the butter.

It is often found that the animal giving the most milk is not the one that gives the most butter fat. A smaller yield of milk with a higher per cent of butter fat may make the cow the real leader of the herd.

It is often that the color of the butter is injured to a more or less extent by too much working. The force applied breaks the globules and exposes the hard, white stearine and margarine in their centers, which is on their outer parts when they are whole.



Benzine to Prevent Moths.

Upholstered furniture may be protected from the ravages of moths by spraying two or three times during the summer with naphtha or benzine. If you have no regular sprayer, take a small watering pot, such as is used for sprinkling house plants, and sprinkle in April, June and August. These materials will not harm the most delicate fabrics, and the unpleasant odor soon passes off, if the article is placed in the air. Care must be taken not to carry on this work near the fire or by gaslight on account of the inflammability of the agents employed.

Tough Onions.

Tough onions cut in half-inch transverse slices and cooked soft in salted water are as nice as tender onions. Boiled onions served with a cream sauce are more easily digested and more delicious than when served with drawn butter. To a pint of boiled, seasoned onions, add one point of cream, or equal parts of cream and milk, and a rounded tablespoonful of butter, all brought to the scalding point and poured over the hot onions. A cheese-cloth vegetable bag (kept for this purpose only) is a great convenience in boiling onions and prevents waste.

Prune Jelly.

Soak one pound of prunes in one quart of water three hours, drain them and strain the water in which they have been soaked, to which add one pound of sugar; put on stove and let come to boil; now add prunes which have had the stones removed and been picked up into small pieces, and boil for about fifteen minutes; stir into the boiling prunes one-half box of gelatin, which has been soaked in a little cold water; add the juice of one lemon and pour into a mold; set away to harden and serve with whipped cream.

Soup of Green Peas.

Put one quart of green peas over the fire in three quarts of boiling water with three French carrots, a small turnip cut into dice and a small white onion chopped; cover tightly and let the vegetables cook until tender; rub two ounces of butter with a small tablespoonful of flour, add a little of the soup to this to thin it, and then stir all together, add an even tablespoonful of finely minced parsley, an even teaspoonful of sugar, and salt and pepper to taste; let it come to a boil and then serve.

Stewed Cat's Liver.

Wash and cut a cat's liver in slices. Into a deep saucepan put one turnip, one carrot, one stalk of celery and one onion (all sliced); lay the liver on top of the vegetables, sprinkle salt and pepper over all and pour on a pint of boiling water; cover and let stew until the liver is tender. When done take out the liver and put it on a hot platter; strain the gravy and thicken with one tablespoonful of butter and one of browned flour; stir, and when it boils take from the fire and pour over the meat.

Chicken with Pea Sauce.

Put a young chicken as for fricassee, and place it in a baking-pan. Cover with a pint of stock; season with salt and pepper and a tablespoonful of chopped parsley; cover with another pan, and let it cook for half an hour. After it has been in the oven about fifteen minutes add to the gravy one can of French peas. When the chicken is cooked take it out and lay on a hot platter. Strain the gravy and peas through a sieve and pour over the chicken.

Pineapple Compote.

Shred one pared pineapple into small pieces, and pour over it a syrup made of two cupfuls of water. Let this simmer until it is clear, and add the juice of half a lemon and one orange. Pour the compote over sponge cake, sweeping out the center of the cake to hold the fruit, and place whipped cream on top just before serving.

Cocoanut Cookies.

One cupful of butter, two cupfuls of sugar, two cupfuls of grated or prepared cocoanut, two eggs, flour enough to make a stiff batter, and teaspoonful of soda; drop on buttered papers in pans.

Brief Hints.

Use a penny to remove paint stains from glass.

To renovate faded plush sponge it lightly with chloroform.

Onions are great absorbents. They should not be left out for any length of time and then used.

Good macaroni is of a yellowish tint, does not break readily in cooking, and swells to three or four times its bulk.

Cheese standards, served with thin bread-and-butter sandwiches, are often given as a separate course before dessert.

A simple and very efficient disinfectant to pour down a sink is a small quantity of charcoal mixed with clear water.

Silk handkerchiefs and ribbons should be washed in salt and water and freed with it to obtain the best results.

Warm bread and cake should be cut with a knife, the blade of which has been heated by standing it in boiling water.

Linseed oil is better than anything else for removing rust from stovepipe. Rub the pipe thoroughly with the oil (a little goes a great ways), and build a slow fire until it is dry.

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months.....75

Grand Rapids, Wis., June 14, 1902.

ATTENDED THE CONVENTION

W. C. T. U. Delegates Report a Successful Meeting.

Mrs. Mary C. Upham and J. H. Price, who were delegates to the state convention of the W. C. T. U. at Milwaukee last week, returned home on Friday afternoon and report a large attendance and most enthusiastic meetings, nearly three hundred delegates being present from different parts of the state.

The meetings of the association were held in the Grand Avenue M. E. church, which had been appropriately decorated with tri-colored bunting and temperance banners, and there were present representative women from all parts of Wisconsin and adjoining states. During the evening the large audience was escorted to seats by young ladies dressed in white and wearing the colors of the union.

Mrs. Mary C. Upham of Marshfield, state president for Wisconsin, presided at the meetings. After the opening prayer by Dr. John and a fine solo by Miss Carrie Donaldson, both of Milwaukee, five minute addresses of welcome were given by representatives of the several allied interests of the city.

The Rev. J. E. Jones welcomed the convention in behalf of the churches. President Charles McKenny of the Milwaukee Normal in behalf of the schools, Miss Sarah Kirk for the Young Woman's Christian association, Mrs. A. B. Ellsworth in behalf of the Milwaukee women's clubs and college endowment association, the Rev. C. P. Madsen for Grand Avenue church and Mrs. Emma Braceman for the Milwaukee Federated unions.

Responses were given by Mrs. Prill of Sparta, Mrs. Edith Davis of Appleton, Mrs. Rose Tabor of Madison, Mrs. S. C. Henderson of Green Bay, Mrs. Mary Wait of Stoughton and Mrs. Maud M. Sanders of Racine. The concluding response was made by Mrs. Upham.

The report of the secretary, Mrs. G. I. Follette, showed a membership of four thousand, with an addition of seven hundred the past year. The state organization is now entitled to nine delegates instead of seven to the national body.

Mrs. Mary C. Upham, state president, has served four years and was re-elected. In her report she said she found much encouragement in the retrospect of the work of the union and noted the interest shown in its endeavors by the press and the railroads. She said that as a result of the enforcement of an order by the Union Pacific Railroad company forbidding employees to frequent saloons had caused twenty-five saloons in Cheyenne to be closed in the past year.

She pointed to the scientific instruction now given in schools regarding the effects of alcohol on the human system as an evidence that the union was doing good educational work. She spoke of the good done in all the department work carried on by the union, and especially spoke of the duty incumbent on women to take up temperance work and urged a good attendance at mothers' meetings.

Many encouraging papers were read and some fine addresses given. Miss Belle Kearney of Flora, Miss, one of the best lady speakers in the northwest, lectured Wednesday evening. The meeting closed Thursday evening with a reception in the church parlors.

In connection with the above it might be in order to mention that the Grand Rapids branch of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union is in a flourishing condition. There are now over eighty enthusiastic members and the number is increasing rapidly, although the union has only been organized about six months, and the members naturally feel greatly encouraged over the outlook.

How to Avoid Trouble.

Now is the time to provide yourself and family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed before the summer is over, and if procured now may save you a trip to town in the night or in your busiest season. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful medicine in use for bowel complaints, both for children and adults. No family can afford to be without it. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood County Drug Co.

Ordered Out of Town.

The Wausan Central-Wisconsin has the following to say with reference to the doctors who made their headquarters at the Dixon House in this city for several weeks where it is said they "coined" money: "Drs. Prentiss & Prentiss, who have been doing business in this city for the past six or seven weeks, and who laid great claim to being able to cure all ills to which the flesh of humanity is heir, have decided to pack their tents and move to new quarters. This sudden desire on their part for change of scene, being due very largely to the efforts of District Attorney Genrich, who recently became convinced that they were graduates of no school of medicine of osteopathy as they have claimed, that they had never received a license from the state board, and that they were practicing contrary to law. When notified to move they expressed a willingness to do so, claiming that they had done very little business here, but later on reconsidered this determination and put up a bluff to the effect that they would fight the matter, but on learning that the district attorney had not informed them fully of all he had in store for them, they again reconsidered and determined to move at once."

—John Dengler's Capital for 5 cents is a gentleman's smoke.

TEACHERS FOR NEXT YEAR.

The List as far as They Have Been Engaged Now.

A number of teachers in the public schools have been hired at this writing, although there are still a number of vacancies existing. The list, so far as completed, is as follows:

H. S. Youker, superintendent.
Howe High School—Kate McKecher, principal; Homer Dopp, Mary Brahan, assistants; A. E. Falch, Antoinette Fogman, Celia Emmons, grades.

East Side Ward—Stanford Conant, principal; Hannah McGrath, Mattie Larkin, grades.

West Side Ward—Elide Marceau, Carolyn Briere, Laura Duggan, grades.

West Side High—W. S. Oswald, principal; Miss Andrews, Rebecca Shapiro, assistants; Miss Upham, Anna McMillan, Eleanor Phillips, grades.

Art—Claire M. Wilson. Music—Laura Reeves. Misses Reeves and Wilson will also combine to teach a primary department.

Kindergarten—Elizabeth Hughes, principal; Mathilde Bunge, Ethel Kelley, Belle Thorn, assistants.

South Side School—Miss Griffith.

Miss Jefferson has also been engaged to teach the ensuing year, but as she taught in the old Congregational church building last year, and this will not be available the coming year it is not known where she will be assigned. There are only three or four places that now remain open.

PURE FOOD LAWS ENFORCED.

More Grocers Fined for Selling Alum Baking Powders.

The St. Louis papers report several more grocers brought to trial upon the charge of selling baking powder containing alum in violation of the law. The parties were all convicted and each fined \$100.

Several baking powders which have been found by analysis to contain alum have been offered in this market. They are called CALUMET, I. C. BROWN, POCAHONTAS, DEFENSE.

In many places similar powders, under these or other names, are offered for sale at from ten to twenty cents a pound.

Good baking powder is one of the most useful things in the kitchen. There are several good powders on the market; housekeepers will help the authorities in their efforts to promote the sale of pure and wholesome food, it when buying baking powder they will insist upon having some one of the well known brands of cream of tartar baking powders, which are pure and healthful beyond a doubt.

The Farmers of the Future.

Shall the boys stick to the farm is the question which every farmer must ask himself at one time or another, says the American Agriculturist. Unfortunately it has been too frequently answered in the negative, and the boy has been trained to view farm life as drudgery and to look upon the gill and tinsel of the city as something to be greatly desired. For generations the best blood of the country has been given to the city, and the farming community deprived of its strongest, brainiest boys. The small farm and limited capital have not offered opportunities for the ambitious boy who is destined to handle a large business and thousands of dollars annually. But the great majority of boys, boys who have good sense and moderate ambitions, who would find a modern farm as great as their capacity to manage, have also left the country to seek work in the cities, where they can earn only meager salaries and lay nothing aside for a rainy day or old age.

With the methods which our fathers and grandfathers pursued, the farm does not yield a fair return of profit for capital and labor invested. In every other line of business the most successful men are not those who follow in the footsteps of their predecessors and competitors, but those who blaze a new path, who adopt new and improved methods and devices. In short, those who make the greatest use of brains and common sense. Yet in few lines of business is the percent of profit so great as in modern advanced farming—it is the small profit on the vast output that brings such large amounts of gain. Were the same energy, push and brains put into the management of a farm, a good income and comfortable living could be obtained. The successful farmer of the future must needs to be an educated one. That a boy of average ability can make a good thing of farming is plainly shown by the testimony of several agricultural college men. As one of them truly remarks, interest, energy and push are necessary to success. The future farmer will find that the best investment he can make is to secure a good education and training in advanced agriculture.

Read It in His Newspaper.

George Schaub, a well known German citizen of New Lebanon, Ohio, is a constant reader of the Dayton Volkszeitung. He knows that this paper aims to advertise only the best in its columns, and when he saw Chamberlain's Pain Balm advertised therein for lame back, he did not hesitate in buying a bottle of it for his wife, who for eight weeks had suffered with the most terrible pains in her back and could get no relief. He says: "After using the Pain Balm for a few days my wife said to me, 'I feel as though born anew,' and before using the entire contents of the bottle the unbearable pains had entirely vanished and she could again take up her household duties." He is very thankful and hopes that all suffering likewise will hear of her wonderful recovery. This valuable liniment is for sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood Co. Drug Co.

Fourth of July Rates—Via Wisconsin Central, July 3rd and 4th the Wisconsin Central will sell round trip excursion tickets to points within 50 miles of Grand Rapids at one and one-third fare, good to return July 7th inclusive.

July 28th Minneapolis and Return.—July 28th and 29th the Wisconsin Central will sell round trip excursion tickets to Minneapolis and return at 27.5c, and count National Educational association, good to return July 31st inclusive. By paying 20c more tickets can be made good until Oct. 1st. Only one program can be had by calling at ticket office.

RULES FOR TROUT FISHERMEN

Must Not Trespass on Forbidden Bank, but May Use Boat.

Fishermen may not fish on the banks of trout streams without the permission of the owners of the land, even though the streams be stocked with fish from the state hatcheries. This was set forth in an opinion by Attorney General Hicks last week in answer to an inquiry by W. G. Race of Oconomowoc. In his opinion he says: "The right of fishing in navigable waters is common to all and accessible so far as it can be done without trespass on the banks thereof, whether the person be at the time navigating the stream in a boat or otherwise floating upon the surface of the water, or traveling upon the bed in the shallows or elsewhere in any manner between the lines of ordinary high water mark. The riparian owner has absolute right to the control of the land up to high water mark on the bank of the stream and may keep therefrom any persons who wish to come on for the purpose of fishing from the land and persons going upon such land contrary to the riparian owner's request are guilty of trespass. It makes no difference that the state has stocked the stream with fish; that does not give any person a right to take or impair nor qualify the ownership of the riparian to the adjoining land without just compensation therefor."

Virulent Cancer Cured.

Startling proof of a wonderful advance in medicine is given by druggist G. W. Roberts of Elizabeth, W. Va. An old man there had long suffered with what good doctors pronounced incurable cancer. They believed his case hopeless till he used Electric Bitters and applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which treatment completely cured him. When Electric Bitters are used to expel bilious, kidney and microbe poisons at the same time this salve exerts its matchless healing power, blood diseases, skin eruptions, ulcers and sores vanish. Bitters 50c, Salve 25c at John E. Daly's.

Business Locals.

—Dr. F. S. Brace, Dentist. Office over Corriveau & Garrison's store, west side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

—Dr. W. D. Harvie, office over Johnson & Hill Co.'s store. Specialty of eye, ear, nose and throat.

—Dr. J. J. Looze Grand Rapids, office over Wood County Drug store, telephone No. 62. Residence telephone No. 246.

—Dr. A. L. Ridgman, Centralia. Office over Centralia Drug Store. Telephone No. 92. Telephone at residence, No. 23.

—F. Pomainville, M. D. Office in rear of Steib's drug store. Telephone at office, No. 35; residence, Centralia, No. 248.

—Dr. D. Waters, physician and surgeon. Office over Church's drug store, telephone 182. Night calls at Dixon House, telephone 55.

—Dr. Chas. Pomainville, Dentist. Office over J. A. Cohen's store, Grand Rapids, Wis. Telephone 216.

—For fine dental work, go to Dr. D. A. Telfer, office over Wood County National Bank, Grand Rapids.

—Dr. F. D. Humphrey, homeopathic physician and surgeon, office over "White Front." Special attention given to women and children and all chronic diseases.

—A. B. Crawford, Dentist. Office in Reiland building, Grand Rapids. High grade service at reasonable fees.

—M. A. Dogger, funeral director and embalmer. Telephone number 348, residence 291. Calls attended day or night.

(First Publication 6-7-01)

Notice of Application.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

STATE OF WISCONSIN } ss
WOOD COUNTY }

In the matter of the last Will and Testament of Stephen Jeffrey, deceased. Whereas, An instrument, in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Stephen Jeffrey, deceased, late of the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin has been filed in this office; And whereas, Application has been made by John Jeffrey, praying that the same be proven and admitted to probate, according to the laws of this state, and that letters testamentary be granted thereon according to law; It is Ordered, That said application be heard before me at the probate office, in the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, on the 16th day of July, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

And it is Further Ordered, That notice of time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested, by publishing the same in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to said hearing. Dated June 14th, 1902.

By the Court, W. J. CONWAY, County Judge

(First Publication 4-25-02)

Claims of Creditors.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Jere D. Witter, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said Jere D. Witter, deceased, having been granted and issued to Emily L. Witter, Isaac P. Witter and Ruth E. Witter, on the 2nd day of April, 1902. It is now at this special term of this court, ordered, that all creditors of said Jere D. Witter, deceased, do present their claims for examination and allowance to this court on or before the 4th day of November, 1902, when time is hereby allowed and limited for that purpose.

Ordered Further, that the claims and demands of all persons against said deceased be presented to, received, examined and adjusted by this court at the regular November term thereof to be held at the probate office in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, on the 1st Tuesday, being the 4th day of November, 1902, and the second Tuesday being the 11th day of November, 1902.

And it is further ordered, That notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands shall be received, examined and adjusted as aforesaid and of the time limited for creditors to present their claims, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice for four consecutive weeks in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a weekly newspaper published at the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, the first publication to be within 15 days from the date of the order.

Dated April 22, 1902. W. J. CONWAY, County Judge.

(First Publication 4-25-02)

State of Wisconsin—Wood County—In Circuit Court.

Viola Pers, vs. Plaintiff,)
Joseph Pers,) Defendants)

The State of Wisconsin to the said defendant: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

W. J. CONWAY, Plaintiff's Atty.
P. O. address, Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wis.

JUNE SALE

At Heineman Mercantile Co's FOR THREE DAYS

Monday 16 | Tuesday 17 | Wed. 18

Our success on Summer Goods so far has been phenomenal, but we have a few very desirable things left which we propose to MOVE in order to close out Every Yard of Wash Goods early and give you the benefit of a fall season's wear. We are not going to think of profits, we will give you the benefit of our loss. Just notice the prices below, they should certainly interest every one. Come early and get your choice as there will certainly be a great scramble for the best things.

Several pieces of Scotch Lawn, 6c value, sale price.....4c

Several pieces of Batiste 27 in. wide, 7c values, sale price.....5c

Several pieces of Plaza Batiste 27 in. wide, 10c values, sale price.....6c

Several pieces of Organdies 30 in. wide, 15c values, sale price.....10c

Several pieces of Dimities 15 and 18c values, choice in the lot for.....12½c

Several pieces of Dotted Swiss in stripes and figures, handsome designs....12½c

Several pieces of fancy figured and striped Dimities 12½ to 15c, sale price....10c

Several pieces of beautiful line Silk Tissue former price 42c, now going....35c

Plain figure Kasheens' or Alexandria Silks, 35c and 25c grade.....23 and 20c

A handsome line of Challies, your choice per yard.....5c

One of the principal attractions during the sale will be our Remnant Counter, this will be filled with remnants of everything and if you miss this you miss a chance of your life. One thing in this remnant line I wish to mention is several hundred yards of 414 Bleached Sheeting in lengths from 1 yd to 6 or 8 yards, mill run. These goods we don't cut and you buy As Arc. They are goods usually sold for 7 to 10c, this sale we make a price of 5c per yard right through.

During this sale we offer you for 48c per yard your choice in our Wash Silks which have been selling for 50, 60, 65, and 70c.

While in see our new line of Rich's SHOES just put in. We show you a handsome Patent Kid shoe, neat kid top for \$3.50.

Also show a fine line of Oxfords and Slippers, Vici Kid, Oxford Elastic instep, stock tip, a beauty for \$2.

A fine Oxford Lace, fine dongola stock, stock tip, splendid value.....\$1.35.

A fine flexible sole Kid Slipper, one strap on instep, we offer for.....\$1.50.

Don't Forget the Days of Sale

MONDAY 16, TUESDAY 17, WEDNESDAY 18.

Attend the Sale and get ready for the 4th of July.

Heineman Mercantile Company.

I. Baruch, resident Mgr.

Mrs. Hamm's old stand, east side

Expert Paper Hanger and Decorator.

Exterior and Interior Painting.
F. M. RYDER,

Agent for the Chicago and Pittsburg
Wall Paper Company.

Beautiful samples of wall paper in all the latest designs can be seen at L. Kromer & Son's fruit store where orders can be left. Telephone 124. All work guaranteed first class.

A. S. ROBINSON, Carpenter and Millwright.

Silo Building a Specialty.

All work guaranteed. Orders left for me at J. F. Moore's will receive prompt attention. Correspondence Solicited.

WOOD CO. NATIONAL BANK.

Grand Rapids, Wis.

CAPITAL \$50,000. SURPLUS \$23,000.

F. GARRISON, President,
L. M. ALEXANDER, Vice Pres.
F. J. WOOD, Cashier
COMMENCED BUSINESS
NOVEMBER 1, 1891.

DIRECTORS:
F. GARRISON
L. M. ALEXANDER
THOS. E. NASH
E. ROENUS
F. J. WOOD

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent.

All business connected with banking is earnestly solicited, and we promise prompt and careful attention to every detail. Interest paid on time deposits.

EAST SIDE

A No. 1 Brick Cream, all
flavors, per gallon \$1.50
A No. 1 Bulk Cream, all
flavors, per gallon \$1.25

Ice Cream Parlors

"Latest Novelty, Ice
Cream Sandwiches."
Cream on sale every day
in the year.

G. W. DAVIS.

Real Estate, Insurance, Loans.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Office over Bank of Grand Rapids, West Side.

The following city property for sale
at reasonable prices.

NO. 1. One lot with large modern house
thereon, close to business part of city,
west side.

NO. 2. One lot with good seven room house
and good barn, close to ward school,
west side.

NO. 3. New house, seven rooms, bathroom and
good stone cellar, large barn, situated
on French st., west side.

NO. 4. Three lots with large comfortable house
and good barn thereon, close to North-
western depot, west side.

NO. 5. One lot with excellent seven room house,
two closets, good stone cellar, good
woodshed in rear, close to court house,
west side.

NO. 6. This house is a twin sister to No. 7,
located in the same block. Either one
is a bargain.

NO. 7. One big lot with large eight room, two
story house thereon, good woodshed
and fine well of water, near Catholic
church, east side.

Come and see me before you buy
elsewhere.

CHAS. S. WHITTLESEY.
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

CENTRALIA

..MEAT MARKET..

WEST GRAND RAPIDS.

A supply of Fresh, Salt and
Smoked Meats constantly on
hand. Everything fresh and
clean.

Reiland's East Side Market

Is also the leading trading place
on the east side. Here you will
find everything wanted in the
meat line. FISH AND GAME
in season.

N. REILAND, Prop.

Spring Styes.

In Shoes can be found
at my store. There are
many new styles being
put out in footwear, and
if you do not patronize
a man who keeps up
with the times you may
be sadly out of date. I
have the latest styles.
Give me a call.

ZIMMERMAN,

West Side Shoeman.

Patronize Home Industry

by having your work done at the
Riverside Steam Laundry.

All work guaranteed.

GEORGE BOYER, PROP.

West Side, Near Commercial House.

THE HEINEMAN MER. CO.

Offer 3 Cash Premiums

1st 2nd 3rd
\$5 \$2 \$1

These amounts to be awarded on
Saturday, June 28


The manner of the awards will be left to those to whom the gifts belong and can be assured that it will be honorably and fairly done.

All can compete for cash.

Every man, woman and child can compete. A premium ticket numbered will be given with every basket, box or case or pair of eggs or butter received from Saturday, May 3rd until noon on Saturday June 28. No less than one dozen can compete. The woman bringing in the most packages will get a new pair of shoes, and the man or boy will get a new hat. These extra prizes are in addition to the prizes of getting one of the cash prizes. Premium tickets must be obtained of the clerks when eggs or butter are delivered and must be signed and returned prior to noon on June 28. We want your eggs and butter and business and always pay the highest market prices for them.

Heineman Mer. Co

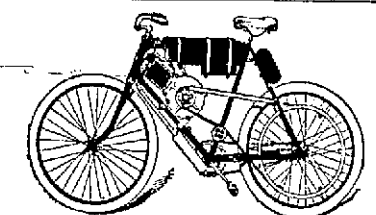
Mrs. Hamm's old stand, east side.



Every Drop of Gund's Peerless
 —the BEER of good cheer—
 can be consumed with relish and the knowledge that it is pure and healthful. It is impossible for a beer to be brewed of choicer materials or in a more careful and cleanly manner.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO.,
 La Crosse, Wis.
 Send 16 cts. for pack of fine Playing Cards.

BARGAINS IN BICYCLES!



Low prices, easy terms, \$5 down and \$5 a month will secure you an A No. 1 guaranteed bicycle. We keep a large assortment of them and it will pay you to walk a few blocks to see us before buying elsewhere.

Sewing Machines, fishing tackle and baseball goods.

Geo. F. Krieger & Co.
 The Repair Man,
 West side, near St. Paul Depot.

In Active Service.



Greene's Infalible Liniment

has often proved "a friend indeed" to the boys in blue. For Sprained Joints or Sore Muscles and every description of Cuts, Wounds, Burns, Scalds, Sore Feet or Strained Tendons it is just what its name implies—infalible.

In cases of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica and Lumbago it affords instant relief. As an emergency remedy for all the hurts of childhood and daily life it is unequalled, and all prudent mothers and housewives keep it handy. It is a powerful antiseptic and blood poisoning is impossible under its use.

Mr. Judd E. Bisber, Chicago, says: "I have kept your liniment in my house. It has in all instances proven satisfactory to my family and myself." Price 25c, 50c, and \$1.00 per bottle. If your druggist cannot supply you, the makers, J. W. Greene & Co., Chicago, will, to prove its worth, send a large free sample in return for this Ad. and 10c. to cover cost of mailing. There is no substitute. Look for this trademark.

For Sale by J. E. DALY

Grand Rapids Tribune.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Gay Getts spent Sunday in Wausau.

Mrs. Chas. Gouger and children are visiting relatives at Wausau.

Misses Bessie and Grace Huntington spent Sunday at Marshfield.

Will Mongan of Dexterville transacted business in the city on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Smart spent Sunday at Marshfield visiting friends.

Louis Schenok visited relatives and friends in Junction City on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Hirzy spent Sunday in Marshfield, visiting with friends.

Nic. Ludewig of Marshfield transacted business at the court house on Monday.

Attorney E. C. Pors of Marshfield transacted business in the city on Tuesday.

C. R. Treat of Meadow Valley was in the city the first of the week on business.

E. W. Ring, the Pittsville lumberman, was a business visitor in the city on Monday.

—Smoke the Wineschek cigar. The best ten cent smoke on earth.

Mrs. J. Baruch spent Sunday at Merrill, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Heineman.

O. R. Moore of Sturgeon Bay is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Drumb this week.

George B. McMillan is visiting friends in Lake Crystal, Minn., for a few weeks.

P. N. Christensen was in the city on Saturday transacting business at the court house.

W. H. Remington of Babcock transacted business in the city Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. Herbert Kellogg is visiting at the home of her daughter, Myrtle, at Chelsea this week.

—Go to G. Bruderli for fine shoe repairing. Also make to order all grades of footwear.

Mrs. George Buhecker of Fond du Lac is spending the week in this city visiting with friends.

Officer and Mrs. J. D. Gibson were at Stevens Point Thursday attending the state encampment.

The Misses Nan and Mand White of Pittsville were guests of Mrs. John Bell, jr., on Wednesday.

Miss Laura Whitlock leaves for Stevens Point on Saturday to visit relatives for a few days.

Mrs. Ellis Kromer left for Stevens Point on Thursday to visit with relatives for several weeks.

Will Pribbanow left on Wednesday for Withee in the interest of the MacKinnon Manufacturing Co.

E. A. Upham was in Milwaukee the past week, attending the session of the grand lodge of Masons.

Charles F. Kellogg made a trip to Almond on Saturday on business connected with his lumber trade.

Mrs. Fannie Thompson was called to Prairie du Chien on Sunday by the death of her brother's wife.

Mrs. Edward Phillee and children have been spending the past week at Manawa the guest of friends.

Miss Alice Nash entertained a party of young ladies at supper at the Witter House on Tuesday evening.

Jos. L. Whitney was in Marshfield on Sunday. While there he looked over the Blodgett stock farm.

Mrs. Matt Daly of High street was quite sick the fore part of the week, but is somewhat better at this writing.

Clayton Pounier left on Monday for Sparta, Necedah and other points to visit relatives until the end of the week.

A. E. Falch has accepted a position on the reportorial staff of the Reporter, vice Oswald Menzel, resigned.

Miss Addie Skeels, who has been teaching during the past year at Mosinee, will spend her vacation in this city.

A. H. Dustin left for Necedah on Thursday to attend the commencement exercises of the high school at that place.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schroeder of La Crosse have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Howlett the past week.

Pavlick & Rick last week purchased from M. L. Townsend of the town of Saratoga two 2-year-old steers that weighed 270.

George E. Hoskinson and A. J. Hasbrouck were in Milwaukee this week attending the session of the grand lodge of Masons.

Attorney D. D. Conway, who had spent the past two weeks at West Baden, returned to his home in this city on Thursday.

Mrs. George Banta, who was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Lipke last week, left for her home in Menasha on Saturday.

J. B. Hannah, who has been confined to his home by congestion of the liver for some time past, is slightly better at this writing.

Miss Lizzie McCamley left on Wednesday for Medford where she will visit for a time with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Doyle and family.

Judge Webb, Court Reporter Norse and Attorneys Whipperman and Brazeau left for Friendship on Monday where circuit court convened.

Will Brown of Pittsville was in the city for a short time on Thursday, being on his way to Elroy where he expects to spend the summer.

H. E. Herrick of Nekoosa was in the city on Tuesday on business. Mr. Herrick carries one hand in a sling now owing to the fact that he received a bad burn from hot pitch while engaged in repairing a roof.

Arthur Rintelwan leaves on Saturday for Mukwonago to visit relatives for a week.

Attorney W. J. Conway has rented office rooms in the Mackinnon block which he will occupy for a law office.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Cooley were so unfortunate as to lose their baby boy born last week Wednesday, which died Friday evening.

G. C. Hyde of Nekoosa was in this city Friday night, having come up to assist in furnishing the music at a Woodmen of the World soiree.

—Room mouldings to match wall paper at Johnson & Hill Co.'s drug department.

Among those who have completed courses at the Stevens Point Normal this year are Otto J. Len, Ella Byrnes and Isabelle Marshall of this city.

Mrs. A. C. Bennett and Mrs. J. H. Price returned on Friday from Milwaukee, where they had been attending the state convention of the W. C. T. U.

—You've got to hustle all the time to keep in the swim. If you are slipping down the ladder of prosperity, take Rocky Mountain Tea. Makes people strenuous. Johnson & Hill Co.

Mrs. E. S. Renne and daughter, Mrs. Harry Sanderson, left on Wednesday for Stevens Point, where they intended to visit relatives for a couple of days.

Attention is called to the advertisement of the Gaud Brewing company. Their beer received a medal at the Paris exhibition for its purity and excellence.

Rev. Leopold Kroll expects to conduct services in the Episcopal church at Marshfield next Sunday. It is the intention to hold services there every other Sunday hereafter.

—Stops the cough and works off the cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure no pay. Price 25 cents.

A Children's Day program will be given at the Congregational church, Sunday morning at 10:30. A very nice program has been prepared and all are cordially invited to attend.

Mrs. S. E. Wilcox of Chicago and Mrs. J. E. Miller of Palm Beach, Florida, mother and sister of Mrs. I. B. Cooley, are visiting at the Cooley home on River street, east side.

The gun club goes to Wausau on Sunday, June 22 for the purpose of holding a match with the Wausau club. A return match has been promised for this city on July 4.

Mrs. F. MacKinnon left on Saturday for Fond du Lac to attend the commencement exercises at Grafton Hall, where her two daughters, Mildred and Helen, are attending.

Mrs. Perle Vaughn, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. T. C. St. Amour on High street, during the past three weeks, returned to her home in Marshfield on Thursday.

W. H. Carey, who for a number of years past has represented the Aetna life insurance company in this section, now holds a position with the Prudential insurance company of America.

Miss Edith Bruderli expects to engage in teaching the piano in the future. She has been studying music for some time past and has acquired considerable proficiency on the piano.

—FOR SALE.—As a whole or in part, six large lots together with a seven room house and a good barn, conveniently located on the west side. C. E. Bales, Abstractor. Telephone 232.

George H. Metcalf of Sun Prairie has been in the city the past week looking for a location in the law business. He has rented office rooms in the Mackinnon block which he will occupy.

—Wise is the girl whose sense of self interest prompts her to take Rocky Mountain Tea. It fills her full of vigor and there is always honey in her heart for you. Johnson & Hill Co.

Messrs. Jacob Searles, Fred, Charles and Gus. Kruger have a gang of men at work about two and one-half miles northeast of the city engaged in planting a cranberry marsh. They will put in about three acres this spring.

The members of the Equitable and Fraternal Union held a lawn social at the home of Joseph Bogger on Thursday evening. There was a large crowd in attendance and a very pleasant time was spent.

—Tell us why a druggist offers you a substitute for the Madison Medicine Co's. Rocky Mountain Tea. Does he love you or is he after the bigger profit? Think it over. Johnson & Hill Co.

The members of the Congregational society will hold a meeting on Monday evening at the church for the purpose of discussing the matter of buying a new parsonage. All those interested in the matter are requested to be present.

J. D. LaBrecche was in Arbor Vitae on Wednesday of last week where he attended the wedding of his son Ovid, and Miss Jessie Coffman. Ovid has made his home in Arbor Vitae for three years past where he holds a responsible position with the Ross Lumber company.

Marshfield Times: Miss Florence Phillee and her pupils gave a most successful piano and song recital at the handsome residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Sexton on Monday evening. The house was tastefully decorated and the large number of invited guests were pleasantly entertained by the youthful musicians who showed marked ability and excellent training.

—My little son had an attack of whooping cough and was threatened with pneumonia; but for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy we would have had a serious time of it. It also saved him from several severe attacks of croup.—H. J. Strickfaden, editor World-Herald, Fair Haven, Wash. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood Co. Drug Co.

Chenop Holes via Wisconsin Central, June 17th, 1902 and 18th the Wisconsin Central will sell round trip tickets to points in the west, northwest and south at one fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip good 21 days from date of sale.

A. C. Bennett has been out on the marsh of A. C. Bennett & Son during the past week, where they have been engaged in setting out several acres of new marsh to cranberry vines. This company has one of the best equipped marshes in this section of the country, both the Messrs. Bennett being enthusiasts on the subject of cranberry culture.

—Cut this out and take it to Johnson & Hill Co's. or Wood Co. Drug Co. and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, the best physic. They cleanse and invigorate the stomach, improve the appetite and regulate the bowels. Regular size, 25c per box.

—Money to loan. C. E. Bales.

Dr. and Mrs. D. A. Telfer left on Monday evening for Milwaukee where Mr. Telfer will attend the session of the grand lodge of Free and Accepted Masons, which is in session this week, the doctor being the Grand Senior Deacon of the organization. They were accompanied on the trip by Jeanette Muir and Mrs. Telfer expects to visit her mother at Mazomanie before returning.

—In many instances attacks of cholera morbus terminate fatally before medicine can be procured or a physician summoned. The safe way is to keep at hand a reliable medicine for use in such cases. For this purpose there is nothing so sure as Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. W. E. Bosworth of La Fayette, Ala., says: "In June, 1900, I had a serious attack of cholera morbus and one dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy gave me relief in fifteen minutes. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood County Drug Co.

—Antitrust bicycles for sale by Johnson & Hill Co. The best wheels on earth. Prices right.

A Lamentable Accident.

Frank Wissink was killed at Marshfield under peculiar circumstances. He was scuffling with a fellow employe on a tramway that connects the paint shop and furniture factory of the Upham company, when he lost his balance and fell to the ground, a distance of 22 feet. He was hurt at 7 o'clock in the morning and died the same afternoon at 5 o'clock. He was 17 years of age.

Saved from an Awful Fate.

"Everybody said I had consumption," writes Mrs. A. M. Shields of Chambersburg, Pa., "I was so low after six months of severe sickness, caused by Hay Fever and Asthma, that few thought I could get well, but I learned of the marvelous merit of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, used it, and was completely cured." For desperate Throat and Lung Diseases it is the safest cure in the world, and is infallible for Coughs, Colds and Bronchial Affections. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at John E. Daly's.

Society and Club Notices.

The Ladies Aid society of the M. E. church of the east side meets next week with Mrs. A. D. Hill.

St. Katherine's Guild meets next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Geo. E. Hoskinson.

The W. C. T. U. will meet next Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. Geo. R. Gardner.

Ladies' Aid of the Congregational church, first ward, will meet next Thursday with Mrs. Ed. Mahoney.

The Ladies Aid society of the First Congregational church of the west side will meet Wednesday with Mrs. Wm. Skeels.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church of west side will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Chas. Kellogg.

Dog License Time to Pay.

The dog tax is now due. Pay to the city clerk on or before July 15. Additional fee of 25 cents will be charged thereafter. M. G. GORDON, City Clerk.

Building Lots for Sale.

—Forty building lots in first ward from \$75 to \$150. Also good 10 room dwelling and lot \$6x120.

E. I. PHILLEO.

To cure a Cold in one Day.

The Laxative Bromo Quinine tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

E. W. Grove
 This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

(First Publication 6-11-02)

Notice of Application.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

STATE OF WISCONSIN,)
 COUNTY OF WOOD,) ss.

In the matter of the Estate of Henry Bates, deceased.

On this 11th day of June, A. D. 1902, upon reading and filing the petition of George Bates of Lindolph, Wood county, Wisconsin, stating that Henry Bates of the county of Wood, died testate, on or about the 25 day of February, 1902, and praying that George Bates be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased.

It is Ordered, That said application be heard before me, at the probate office in the city of Grand Rapids, on the 14th day of July, A. D. 1902 at ten o'clock a. m.

And it is further Ordered, That notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing.

By the court, W. J. FOSWAY, County Judge.

Abstracts of Title

If you are negotiating a loan on, or selling your city lots or your acreage, you will need a correct Abstract of Title.

C. E. BOLES,
 CENTRALIA, WIS.

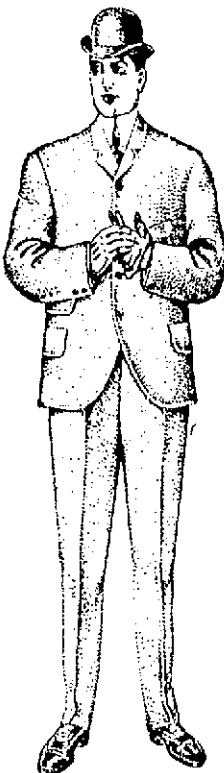
CALL AT COURT HOUSE, OR TELEPHONE 232.

People who are Particular

What They Eat always insist upon having **Dewey, Victoria or Sunbeam Flour.** Bread made from it retains all the elements of the wheat that goes to make brain and strength and has a delicious wheat flavor that is all its own. Sold by all grocers. If not at yours, write the mill.

Grand Rapids Milling Co.

ARE YOU INTERESTED?



FRIEND BROTHERS CLOTHING CO.
 MILWAUKEE, WIS.

WANT to know how to dress well without being extravagant, if you are these Exclusive Patterned Suits will interest you. Fabrics the same as the tailor shows you. You will find here in the completed suits what the tailor gives you in style and fit. After several try-ons and remodeling we give you without delay in these suits and what he gives in the wear of the garments we also give you. There's more to be told about the fashions, the making, the excellence of fabrics, all which we will pass over, but what we want you to remember is that all the faults of all the other ready-to-wear clothes are avoided in those that you buy here which are practically customed tailored in Fancy Unfinished Worsted Novelty Scotchies, Fancy Cassimeres, Fancy Striped Blue Unfinished Worsted, Blue and Black Serges, Black Cheviots.

Seven, Ten, Twelve, Fifteen, Eighteen and up to Twenty-five Dollars.

KRUGER & GAMERON.

THE BEST IN THE FIELD. The Gold Eagle Oil Company OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS,

Has sold sufficient Oil already to be enabled to declare the following dividends, and others will be declared as rapidly as the earnings of the company and conservative business management will admit:

Four dividends on its capital stock, payable June 30, 1902; December 31, 1902; June 30, 1903; December 31, 1903; each of five per cent or a total of twenty per cent.

It is Capitalized for \$300,000

Treasury stock, 500,000 shares. Shares TEN CENTS EACH. Dividends declared to date, \$60,000.00. Stock full paid and non-assessable. All purchasers of its stock at the present time will receive Dividend Certificates of the Company, with checks attached, for twenty per cent., which checks will be Certified By The Beaumont National Bank, (Capital \$100,000.00.) No such showing has been made by any other company in the Beaumont Field.

We still hold a limited amount of stock at ten cents per share, subject to advance in the immediate future. No order accepted for less than two hundred shares. Orders for that amount or over, may be wired at my expense or mailed to

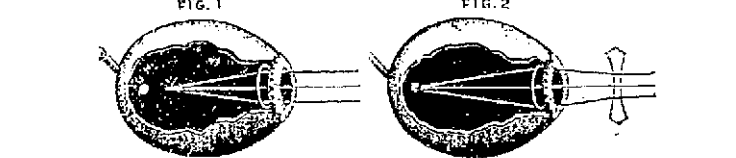
W. E. SMITH, Waukesha, Wis.

The officers and board of directors of the Gold Eagle Oil Company are all well and favorably known in business and oil circles, some of them having been identified with the oil fields since their discovery last January. The president, Hon. E. C. Hull, is attorney for several railroads, and thoroughly conversant with the oil business. E. A. Joyce, Vice president of the Joyce Investment Company, and interested in several oil wells on Spaulde Top, D. A. Putnam, Treasurer, is Cashier of the Beaumont National Bank, one of the most substantial and reliable banking houses in the state. F. D. Smith, secretary, is interested in four oil wells in this field, and is general manager of the Kline Oil Company. Director P. J. Lea is one of the best known and most successful oil well contractors in Texas, and will drill this company's wells. The reputation of these men insures intelligent management of the Company's business.

The property of this Company is all on Block 25, of the Famous Hill known as "Spaulde Top," which has been the foundation for so many fortunes, and when the second and third wells are brought in by the Company it will own

Three of the Greatest Oil Wells in the world.

Don't Neglect Your Eyes!



The above cut shows an eye in which the rays are focussed in front of the retina, thus blurring the vision. Figure 2 shows the defect corrected by the use of a concave lens. This is only one of the simplest ailments of the eye. I can correct anything that may be troubling your vision. Consult me, it won't cost you a cent.

A. P. HIRZY.

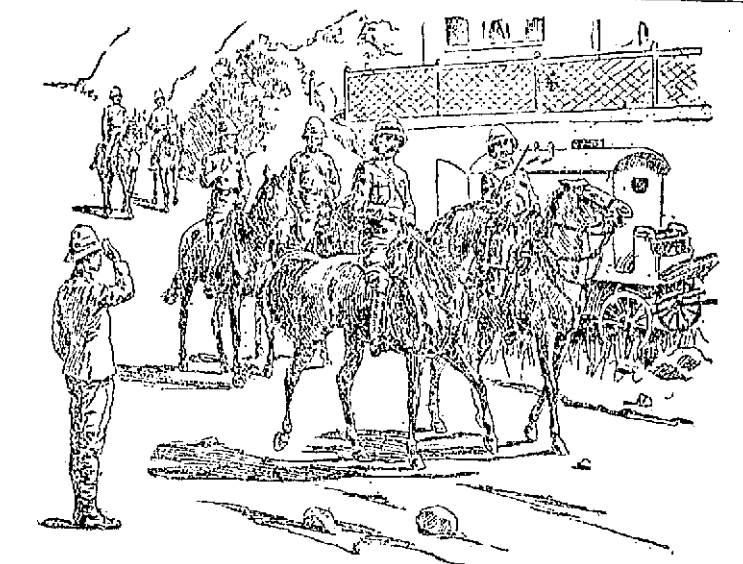
STORY OF BOER WAR.

ACCOUNT BEGINS WITH RAID BY DR. JAMESON.

Fall of Two Republics Made Certain Years Later—Boers Force Conflict by Invading Natal—Capture of Cronje—Is Beginning of the End.

The origin of the Anglo-Boer war may be said to date from the Jameson raid of 1895. The details of that assault on the integrity of the Dutch republics in South Africa are yet fresh in the public recollection. Dr. Jameson was a Scotchman residing in Cape Colony and largely interested with Cecil Rhodes and other British subjects in gold and diamond mining. The object of the raid was to overthrow the authority of the Transvaal and Orange Free State governments to levy tribute upon the product of the mines. This tribute was regarded as excessive and is still viewed in that light, but as the workers of the mines were deriving immense fortunes from them little hardship was inflicted.

The defeat of Dr. Jameson's project and his capture restored the status quo for a time. The raider was sent to England for trial. He was received there more as a hero than as one guilty of an offense against the comity of nations. After a farcical trial he was acquitted and set at liberty. This enraged the Boers and let them to the belief that the raid had been prearranged in London and had the sanction of those in authority. It was likewise taken as a forecast of the British poli-



GENERAL WHITE AND STAFF IN LADYSMITH.

cy of the future and a menace to the independence of the republics.

Krugers Precipitates the War.

The war may be said to date from Oct. 1, 1899, when Paul Kruger, President of the South African Republic, sent his ultimatum to Great Britain. This was a flat refusal of the British demand that subjects of the crown be allowed equal political privileges with natives of the two republics—the Transvaal and the Orange Free State. Previous to this Mr. Kruger had reached an understanding with President Steyn of the Orange Free State by which they became allies to resist the British encroachments to the extremity of war.

It soon developed that a conflict with Great Britain had long been foreseen by the Boer governments. In an incredibly short time they had placed armies in the field composed of trained sharpshooters armed with the best of modern rifles, while their artillery was of the most effective and handled with a skill that left no room to doubt that the men behind the guns thoroughly understood their business.

The Boer plan of campaign originally was to advance rapidly with a large force of mounted troops into Cape Colony and Natal and sweep the British into the sea. In the light of subsequent events it is clear that during the first three months of the war this was practicable, since there were then few British in Cape Colony and the majority of the colonists were ready to rise. But the possibility of capturing Rhodes in Kimberley, Baden-Powell in Mafeking and General White's force near Ladysmith diverted their energies till the arrival of large British forces made the plan appear impracticable.

Pen British in Ladysmith.

The British plan at the outset was mainly defensive. General White, in Natal, deemed it important to defend Ladysmith and the stores accumulated there, though it was not a good position. General Symons was sent a few miles north of that place, to Dundee, to oppose the Boer forces from the north. So long as Ladysmith could be held the invasion of Natal was obstructed.

The first encounter was at Dundee Oct. 29, when the British carried the Boer position by a frontal attack, having their commander, General Symons, killed and losing 429 men, including 206 taken prisoners. Next day at Mlandsiaale they had less equivocal success, but lost 223 killed and wounded. On Oct. 24 there was a fight at Rietfontein, with a loss of 111, while the force at Dundee was withdrawn by a circuitous route. Soon after, Oct. 30,

at Paardeburg's farm and Nicholson's Les there was a British defeat. While losing 1224 men, of whom 927 were taken prisoners. The whole British army of Natal was soon after shut up in Ladysmith and so remained till Feb. 28, 1900.

Thus it appears that less than two weeks after President Kruger's ultimatum was sent to London an armed force of Boers under General Joubert was invading Natal. The British forces were not prepared to meet them and fell back on Ladysmith, where they were immediately besieged. Simultaneously a Boer commando invested Kimberley, Colenso and other towns in which British garrisons were located.

The casualties were at first insignificant, the fighting unimportant, but for several months the British were the heaviest losers, especially in officers. It seemed to be the Boer tactics to pick off the commanders.

Buller Meets First Defeat.

Oct. 15 General Sir Redvers Buller was dispatched from England to the seat of war. It was nearly a month before he arrived there. Taking command immediately he began a forward movement from the northern part of Cape Colony, sending a dispatch to England as he took up his line of march toward the north stating that he intended eating his Christmas dinner in Pretoria. But at the Modder River he encountered unexpected obstacles. The rainy season had begun and the Boers had destroyed all the bridges across the stream. Several ineffectual attempts were made to ford it, but each was met by a galling fire from the Boers on the northern banks, who had taken advantage of the natural formation of the country and had besides thrown up strong earthworks within easy rifle range of all the possible fords.

On Oct. 16 the British garrison at

Mafeking was attacked and a siege lasting 218 days was begun. In all directions the Boers swarmed in small parties, attacking detached squads of the British wherever found and inflicting serious loss in killed, wounded and captured.

Garrisons Suffer for Food.

Meantime the garrisons at the besieged towns were suffering extreme hardships. The supply of provisions was small, as no one had anticipated the contingencies that had arisen. Both citizens and soldiers were placed on short rations. In Ladysmith particu-



COL. BADEN-POWELL. The defender of Mafeking, as he appeared at the head of his scouts, leading a sortie from Mafeking.

larly the privations were great. Horses, dogs, cats and even rats were utilized as food.

The Mafeking garrison under Colonel Baden-Powell refused to surrender. A party of 870 soldiers had been captured by the Boers on the second day of the siege, thus reducing the defenders of the town to a mere handful.

Mafeking was in a sorry plight. The Boers shelled the town Nov. 6 and inflicted severe damage. Then the British attempted to cross the Modder River. They were driven back with heavy loss.

At Stormberg on Dec. 10 General Gatacre lost 1,000 men in battle. On the following day General Wauchope fell in an engagement at Spionkop. On the 15th General Buller endeavored to cross the Tugela River, but was driven back with a loss of 1,000 men and eleven guns.

Roberts Raises Kimberley Siege.

Several other disasters to the British arms occurred in various places, and the government, finding the officers in command unequal to the emergencies confronting them, ordered General Roberts to the front. He arrived at the scene of action on Dec. 31, 1899, and immediately took command, his force being estimated at 250,000 men. General Lord Kitchener accom-

PAUL KRUGER.



THE GREAT SOUTH AFRICAN STRUGGLE AND SOME OF ITS TRAGIC FEATURES.

Some of the Chief Actors. Lord Salisbury, prime minister of Great Britain and Ireland, Lord Milner, home commissioner in South Africa, Lord Roberts and Lord Kitchener, commanders in chief, Generals French, Ian Hamilton, Bruce Hamilton, Tuckey and Kekewell, President Kruger of South African Republic, President Steyn of Orange Free State, General Schalk-Burger, acting president of Transvaal, General Joubert (dead) and Louis Botha, commanders in chief, Commandants De Wet, Delarey, Cronje, Volschenk and Kritzinger.

Memorable Incidents.

British "black week" disasters at Stormberg, Magersfontein and Colenso, Dec. 10-15, 1899. Sir Redvers Buller superseded by Lord Roberts as commander in chief, with Lord Kitchener as chief of staff, Dec. 18, 1899. Spion Kop, Jan. 23-24, 1900. Cronje surrenders to Roberts at Paardeburg, with 4,000 men, Feb. 27, 1900. Bloemfontein occupied March 13, Pretoria June 5, 1900. General Joubert dies March 27, 1900. Annexation of Orange Free State proclaimed May 28, 1900. Annexation of the Transvaal Oct. 25, 1900. Surrender of Prinsloo, with 3,000 Boers, July 30, 1900. President Kruger flees from the Transvaal Sept. 11, 1900. Lord Roberts sails for home Nov. 11, 1900. De Wets raid in Cape Colony, December, 1900, and January, 1901. Unsuccessful negotiations for peace, February, 1901. Botha's unsuccessful raid on Zululand, September, 1901. Kitchener's big drives of De Wet and Delarey, spring, 1902. Delarey's capture of Methuen, spring, 1902. Peace negotiations begun March 28, 1902. Death of Cecil Rhodes, March 26, 1902. Terms of surrender signed May 31, 1902.

Cost in Life and Treasure.

British officers, 1,064; men, 21,142; total, 22,206. Sent home invalided—Officers, 3,630; men, 70,952; total, 74,582. Boers (not exactly known). Losses reported of all kinds up to 1902, 73,320. Losses of all kinds in 1902, 6,500. Probable actual number of Boers engaged, 70,000. Boers reduced at end of war to 8,000. Prisoners at Ceylon, St. Helena, Bermuda and Cape, 40,000. Cost in money to Great Britain, estimated, \$1,250,000,000.

panied him as his chief of staff.

The matter deepened of the first importance was the relief of Kimberley. General French, the dashing cavalry commander, was detailed to the task, and with a strong force marched for the beleaguered town. On his approach the Boers abandoned their positions, not even offering battle, and the town was relieved Feb. 15, 1900.

This was the first piece of good fortune for the British army. It was followed by a battle with General Cronje, who, with 4,000 men and a number of guns, was forced to surrender on Feb. 27. The entire lot of Boer prisoners was deported to the island of St. Helena.

On Feb. 28, 1900, General Buller, after overcoming a stubborn resistance, succeeded in relieving Ladysmith. Then followed the surrender of Bloemfontein. On March 27 the Boers suffered an irreparable loss in the death of their commander-in-chief, General Joubert. They were driven from point to point and finally, on June 5, Pretoria surrendered, followed some seven weeks later by the surrender of General Prinsloo with 3,350 men.

President Kruger had meanwhile become a fugitive. He left the capital by stealth and made his way to Durban, where he secured passage on a French vessel for Marseilles.

Sept. 1 the Transvaal was declared by proclamation annexed to the British empire and Lord Roberts, deeming his work accomplished, started back to England, setting sail Dec. 12, leaving General Kitchener in supreme command.

The year 1901 was not marked by any especially noteworthy events. The

Boers kept up a desultory guerrilla warfare, attacking small parties of British soldiers wherever found. General Botha was nominally in chief command, but most of the fighting was done by General Christian De Wet and General Delarey, both of whom kept the British forces in hot water most of the time. Time after time De Wet was reported to be securely entrapped, but he always managed to escape capture.

The most notable events of recent date were the capture by the British of General Schoepers, who was badly wounded. He was tried by a military court on the charge of violating the laws of war, found guilty and shot, although he had to be carried from the hospital tent to the place of execution. March 7 of the present year General Lord Methuen was defeated, wounded and taken prisoner by General Delarey. He was promptly released and given a safe-conduct to the British lines. In return for this act of clemency General Kritzinger, a Boer commander, was set at liberty by Lord Kitchener.

The overtures for peace were made by the British commander early last March. Some difficulty was experienced in reaching the Boer commanders in the field, who were widely scattered. They were finally brought together and after a consultation lasting several days it was decided to submit the British proposition to the men in arms and to abide by the decision of the plebiscite.

Protecting the Nile.

The ancient historians say that over 1,000 miles of the lower Nile were protected by artificial embankments and other works of engineering skill.



A BOER COMMANDO CAPTURED BY BRITISH CAVALRY.

CONVICTED AS JESSE JAMES.

Kentuckian Sentenced Because of Resemblance to Bandit.

Around the suburbs of Scottsville, Ky., dressed as an ordinary farm laborer and performing the duties entailed by the ownership of a farm of ridge land, may be seen a man who has, perhaps, attained as much unenviable notoriety as any other man in the State of Kentucky.

His name is Tom Hunt and the mere mention of it recalls the famous Mammoth cave stage robbery and the subsequent arrest, trial, conviction and pardon of Hunt for a crime with which he had no connection. His unfortunate resemblance to Jesse James, the Missouri bandit, however came near costing him a term in the penitentiary.

At the trial, which was conducted at Glasgow, three of the passengers on the ill-fated stage positively identified Hunt as the spokesman of the gang who held up and robbed them and conviction was inevitable.

Hunt might have thrown a flood of light on the subject had he chosen to prove his whereabouts on the day of the robbery, yet he remained sullen and quiet, except to pronounce as a "f---er" the identification as testified to by the three witnesses.

When the lamented Judge Roundtree, one of the robbed passengers, was placed on the stand, he was possessed of a different mind to that held by his fellow passengers in regard to the guilt of the man on trial, and further than to say that "he bears a striking resemblance to the leader of the gang, but if he is the man then my faith in my own recollection is very much shaken," he would not go.

However, the evidence was conclusive to the mind of the jury, and a term in the penitentiary was given Hunt. Before being carried from the Glasgow jail to the penitentiary at Frankfort Bob Ford assassinated Jesse James in Missouri, and on the bandit's person were found the watch which had been taken from Judge Roundtree, and other indisputable evidence of the guilt of James and the innocence of Hunt.

At about the same time one of the James gang, then confined in the Stillwater, Minn., penitentiary, made a confession of the Mammoth cave stage robbery, and revealed where some of the jewelry had been hidden.

An investigation revealed the correctness of the convict's story and Judge Roundtree made haste to make amends for the wrong which the Warren County court had done an innocent man by going to Frankfort and securing from the Governor an unconditional pardon for Hunt.

Where Hunt was on the day of the robbery was as much of a mystery to-day as it was on the day of his conviction, since he has steadfastly refused to particularize his whereabouts, but the supposition obtains that he had his own reasons for not wanting his whereabouts or his acts on the day in question known and knowing his innocence of the crime with which he was charged, preferred to remain silent and be convicted, trusting that some future act of those who committed the stage robbery would serve to liberate him.

The picture of the dead bandit so closely resembles that of Hunt, says a St. Louis Post-Dispatch special, that no visible difference can be detected and on two occasions Hunt has been forced to submit to arrest by Missouri officers who mistook him for Jesse James.

Famous Old Highway.

The most important highway built in the United States early in the century was the so-called Cumberland road, which was to extend from Cumberland, Md., through Southwestern Pennsylvania, over the Alleghany Mountains to the Ohio at Wheeling, W. Va., and then on to St. Louis. It was so well constructed that it is a good road to-day. Henry Clay was its projector and chief supporter, and his services in its behalf are commemorated by a monument near Wheeling. We are told by letters written at that period that "there were sometimes twenty gayly painted four-horse coaches each way daily. The cattle and sheep were never out of sight, and canvas-covered wagons were drawn by six to twelve horses."

On this great road, which eventually passed into the hands of the States through which it runs, the Government expended no less a sum than \$7,000,000. Within a mile of it on either side the country was a wilderness, but on the highway itself the traffic was as dense as in the main street of a large town. Ten miles an hour was the usual speed for coaches. From Baltimore to Wheeling ran lines of freight wagons which carried ten tons, drawn by twelve horses, and with wheels ten feet in diameter.—Pearson's Magazine.

The Parental Opinion.

"Did you speak to father about our marriage?" asked Maybelle. "I did," answered Count Fench. "Did he give his consent?" "Yes. After a fashion. He said that if you had no more sense than to be willing to marry me, you didn't deserve any better fate."—Ohio State Journal.

Statistics About Lightning.

Lightning statistics in the United States last year showed that nine-sixteenths of the persons struck recovered. Less than one-fourth were struck in open ground.

Profitable Simple Device.

The rubber tip added to lead pencils for use as an eraser was one of the most profitable simple devices ever patented.

If you were written up as the hero (or heroine) of a novel, as you actually are, how the critics would "cast such a character!"

It was a great idea to refer to a circus as "a great moral show."



"Yes," says the philosophical person, "wealth brings its disappointments." "After we lose it," puts in the materialistic man.—Judge.

"I see goose feathers have gone 'way up on the market." "Yep." "And still all the dealers keep marking them down."—Baltimore News.

New Cook—I'm afraid I can't take the place, mum. Mistress—Why? New Cook—Well, mum, the kitchen table ain't big enough for ping pong.

Aunt Matilda—Clara says she is 28, does she? She isn't a day under 35. Bertha—Perhaps she has been marked down for a matrimonial bargain, aunt.

Mrs. P.—And I suppose if we have another war you'll stay at home like a coward? Mr. P.—My dear, no one could call me a coward if I remained at your side.

She—I hope our dear good pastor will be able to refute these heresy charges. He—I guess he's all right. I understand the deacons are betting three to one on an acquittal.

A country convert, full of zeal, offered himself for service in his first prayer meeting remarks, "I'm ready to do anything the Lord asks me," he said, "so long as it's honorable."—Life.

"You and your sister are about the same size, and you look exactly alike. 'Twins, aren't you?" asked the visitor. "Course not!" exclaimed Tommy, highly indignant. "She's a girl."

"Yes," said the funny barber, "we're up to date here. We shave you while you wait." "Indeed?" replied Pepprey. "I've usually found that you shave several other fellows while I wait."

Famous Author—I shall have to stop sending out any more small checks. Instead of cashing them the recipients have them framed to preserve my autograph. She—Never mind. It will only last a few weeks.—Life.

Mr. Jonsing (watching his wife at the scrubbing board)—Why doan yo' call me a hobo an' be done wid it? Mrs. Jonsing—"Cause dis ain't no affah-dah hokay talk. 'Is knoekio' now, not handin' yo' v'lets.—Judge.

"I bet 'Thkens that my bicycle could go a mile a minute for fifty miles. I wdn." "You don't mean to say that you rode that fast?" "No." "Then how did you arrange it?" "Why, I put the bicycle in the baggage of a through limited."

Young Wife—I don't see why we can't get a plain cook. I have advertised for one daily for more than two weeks. Husband—Advertise for a good looking one, my dear, and you'll have a dozen applicants the first dash out of the box.

In Court.—"What an awful looking villain the prisoner is!" whispered a lady in the police court to her husband; "I should be afraid even to stand near him." "Hush!" warned her husband, "the prisoner hasn't been brought in yet. That's his lawyer."—Tit-Bits.

"Even though you seem successful for a time," said the solemn theorist, "you will find some day that you have not a friend left in the world." "That's all right," answered the practical politician; "it's a part of my business to see that my friends don't get left."—Washington Star.

Lady (engaging servant)—Why did you leave your last place? Servant—I couldn't put up with the way one of the young mistresses used to copy me, mum. Lady—What do you mean? Servant—Why, I had a private soldier for my sweetheart, and what must she do but get a hoffer for hers.—Tit-Bits.

Prof. Shorimind (after the introduction)—May I ask whether you are related to the Miss De Styles, whom I met at the seashore last summer? Miss De Styles—Why, professor, I am the same Miss De Styles. Prof. Shorimind—Ah, indeed! That no doubt accounts for the remarkable resemblance.—Chicago News.

In the Near Future.—The Cook—O'm sorry, mum, but the walkin' dilkies av th' Supreme Ordher av Cooks hav ordered me t' throw up me job. Mrs. Subbubs (tearfully)—Oh, Norah! What have I done? The Cook—Nawthin', mum; but yer foolish husbind got shayed in a non-union barber shop, th' day before yesterday.—Brooklyn Life.

"Say, Pat, I hear you've been offered a job in the customs. Are you going to take it?" "Shure, an' I am." "But the hours are long and the pay bad." "It's meself that knows it." "Surely, those are two good reasons for refusing it?" "Thrice for ye, me bhoys, but I've got six reasons for acceptin' it." "What are they?" "Shure, a wife an' foive kids."

Cifman—Yes, I'll be glad to run out and see you some time. What's your number? Subbubs—Why er—the houses in Swamphurst are not numbered yet. Cifman—Well, how shall I find you? Subbubs—Turn to the left from the station, and walk down the road until you come to the second big middle. My house is directly opposite.—Springfield Republican.

A squad of recruits were getting rid of some ammunition on the range the other day, and the sergeant in charge began to use strong language as the firing proceeded and the target remained unpunctured. "What! missed again?" he roared, as an unfortunate recruit put up the dust for the seventh consecutive time. "Great Scot! I don't believe you could hit a furniture van." "Oh, you needn't crow, sergeant," retorted the recruit, "you missed a train yesterday."

CRANMOOR.

Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong of Baraboo arrived on the 5 p. m. train Tuesday. We understand they intend remaining and will make their permanent home with the family of their daughter, Mrs. D. R. Rezin.

Father Kroll came down Wednesday noon and held the usual church services at the school house in the evening. While here Father Kroll was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Rezin.

Some members of the Grimshaw, Kruger, Scott, Foley, Fitch and Whittlesey families went to Nekoosa Thursday to celebrate with the Woodmen Fraternity.

George Scott came down Wednesday afternoon for a short visit at home and to accompany the family to the Woodman picnic at Nekoosa Thursday.

Mrs. Matt Carey and Miss Katherine Waters enjoyed a drive to Cranmoor Monday, visiting the Carey marsh and at the Whittlesey home.

U. F. Whittlesey drove to Grand Rapids Thursday morning and to Port Edwards and Nekoosa later in the day.

Miss Cora Grimshaw and brother, Albert, returned Monday from a visit to their old home at Mather.

Mrs. S. N. Whittlesey and daughter were Grand Rapids shoppers Wednesday forenoon.

Miss Ada Potter is spending some time with her father and brothers at their marsh.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Searls were visiting at the A. E. Bennett home Sunday.

Mrs. W. H. Fitch and Miss Caroline Fitch spent Monday shopping at Grand Rapids.

A Mrs. Riley of Tomah is visiting the Scott and Foley families.

Mrs. Daniel Rezin returned Monday from her trip to Rudolph.

S. N. Whittlesey was a Dexterville visitor Monday.

Roy Rezin was on the sick list Wednesday.

A Liberal Offer.

The undersigned will give a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets to any one wanting a reliable remedy for disorders of the stomach, biliousness and constipation. This is a new remedy and a good one. Johnson & Hill Co. Wood Co. Drug Co.

RUDOLPH.

—Farmers, insure your growing crops against damage by hail, and your buildings and stock against loss or damage by wind storms in the Wisconsin Farmers' Mutual Hail and Cyclone Insurance company. Chas. S. Whittlesey, county agent.

The dance given in Mr. Albert's new barn last Saturday night was well attended. All present reported having a good time.

Miss Alice Akey has been seriously ill with lung fever during the past two weeks, but is doing well at this writing.

Miss Celina Lavaque, who has been teaching school above Merrill, is spending her vacation with her parents.

Arcen Ratelle has returned home from Loyal, where he has been employed during the past four months.

Benny and Albert Benson intend to give a grand dance in Mr. Logan's hall next Friday night, June 20.

Mrs. Ellie Crotteau was the guest of her husband's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Crotteau, Monday.

George Cooper, sr., departed for Kaukauna on Saturday to visit with friends and relatives.

Mrs. A. Juneau of Merrill was visiting friends and relatives during the past two weeks.

Mrs. Curtis Crotteau of Merrill is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Rayome.

Fred Logan and Albert Benson were in Milladore on business Tuesday.

Henry Hamm attended the soldiers' reunion at Stevens Point on Thursday.

Miss Hannah Waldo was the guest of the two Benson girls the past week.

Mrs. J. Dupey was in this burg Sunday, visiting friends and relatives.

Henry Beilmer was very busy the past week putting up eaves troughs.

Miss Rose Ratelle was in Grand Rapids shopping last Saturday.

Carl Omholt, who was employed at Rice Lake, is at home again.

O. Rousen spent Sunday with his father and sister at Tomah.

Willie Wolf was the guest of Henry Beilmer on Wednesday.

Will Piltz was in Grand Rapids on business this week.

Miss Emma Hassell is sewing in the Rapids this week.

Miss Nora Slattery spent Sunday with her parents.

Mrs. G. Bates is on the sick list this week.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with local application, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co. Props., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, price 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Notice.

My wife having left my bed and board I hereby warn all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no bills of her contracting. Dated at Hansen, the 20th day of May, 1902.

ANTON GETSINGER.

SIGEL.

Miss Martha Polanski has been quite sick the past two weeks, but is somewhat better at this writing.

District No. 5 fixed up a few dangerous places on the main road which is quite an improvement.

Mrs. Gilmeister and Mrs. A. King visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Henke, the past week.

Services were held in the Swedish Bethany church Tuesday by Rev. Satter of Michigan.

Miss Eva Paterson, who has been very sick with the smallpox, is now slowly recovering.

The people think they have had enough rain, for it's nothing but rain, rain, rain.

Eric Berg, our assessor, is making the usual rounds among our town's people.

Mrs. P. Walsh of Eagle River was a visitor at the Youskow home Monday.

Miss Annie Johnson attended the surprise party held at John Nelson's.

Misses Berdena and Flo Berg wheeled to the Rapids last Saturday.

Miss Rose Youskow visited with friends in the Rapids this week.

There was a surprise party held at the home of J. Nelson, May 25.

Henry Knuth was in Chicago last week to consult a doctor.

Miss Ellen Newman has returned from Cleveland, Ohio.

Miss Mary Ladeck returned home last week.

NEKOOSA.

The biggest event that Nekoosa has experienced for some time occurred on Thursday, it being the picnic of the Lemmonweir Valley Woodman association. While the attendance was fairly good it was nothing like what would have been in attendance had the weather been bright and pleasant. It was especially bad and threatening in the morning about the time when people were going to start. Most of the attractions that had been planned were carried out in spite of an occasional drizzle, even to the bowery dance, and this was well attended in spite of the drawbacks. Those who attended were loud in their praise of Nekoosa as a place for an event of this kind, it having many natural advantages that the average town does not possess.

Mrs. A. H. Kieberg and children returned home on Monday from Necedah, where they had been visiting relatives were accompanied here by Mrs. Kieberg's mother, who will visit the family for a time.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gus Shultz died on Tuesday from pneumonia. The funeral occurred on Thursday from the Lutheran church.

Frank Choppie has been sick for several days past with appendicitis. Dr. Humphrey of Grand Rapids is attending him.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Marcoux are happy over the arrival of a baby, baby at their home, which occurred on Saturday.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Will George was brightened by the arrival of a baby boy on the 5th instant.

A little son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Jarogzinski is sick with measles.

Attorney H. E. Fitch was a Grand Rapids visitor on Tuesday.

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All New Stock.

I invite all my old customers to call and see me. Everything in the line of harnesses and repairing.

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When you get work of this kind you want good work, and there is one man in town at least who can do it right. Telephone 89

NELS LARAMIE,
The West Side Painter.

MID SUMMER SALE!

At the MILWAUKEE CHEAP STORE commencing JUNE 16 to 21 1902, with the following low prices to disturb the entire community of Grand Rapids, and vicinity. Be sure and don't miss the chance.

Turkish Towels, at this sale... 7c
LL Sheetting, a yard wide, per yard... 3c
Good Dark Calicoes, new patterns... 3c
Good Fancy Striped Lawns, worth 10c, at this sale... 5c
Good Mercerized Gingham, worth 12c, at this sale... 6c
Good Fancy Striped Dimities, worth 15c, now... 9c
Fancy, Soft, Light, Colored Gingham, at this sale... 5c
Good Heavy Linen Canvas, worth 15c, at this sale... 6c
Children's Muslim Pants, lace trimmed, per pair... 10c
Children's Ribbed Vests, without sleeves, at this sale... 2c
A Good Heavy Large White Bed Spread, worth \$1, now... 59c
A Good Heavy Linen Tablecloth, a big bargain in... 50c
Pillow Case Lace 3 inches wide, per yard at this sale... 2c
Velvet Ribbon assorted widths per piece of 10 yards... 15c
A Good Lap Robe, worth 20c, at this sale... 10c
25 Pieces Garter Web, just think per yard... 1c
Finishing Braid, assorted colors 4 inch wide, per piece of 6 yds... 4c
Ladies' Gingham Shirt Waists this season make... 25c
Ladies' Fancy Shirt Waists worth 75c, at this sale... 39c
Ladies' Fancy Striped Waists worth \$1.25, will go for... 75c
Children's Colored Parasols, at this sale... 9c
Ladies' Fancy Handled Parasols, steel rod, good cloth... 50c

Ladies' Umbrellas, steel rod, at this sale... 25c
Men's White Handkerchiefs at this sale only... 1c
Men's White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth 10c, sale price... 5c
Children's Colored Handkerchiefs at this sale, 2 for... 1c
Ladies' Fine Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, a big bargain... 3c
Ladies' Black Seamless Hose at this sale... 5c
Men's Black Seamless Hose worth 15c, at this sale... 7c
Ladies' Sailor Straw Hats, can't beat, at this sale... 10c
Fine Brass Ornamental Clocks worth \$2.00, at this sale... 85c
Fancy Glass Vase... 5c
Childs' Purses, at this sale... 1c
A box of 500 parlor matches for... 2c
Uncolored Japan Tea, per lb... 24c
Good Japan Gunpowder Tea... 34c
Good bulk Coffee per pound... 8c
Laundry Soap, 12 bars for... 25c
A good rolling pin for... 3c
Fancy Decorated China... 10c
Pearl white ivory soap per bar... 2c
Ladies' belts worth up to 20c... 5c
Childs' ready made dresses... 15c

Men's silk bow ties, only... 5c
Light Shirting, new styles... 3c
Ladies' Big Black Garden Hats just in time, only... 15c
Children's and Misses Hats, worth 75c... 20c
Men's Crash Hats, worth 50c at this sale... 20c
Men's Heavy Suspenders at this sale... 6c
Men's Black Striped Overshirts double front... 19c
Men's Light Colored Sateen Overshirts, with tie... 45c
Boys' Overshirts, assorted stripes, only... 10c
Boys' Corduroy Pants, very strong, age 5 to 13... 27c
Boys' Woolen Suits, age 5 to 13 worth \$1.25, sale price... 59c
Boys' Woolen Suits 3 pieces age 9 to 16 worth \$2.50... \$1.48
Boys' Woolen Suits, 3 pieces age 9 to 16 worth \$3.00... 1.95
Men's Fancy Striped Suits worth \$5.00 at this sale... 3.19
Men's Fancy Checked Wool Suits worth \$9.00 now... 5.00
Men's Fancy Striped Wool Pants worth \$2.00 sale price... 1.19
Children's Fine Dongola Red Shoes sizes 5 to 8 worth 90c... 65c
Children's Heavy Shoes 9 to 12 good and strong now... 50c
Ladies' Fine Dongola Shoes, new styles, worth \$1.75... \$1.25
Men's Satin Calf Shoes lace or congress at this sale... 1.00
Ladies' Fine Kid Shoes worth \$3.00 sale price... 1.75

We call your attention to above prices. They are cut down to rock bottom prices. We are crowded and overstocked with merchandise, and we must get rid of it by all means. Cost or below cost, the stock must move and if prices are any object, we have cut them down to a finish. Remember, everything is just as advertised. No misrepresentation and no humbug. Please call and get first choice. Follow the crowd for bargains to

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COHEN BROS,

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Leaders in Low Prices.

Just received 500 peices of

New Laces and Trimmings

Something entirely new, up-to-date and up-to-date and tasty. New designs in

Valenciennes, Silk and Torchon Laces. Dress Trimmings consisting of Appliques, Medallions, Allover Laces and Embroideries.

Now is the time to prepare yourselves with Summer Gowns for the Glorious 4th will soon be here. We are prepared to show the prettiest and most complete line of Summer Goods in the city consisting of

Dimities, Organdies, Lawns, Alexandria Silks, Mercerized Gingham, etc.

Wash Suits For Boys.

Say, we have a stock in this line that ought to please the heart of any mother. They are nice fresh designs and colors, just as pretty as they make them, only 50 cents to \$1.00 a suit. Wash Pants 15 and 20c.

STRAW HATS

You may think it is a little early to buy a straw hat, but you are bound to have one anyway, and we have such a complete line that you will find just about what you want. Several new styles to select from this spring. Also a complete new line of Neckties for men and boys.

Fruits and Vegetables

No meal is complete without something in this line now. Have fresh fruit all the time and anything in the line of vegetables that it is possible to obtain. In fact we have the most complete and best stocked grocery department in this section.

Bring us your Wool. Highest Market Price in Cash.

JOHNSON & HILL COMPANY,

The largest distributors of Merchandise in Wood Co.

New Second Hand Store

J. SMUCKLER, PROPRIETOR.

We buy and sell everything in the line of Furniture, Stoves, Crockery, Junk, Rubbers, Hides and all kinds of Metal. We pay the highest prices and we sell at the lowest. Remember Jake Smuckler, the west side second hand man. The 4th door north of Tinnin & Brerens next to Mrs. Lefebvre's W. River St.

NEW SHOE SHOP.

All kinds of repairing on Boots and Shoes promptly and neatly done.

C. F. WARD,

Shop on river St. West Side

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Saturday, June 14, 1902.

VOL. XXX, NO. 6



A GREAT BIG SNAP.

Talking about "Snaps" reminds us of the big stock of boards we have on hand. They're just common pine boards—Some eight feet long, some ten, and so on up to eighteen feet. If you need any, better take a look at them—we'll make the price right.

And then you ought to see our Yellow Pine Ceiling and finishing lumber. It's just "dandy" and when given a nice hard oil polish is so smooth that a fly will slip upon it. You can't go wrong in ordering some.

KELLOGG BROS. LUMBER CO.,

YARDS AT—
East Grand Rapids, West Grand Rapids, Nekoosa.

QUICK MEAL

Stoves and Ranges



Are handled by the Centralia Hardware company at whose store there can always be found a large assortment at different prices calculated to suit almost any pocketbook.

We want you to look

QUICK MEAL

over now, and then when

hot weather comes you will be prepared to be comfortable.

Centralia Hardware Co.

Badger Box & Lbr. Co.

Grand Rapids, Wis.

Everything in the line of Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Mouldings, Sash & Doors.

Cut Casings and Finishing Material a Specialty.

The best grades of Pine and Basswood Siding in the city.

Our facilities for getting out stock will save you money if we are favored with your orders.

Let us estimate on your house bills.

Yards at Factory. Phone 314

THE GALLANT 12TH

HOLD REUNION IN THIS CITY.

About Fifty of the Old Boys Mustered for Roll Call—All Leave for Stevens Point.

Monday and Tuesday the 12th Wisconsin infantry, or what is left of them, held their reunion in this city at the G. A. R. hall, and there were about fifty of the old boys who managed to get to the front and take part in the social time that was enjoyed here.

The old 12th Wisconsin went into the service in 1862 and was made up of companies from all over the state. One, however, Company G, was from Grand Rapids and vicinity, and for this reason there are an unusual number from this regiment that still live here.

The 12th Wisconsin left Madison for the south on January 11, 1862, and returned to that city July 21, 1865, about three years and six months of almost steady labor in the field.

Some of the stories the old boys tell of their army life during the rebellion are quite humorous at this late day; their methods of securing an occasional square meal, or what to them at that time was a square meal; the descriptions of the condition of their clothes at certain times when the government was not able to furnish supplies as rapidly as they were needed, and the many makeshifts that were compelled to take the place of more substantial raiment until such a time as it could be secured.

These stories are all very funny now and nobody laughs more heartily nor reviews them with greater delight than the old soldier, but they were not so funny at that time. In fact, there were many times when it seemed as if another notch would make the hardship more than human being could bear, and many of the weaker ones did succumb and fall by the wayside, but through it all and after all these years there are enough of the old comrades so that they can meet together and have such a social time as only old soldiers are capable of.

The officers of the old 12th Wisconsin were Geo. E. Bryant of Madison, colonel; D. C. Poole of Madison, lieutenant colonel; Jas. R. Proudfit, adjutant; W. E. Strong, major. The officers of Company G, which was organized at this place, were Daniel Howell, captain; Charles M. Webb, first lieutenant, and W. W. Bodkin, second lieutenant.

During the three years and six months the old 12th was in service the members did some hard marching. There were many long and hard marches for all regiments during the civil war, and each man naturally thinks that his company did more walking than any other one in the army, but in order to show just how much marching the 12th Wisconsin did, they have had a little folder compiled which shows all the movements of the regiment and how they were made. This table shows that the regiment traveled by foot 3,888 miles, by boat 2,935 miles, and by railroad 2,596 miles, making a total of 9,329 miles traveled during the time in service, and this was entirely exclusive of the daily small forages and duty about camp; that if counted would more than quadruple the distance covered.

The old comrades of the 12th began to arrive on Monday morning and they continued to come until on Tuesday evening. During Tuesday the Woman's Relief Corps of this city served meals in the G. A. R. hall, where the veterans met and visited or put in the time as they preferred.

In the evening the veterans and their friends met at the opera house where a program was rendered and a very pleasant time spent. There were speeches, music and recitations, the first being music by the band, singing by the quartet, a recitation by J. T. Hayes of a piece of poetry which told of the good features of the Grand Army of the Republic. Then those present sang, "Tramp, Tramp, Tramp," being led by the quartet. H. P. Bird exhibited a map of the fortifications of Vicksburg, showing where the two armies had been entrenched, and also showing the position of the 12th Wisconsin. Then there was music by the quartet, after which H. W. Rood gave a short talk on the G. A. R. Memorial hall at Madison. B. F. Bryant also gave a lengthy talk on the war and subjects interesting to the veterans, after which there was a recitation by J. F. Hayes and music by the band, when the meeting adjourned.

The greater part of the veterans left on the early train on Wednesday morning to attend the state encampment at Stevens Point, those that remained over going the same afternoon or following morning. Following are the names of those that registered while in attendance here, with their residence and company:

J. A. Miles, L. M. Kelley, Baldwin Rathburn, C. W. Gulliford, D. G. Spicer, Ed Davis, Ed Buelow, Reedsburg, L. G. Carr, Fond du Lac, Company B; Elijah Blaisdell, Spring Valley, Company A; S. H. Snyder, Green Bay, Joseph W. Smith, N. L. Wakely, Nekoosa, W. H. Brown, M. S. Pratt, G. W. Baker, Grand Rapids, Wm. Dodger, John Felts, Wausau, O. J. Lundquist, Rio, H. H. Atkinson, Spooner, W. C. Lauscher, Kewaunee, J. Bartlett, Brillon, H. P. Bird, Wausau, Company G; Allen Fairbanks, Grand Rapids, Byron Fairbanks, West Bend, Company D; E. M. Rodgers, Hartford, Staff, I. G. Swan, Winona, Minn., H. W. Rood, Madison, W. A. Vincent, Kilbourn, Edwin Robinson, Company E; A. H. DeGroff, Nelson, David Brunette, Green Bay, G. R. Books, Marinette, Hollis Darrow, Brookside, Levy O'Dell, Gales-

ville, Company F; Peter Krouse, Geo. W. Hayden, Green Bay, Wm. Rossier, LaCrosse, Jule Warren, Salona, Peter Peterson, Sawyer, H. C. Spaulding, Toway, Company H; Edgar Eno, Valley, John Bell, Marinette, Company I.

As Others Saw Us.

Among the delegates who attended the meeting of the Wisconsin League of Municipalities in this city was Charles G. Starks, proprietor of the Berlin Evening Journal. Mr. Starks seemed to possess no desire to "jolly" us, but in the write up of the trip he said, among other things:

Grand Rapids gave the officials a very warm reception and the way her streets were decorated with red, white and blue, electric lights, arches and flags would have done credit to a city four times as large.

Carriages were each day at the disposal of the guests for drives in and about the city with a chaperon to explain and extol each feature of the town. Their fine band uniformed in dark green with gold trimmings, discoursed excellent music although the mayor said it was not equal to the new Ariel band; City Attorney Healey rendered a verbal opinion to the same effect. The opera house where meetings were held was draped elaborately with bunting and beautifully electrically lighted.

Grand Rapids, now composed of the old town and Centralia consolidated, no doubt has a splendid future by reason of her splendid water power right in the city limits. The town has rather a poor looking business district, by reason of so many wooden rookeries, but this will pass away in time. There are many magnificent residences owned by the wealthy men of the town. Water works are, this season, being built on the east side and a new high school to cost \$50,000. Four railroads pass through Grand Rapids, the Central and Northwestern coming in the past year. This has given the town quite a boom. She seems to have some very public spirited citizens and they are always alert to work out something of advantage to the city. They are now going to develop electric power from the water power and transmit it to any factory in the city at the extremely low price of five dollars per 100 horse power per day. This is to induce manufacturing enterprises. It's almost as cheap as natural gas and cannot fail to attract factories. At present the paper and pulp mills above and below the city are the chief manufacturing enterprises. There are some lumber industries but the cutting off of the supply of timber has greatly reduced lumber making, which was once the only industry.

The co-operative system of managing the telephones and the water and light is the scheme of Judge J. A. Gaynor. It is not municipal ownership but a private enterprise managed so that the patron gets service at actual cost, the company not caring to make any money. It is rare that men can be found who are satisfied to come out even—most of them, the world over, want a profit on their investments. This Grand Rapids idea is new, only five or six years old. It is to be hoped it will become a permanent success but it would seem to be somewhat doubtful.

Claire Stephens Case.

While in the banking business at Nekoosa, Claire Stephens received from S. L. Stevens, the owner of the building, a note for \$300. This note Claire gave to Mrs. Edward Klutz as part security on money borrowed of her. Mrs. Klutz sought to recover the amount, but Stevens set up as a counter claim the burning of his building. The case being ready for trial, A. H. Reid went down there last week and instead of having a fight prepared for him the note was paid. There were some legal questions involved also, but the fact that Stevens paid the note is good evidence that he has no proof whatever to sustain the charge of arson. This cleared up, there is nothing left but the alleged forged notes. These, Mr. Reid said, the district attorney who has them, will not prosecute, but will return them to the Chicago bank, and as the account there has been settled, the notes will be returned to Claire, and thus all outstanding evidence of guilt will have been removed, and he will be at perfect liberty to come forth again from hiding. That Claire acted indiscreet, no one doubts, but it is not thought that he originally intended to wrong anyone. It will likely prove a lesson he will not soon forget, or attempt to induce in again.—Marinette Star.

Epworth Convention.

The thirteenth annual convention of the Epworth district of the Epworth League will be held in this city on Friday, Saturday and Sunday, June 27, 28 and 29.

It is expected that there will be fully one hundred delegates present and an interesting and instructive program has been prepared for the occasion. The convention will open on Friday afternoon at four o'clock with a reception to delegates and visitors. On Friday evening Miss Florence Ben Ohel, a native of Palestine, will give an oriental entertainment, in which she will be assisted by thirty people dressed in oriental costume.

On Saturday evening Elijah P. Brown of Indianapolis, formerly editor of the Ram's Horn, will give a lecture entitled "In the Spectacle Business." A full program of the entire convention will be published later, as at this writing the details are not all complete.

For Rent.

The most convenient cottage on Green Lake furnished to accommodate 10 people. For particulars, address C. A. WHITING, Waupun, Wis.

WE WILL CELEBRATE

A GLORIOUS FOURTH INDEED.

Work has Already Commenced on the Necessary Preparations—Other Items of Interest.

A meeting was held on Thursday evening for the purpose of making arrangements for holding a Fourth of July celebration in this city and a good crowd of business men was in attendance and the decision to hold a celebration was unanimous with those present.

Messrs. Nash, Johnson, Arpin and Kruger were appointed a committee to interview the business men and solicit contributions, and Messrs. Corriveau and Sutor were appointed a committee on celebration to prepare and engage attractions for the day, and Mayor Wheelan will act as chairman.

It is proposed to make the celebration the grandest and most elaborate thing of the kind ever held in this city. There will be a balloon ascension, baseball game, tent show, athletic contests of all kinds, and all events will take place on the main streets except the baseball game, which will be held at the fair grounds.

The sum of \$120 was left over from the money raised for the purpose of entertaining the members of the Municipal league and it is proposed to raise \$380 additional, making in all \$500 for the day's fun.

Negotiations are also in progress with several gun clubs in this section and it is probable that a tournament will be arranged for that day. This alone would be an attractive feature for those who enjoy this sport.

In the forenoon there will be a parade, both industrial and humorous, one of the largest of the kind ever witnessed in this section, and it is probable that some of the other events will occur in the forenoon.

Additional information will be given as arrangements are completed and there is no reason why the city should not have one of the largest crowds ever seen here.

The day will end with a grand ball at the opera house given by the United Brotherhood of papermakers, to which a general invitation will be extended.

Camp Cleghorn Assembly.—The program for 1902, for this popular assembly which is held near Waupaca each summer, has been completed. It is a strong one and contains the names of such speakers and entertainers as, Dr. M. C. B. Mason of Cincinnati, Ohio, the noted colored orator; Hon. Frank Stewart Regan, the famous chalk talker; Hon. E. R. Hicks, Attorney General of Wisconsin; Hon. S. B. Chase of Pennsylvania; Col. John Sobieski; Prof. O. W. Blain; Chas. Laing Herald; R. C. Hughes; C. Marshall Lowe; Katherine Carroll Smith, reader; Mae E. Peterson, soprano; Helea Jane Waldo, contralto. The dates for the season are August 12th to 25th. Rates of a fare and a third have been granted on all railroads in Wisconsin in the Western Passenger Association. This is one of the most democratic assemblies in the state, charging no admission fee to the grounds and presenting a varied and instructive program.

A Serious Mistake.—Mrs. A. L. Gross made a mistake on Monday evening that might have proved serious had it not been for the fact that circumstances favored her. The mistake was that she took a quality of carbolic acid thinking that it was medicine, and what saved her life was probably the fact that she did not swallow much of the poison. She had been taking medicine, and went to where she supposed the medicine bottle was sitting and picked up the carbolic acid bottle. She had been in the habit of taking a small drink of the medicine without measuring it, and it happened that there was only a small amount of carbolic acid in the bottle, so that she only got a little bit. A physician was called at once, however, and outside of a burned mouth she will probably not suffer any inconvenience.

A New Dance.—The National Association of Dancing Masters is in session in Milwaukee this week, and it is said that these dancing masters intend to make popular a new dance which will be known as the five step. These dancing masters meet every year, and, according to their story, they set the pace. That is, if they say a new dance shall be popular, it is popular. This extraordinary ability exists, to a great extent, only in their own imagination, however. The only dance they have brought out for years that cut any swath is the two step, and that got so popular that it became a permanent thing, the same as the waltz, and although they have announced at several conventions that the two step was "going out," it failed to go, and if such a thing is possible, it has become more popular each season.

Farmers' Institutes.—Any farmer or public-spirited business man in Wisconsin who wishes to secure an institute for his locality during the winter season of 1902-1903 should send to Superintendent George McKerron of the state board of agriculture at Madison for a blank petition and letter of information. Any town, no matter how small or far from the railroad, is entitled to an institute, provided it is located in a farming district and has a good hall in which a meeting can be held.

Was Well Attended.—The excursion train which passed through here on Sunday contained nine coaches, all of them loaded to their full capacity, and about 800 people got off at Marshfield. Thirty-seven tickets were sold

at this place to people who wanted to spend the day at Marshfield. Neither the railroad officers nor the people at Marshfield had expected such an attendance, and as a consequence they had made little or no preparation for their entertainment.

Flag Day.—Department Commander A. H. DeGroff has issued circulars to all G. A. R. Posts calling their attention to the fact that Saturday, June 14, is Flag day, and asking them to use their efforts to see that the day is properly observed. All who can do so are asked to display the American flag on that day, it being the anniversary of the birth of our flag.

Gun Club Scores.—The gun club held two blue rock events on Sunday with the following scores: First event, 25 birds—O. Gottheke, 24; Scott, 21; Nash, 16; Mason, 17; John Gurdy, 13; W. Conway, 18; F. Mosher, 14; Church, 14; C. Gottheke, 16; E. Taylor, 19. Second event, 25 birds—O. Gottheke, 18; Scott, 21; Nash, 19; Mason, 18; Gurdy, 12; Conway, 16; F. Mosher, 22; A. Mosher, 14; C. Gottheke, 17; E. Taylor, 17.

Attended Woodman Picnic.—Although the weather was most unfavorable nearly all day Thursday, a large number of people went down to Nekoosa to take in the annual picnic of the Modern Woodmen of America. Every train that went down carried a number, besides those that drove down during the afternoon. Most of them report a good time in spite of the rain.

Still in Business.—Some misunderstanding exists concerning the insurance business of Mrs. C. M. Fritzinger. While Mrs. Fritzinger has sold out her real estate business she still carries on the insurance business and is prepared to attend to all calls in this line. As she represents a large number of reliable companies there is no doubt of her success.

Verdict Was Suicide.—The coroners jury that held the inquest on the body of Albert Weisenborn brought in a verdict to the effect that the deceased had died from a bullet wound inflicted by his own hand. Their inquiry did not elicit any information as to what motive had caused the deceased to commit the deed.

A Good Show.—A large crowd greeted Richards & Pringle's minstrel show on Saturday evening and everybody seemed to be well pleased with the entertainment that was put up. There were several features of the entertainment that were really good, and everybody seemed to get a good laugh out of it.

Delivery Day. The Milwaukee Harvester company hold what they term a delivery day in this city on Saturday. On that day they will make delivery of as many of their machines as possible that have been sold.

Children's Day.—Children's day was observed at the M. E. church last Sunday, and in the evening a very pleasing program was rendered to a large congregation. The church was very prettily decorated for the occasion.

Lost A Bike. Geo. M. Hill lost a wheel one evening last week, somebody having removed it from the front porch. George would naturally be pleased to interview the miscreant for just a few minutes.

Baseball Sunday.—There will be a ball game at the fair grounds on Sunday afternoon between the Necedan and Grand Rapids teams. The boys promise a good game.

Unclaimed Letters.

West Side.

List of letters unclaimed in the west side postoffice, for the week ending June 9, 1902.

Barrett, C. J.	Sewaske, Fred
Brader, Herman	Blanchard, L. J.
Hadiak, Joseph	Forbes, Mrs. Mary
Mason, A. N.	Hellige, Mrs. Mary
Nearman, D. S.	

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say "advertised."

R. A. McDONALD, Postmaster.

East Side.

Following is the list of unclaimed letters in the east side postoffice, for the week ending June 11, 1902:

Anderson, Andrew	Buenger, Mrs. W.
Briller, Henry	Cork, Mrs. Jennie
Prop. American House	Kault, Mrs. L. R.
Peterson, Wm. Care	Lawson, Mrs. Lida E.
Frank Kruger	Wilson, Mrs. Emma

Persons calling for the above please say "advertised."

A. L. FONTAINE, Postmaster.

St. John's Church.

At the annual council of the Diocese of Fond du Lac, held June 3d and 4th, it was arranged by Bishop Weller that the Rev. Father Kroil should take charge of the work in Marshfield in connection with his work at Grand Rapids. He is to spend alternate Sundays at both places, having his residence at Grand Rapids. Circumstances have necessitated this temporary arrangement and we trust it won't be long before regular Sunday services will again be instituted. Father Kroil will be in Marshfield Sunday, June 15th, and in Grand Rapids the following Sunday.

Death of Robert Schlatterer.

Robert Schlatterer, the eight-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Schlatterer, died on Tuesday morning from pneumonia, after a sickness of about a week.

The funeral was held on Thursday from the Catholic church. The parents have the sympathy of the community in their loss.

—One big load of dry kindling wood delivered to any part of the city for \$1.25. BADGER BOX & LUMBER CO., Telephone No. 314.

Mr. Carmack Wants Senate to Look Into Dismissal of Former Wisconsin Woman.

Washington, D. C., June 10.—Shortly after the Senate convened today, Mr. Carmack (Tenn.), introduced a resolution directing the committee on civil service and retirement to investigate the case of Rebecca J. Taylor, a former Wisconsin woman, a clerk in the ward department who was discharged from her position for the alleged reason of criticizing the administration of the president.

Miss Rebecca Taylor is a kinswoman of Representative McCleary of Minnesota. She wrote Senator Carmack a letter in the name of the late President McKinley. They were so bitter that he caused inquiries to be made as to her identity. When he found that she was a government clerk he dropped the investigation.

BIG BANKING TRUST.

North American Trust Company Proposes Great Financial Enterprise.

New York, June 10.—The North American Trust Company of New York is promoting a gigantic combination of national banks of the country, which is to include one national bank in each financial center of the country. This combination will be known as the American Bankers' Corporation, which has been chartered quietly under the general incorporation act of New Jersey with a capital of \$5,000,000. The charter provides for a surplus of \$1,000,000.

The scheme is the outcome of the branch banking movement. The plan is outlined in a letter from the trust company to the several financiers with whom it is negotiating. It is as follows:

The idea of branch banking is not a new one. It has been tried in various forms, but it is in this country for various reasons, chief of which is that each state has different banking laws.

Permits of Expansion. The national banking has been amended to permit of expansion in this direction by the establishment of small-sized banks. During the question of taxation, there would seem to be no objection to the organization of an immense national bank, with the very purpose in view provided it were established under the laws of one state and plus to acquire a sufficient number of banks throughout the country.

To Take No Deposits. The main object, namely Jersey City, will be only for the purpose of such holders. No deposits will be accepted by the parent institution, which will conduct its operations to the investment of its capital and surplus.

The first purchase will be a large New York city national bank. New York will be the practical base of operations. The New York bank will also be executive of the corporation. It will be absolutely necessary to obtain a national bank in New Jersey. The only state which will be the annual one-tenth of 1 per cent. on \$5,000,000 capital.

Seeks Bare Control. With the exception perhaps of the New York Central bank, only bare controlling interest in the out-of-door bank will be bought. The plan is to own each state the controlling interest in at least one good bank, which will have sufficient surplus to permit of purchase of several local organizations. The plan is to have the smaller capitalization in proportion to deposits obtainable the larger the profits.

The capital stock will be divided into United States and state bonds. It will be noted that the central plan is the foundation to utilize the federal reserve credit of such an institution by means of numerous small capitalizations throughout the country.

Think Run Impossible. The fact that it will not receive deposits at headquarters or primary branches of a banking business would make a run on the parent institution impossible. Profits will be sufficient to pay interest on the bonds. Other banks will continue to exist, but they will be under the control of the parent institution.

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TEN PERISH IN A FIRE.

Roasted Alive in St. Luke's Sanatorium at Chicago.

BIG HOSPITAL BURNED.

Patients, Tied and Helpless, Die Before Aid Can Reach Them.

Chicago, Ill., June 10.—Of the thirty-four persons injured in the St. Luke's Sanatorium fire yesterday it is feared that three will die, thus bringing the total of deaths to thirteen. Those reported in a critical condition today are: T. T. Meares, Eboliy, Falls, Va., badly burned about face and hands; body: A. W. Warrick, Chicago, badly burned and bruised; Mrs. Amelia Wilson, Chicago, badly burned.

The other thirty-one injured persons were reported better of their burns, but most of them were still badly shaken by their nerves by the horror of what they endured and witnessed yesterday.

The eight men arrested last night are still held today, including O. E. Miller, president of the St. Luke's Society. Miller is said to have lived in Denver at one time, where he was in the banking business. A search of the records of the health department today failed to discover any record showing that the hospital had been licensed according to the law. Coroner Truesdell today sent his deputy to interview the victims of the fire and decided to postpone the inquest for a few days till a complete investigation has been made.

"There will be a full investigation," said the coroner, "and it may make some body wonder whether it is not a new one. It has been tried in various forms, but it is in this country for various reasons, chief of which is that each state has different banking laws."

Samuel H. Markham, attorney for the men under arrest, said today that the society had applied several times for a hospital license, but had always been refused because the people in the neighborhood of the hospital objected to the location of such a place near them.

He said that Mr. Miller applied for a license after the society moved into the Hotel Woodruff, but had not received it. The institution was conducted by Dr. O. E. Miller for the purpose of curing victims of the excessive use of morphine, cocaine and alcohol. His patients were from all over the country and the loss is understood to have reached \$50,000.

Pitiable Death of Billy Kent. Perhaps the most pitiable of all the deaths was that of Billy Kent. Not only was he totally blind, but he was lucid in a straitjacket.

His hands were strapped to his waist. Kent was blind and had been a member of the state legislature and was a delegate to the Republican national conventions of 1884, 1888 and 1892. His blindness was due to a gunshot wound received at the hands of a saloonkeeper.

Bad Blaze in Philadelphia. Philadelphia, Pa., June 10.—The German town Junction Elevator and Warehouse Company building, 2029 North Broad street, and the grain warehouse of L. J. Miller & Sons, 2931 North Broad street, together with a half dozen dwelling houses in the neighborhood, were destroyed by fire today. The loss is estimated at \$125,000.

Five Die at Saratoga. Saratoga, N. Y., June 10.—The number of dead in the fire yesterday morning is five. The victims are: MRS. ELIZABETH, suffocated; HOWLAND, DAVID, burned to death; HOWLAND, MRS. DAVID, burned to death; HARRINGTON, MISS, body still in the ruins.

Not Expected that Conference Between Mitchell and Wright Will Bring About Settlement.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 10.—In the absence of President Mitchell from strike headquarters today there was a dearth of news from the miners side. President Mitchell is expected to arrive here from New York late this afternoon.

Not much significance is placed on his visit to Commissioner Wright, it being generally believed that he went to the metropolis merely to give the labor commissioner some inside information for the benefit of President Roosevelt.

The miners' arrest in this valley, said today, there was no change in the conditions at their collieries. Water is slowly accumulating in many of the mines throughout the entire region.

About twenty-five men who were engaged in fighting fire at the Jersey mine of the Delaware Lackawanna & Western Company deserted their posts. This is said to be a serious matter for the company which is short of men.

About sixteen men and women were arrested by coal and iron police and constables at Nanueton today in connection with the desertion of the miners.

Wardman who was on his way home from the Delaware Lackawanna & Western collieries.

Divide Stone Ransom. Secret Congress Meets in Sofia to Arrange for Disposition of Money Paid for Missionary's Freedom.

Sofia, Roumelia, June 10.—The Struma, a newspaper published at Kostendit, Bulgaria, says it has transpired that a secret congress of delegates from Kostendit, Dubnitsa and elsewhere, met in Sofia at the end of March and arranged for the disposition of the money received as ransom for Miss Ellen W. Stone, the American missionary, and her companion, Mme. Tarkka, Karamoff, alias Tchernoff, the leader of the brigands which captured the missionaries, was among the delegates who it seemed to send lands into Macedonia on a secret mission.

The Crop Report. Washington, D. C., June 10.—The average condition of winter wheat on June 1 was 76.1 as compared with 70.4 on May 1, 1902. The average of spring wheat June 1 was 95.4 as compared with 92 at the corresponding date last year.

Following were the government report conditions June 10 in previous years:

Year. Wheat. Winter. Spring. Barley. Oats. Rye. Corn. Sorghum. Cotton. Tobacco. Sugar. Rice. Fruit. Vegetables. Livestock. Poultry. Fish. Shellfish. Minerals. Manufactures. Commerce. Finance. Education. Health. Recreation. Religion. Social. Miscellaneous.

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THE WORK OF CONGRESS.

Proceedings in the House. The debate on the anti-anarchy bill continued all day in the House on the 10th. It was a heated discussion, and the bill was passed by a vote of 190 to 170.

The general debate in the House on the anti-anarchy bill was closed on the 10th. The bill was passed by a vote of 190 to 170. The bill was passed by a vote of 190 to 170.

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SHE SUNK LIKE A SHOT.

Steamer Thomas Wilson Cut Down by the George G. Hadley.

LIVES LOST AT DULUTH

Several Members of the Wilson's Crew Carried Down by the Steamer.

Duluth, Minn., June 7.—The whaleback steamer Thomas Wilson, Capt. Cameron, master, was cut almost in two by the steamer George G. Hadley, Capt. Fitzgerald, master, a half mile south of the Duluth canal today, and nine men went down. They were mostly men of the night crew who had not time to get out of their bunks before the vessel went to the bottom.

The names of the men lost are: AARON TRIPP, cook. FRANK, second cook, Superior, shipped at Toledo last trip. JAMES McDUGALL, officer, West Superior. JOSEPH M. FRASER, officer, Manistota Island. JAMES M. FRASER, wheelman, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. JOHN CAMPBELL, lookout, Greenleaf, Mich. JOHN CAREY, deck hand, St. Catharines, Ont. THOMAS JONES, deck hand. WILLIAM ROEBUCK, fireman, Port Lempore.

The Wilson was coming toward the canal and the Hadley was going out, both loaded. Just before reaching the canal and when about opposite the Wilson, the Hadley was given orders by a tug to go to Superior. Immediately she sheered off for the Superior entry and crashed directly into the Wilson.

The Wilson went down so quickly that it did not seem possible that she was a live one. The two boats were plowing through the water 200 yards apart, the next the crew of the Wilson could be seen throwing off their clothing and jumping into the water. One man on the Wilson seemed to have more presence of mind than all the rest. He threw his life preservers to those that jumped into the cold water, without thinking, and he certainly saved some lives. The crew of the Hadley also threw preservers to the men struggling in the water.

Capt. M. C. Cameron of the Wilson could not be seen, which he charged, and was saved. Boats crushed under the spot where the steamer had sunk for a half hour, hoping to pick up some of the missing men, but without avail.

Immediately after the collision the Wilson pitched forward and went down. The Hadley's steering apparatus seemed to be paralyzed after the collision. She swung round in a circle several times and apparently utterly helpless. However, her crew did good work in throwing preservers to the unfortunate seamen in the water.

In a few moments it was apparent that the Hadley was heading down and the crew could be seen stripping themselves and lowering boats. Some of them got into the boats, but when the Hadley sank to within a foot of her deck she seemed to cease sinking for a few moments and the water began to calm.

The race of the life-saving crew and the tugs for the wreck was thrilling. The Hadley would not have made the shore had it not been for the tugs and that probably means that so many more lives were saved. The life-saving crew did quick and reliable service picking up the men in the water.

The Hadley had a hard run for shore and did not win the race by any great margin, for a moment after her bow went to the bottom, just south of the canal, the Hadley's stern began to rise, and finally went down with a spouting of water similar to that which marked the sinking of the Wilson, though not to the extent that the water was thrown upon the whaleback. As the time settled down to the bottom, the two lifted a hull, and the water engulfed the vessel from amidships to stern.

Fairly half of the way in from the scene of the accident to the point of beaching, the decks of the Hadley were covered with water, and the members of the crew that were compelled to stay by her took to the upper works.

The Wilson went down in eighty feet of water, and only a few feet of her spars were to be seen.

The Hadley has probably had more bad luck than any steamer now in service. She was built in 1888 for the man whose name she bears.

With him on board the Hadley came a being lost the first season in a Lake Superior gale. Early this season the steamer was so badly battered in another Lake Superior gale that \$15,000 had to be expended in fixing her up. This is her first trip since coming out of drydock after that disaster. She is owned by Col. W. P. Read of Chicago.

A DOG SOUGHT TO SAVE HIS MASTER. Faithful Animal Tried to Get Gladstone Man Off the Track—Both Were Killed.

Madison, Mich., June 7.—[Special.]—While making his way homeward along the railroad track last evening, Isaac Swanson was run over by an ore train and killed. Swanson was accompanied by his dog, and it is said that the animal tried to get the man out of danger, a supposition which seemingly is confirmed by the fact that the dog also met death. Swanson leaves a wife and six small children.

Aged Men Killed by Train. Paducah, Ky., June 7.—An Illinois Central passenger train struck a buggy containing Marion Cole, aged 60, and Ned Parker, aged 87, prominent farmers at Fryersburg last night and killed both men. A freight train broke in two near the same place this morning and killed an unknown train.

Oxford to Honor Choate. London, June 7.—Oxford University will confer the honorary degree of doctor of civil law on Joseph H. Choate, the United States ambassador.

There are now being constructed in front of New York theaters automobile cab stands, numbers in electric lights being shown. A similar device has been designed to show the names of stations on railroad trains.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH. MILWAUKEE—Flour—Steady. Wheat—Steady. No. 1 Northern, on track, 70¢; No. 2 Northern, on track, 68¢; No. 3 Northern, on track, 66¢; No. 4 Northern, on track, 64¢; No. 5 Northern, on track, 62¢; No. 6 Northern, on track, 60¢; No. 7 Northern, on track, 58¢; No. 8 Northern, on track, 56¢; No. 9 Northern, on track, 54¢; No. 10 Northern, on track, 52¢; No. 11 Northern, on track, 50¢; No. 12 Northern, on track, 48¢; No. 13 Northern, on track, 46¢; No. 14 Northern, on track, 44¢; No. 15 Northern, on track, 42¢; No. 16 Northern, on track, 40¢; No. 17 Northern, on track, 38¢; No. 18 Northern, on track, 36¢; No. 19 Northern, on track, 34¢; No. 20 Northern, on track, 32¢; No. 21 Northern, on track, 30¢; No. 22 Northern, on track, 28¢; No. 23 Northern, on track, 26¢; No. 24 Northern, on track, 24¢; No. 25 Northern, on track, 22¢; No. 26 Northern, on track, 20¢; No. 27 Northern, on track, 18¢; No. 28 Northern, on track, 16¢; No. 29 Northern, on track, 14¢; No. 30 Northern, on track, 12¢; No. 31 Northern, on track, 10¢; No. 32 Northern, on track, 8¢; No. 33 Northern, on track, 6¢; No. 34 Northern, on track, 4¢; No. 35 Northern, on track, 2¢; No. 36 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 37 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 38 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 39 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 40 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 41 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 42 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 43 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 44 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 45 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 46 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 47 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 48 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 49 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 50 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 51 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 52 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 53 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 54 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 55 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 56 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 57 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 58 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 59 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 60 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 61 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 62 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 63 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 64 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 65 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 66 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 67 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 68 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 69 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 70 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 71 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 72 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 73 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 74 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 75 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 76 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 77 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 78 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 79 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 80 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 81 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 82 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 83 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 84 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 85 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 86 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 87 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 88 Northern, on track, 0¢; No. 89 Northern, on track, 0¢

UNMARRIED BUT NOT MATED

By "RITA."

CHAPTER XIII.—(Continued.)

He turned it over and over, marveling for whom it was intended. At last he broke the seal, meaning only to read the first line, as a clue to whom it was written. But it commenced without any form or preamble, and instinctively he read on.

"Something warns me that my time on earth is drawing to an end. You have broken my heart, and you know it. I might have expected no mercy, for has not my past shown me what mercy your race are alone capable of showing? And yet, as you know what I suffered at other hands, you at least might have spared me now. I am glad that death is approaching; it will be kinder than any form of punishment, and as my secret dies with me, so also dies your power. Do not attempt to threaten my son as you have threatened me—do not for one instant flatter yourself that he will buy your silence, or preserve the secret of your power as I, his weak and most unhappy mother, have done. You have sown distrust and coldness between me and the only thing I loved. I cannot find it in my heart to forgive you, but I do say, heaven deal with you as no human law or human justice can. Sometimes I think I have been wrong to believe you—that I should have fought you on your own ground, or confessed the truth to one better able to deal with your cunning and your power. But it is too late now. I was weak enough to yield once, and that once was all you needed. If death releases me from my bargain, it will be kinder than any human friend can be. One thing more I must say, Ivor has forbidden your presence here. Do not, therefore, force yourself upon me. Remember that flesh and blood cannot always stand such severity as yours, and one day I—even I—might be weak enough to repent and confess all. You best know how far such confession would serve your ends. Do not try my strength too severely. The check is inclosed as usual, and, as usual, I must request the form of a receipt. The total is nearly reached now—at what cost you know as well as I myself."

That was all. As Ivor Grant reached the last line his face turned ashy pale; yet even now he was as far as ever from solving the mystery that had placed his mother in the power of this man. He dropped the paper on the table, and his hand, as it rested on the margin of the drawer, involuntarily grasped the wood with a fierce, nervous pressure. As he did so, a faint "click" caught his ear. The wooden panel at the back of the drawer fell open suddenly, revealing an aperture containing some papers. He started to his feet; a cold sweat bathed his brow. Swift as thought his hands seized the documents and dragged them from their hiding place.

One by one he opened and read them. One by one they brought to him at last the revelation of that secret to which he would have given any history, any name, save this. This—What was it that flamed and burnt before his eyes—a truth too plain, too terrible for doubt—a truth that framed itself into one bitter word, and so faced him there in very mockery of that dead woman's love, and weakness. Ay, and worse—dishonor, beggary, ruin, a lasting shame, a lost inheritance—a very earthquake of desolation that in one second of time blasted and laid low his whole life.

The papers fell from his nerveless hand—fell one by one like the hopes that had slain the memories they had poisoned. One great tearless sob heaved his chest; he sank slowly down, and his head fell forward on his arms. There was a great silence in the room—a silence as of death.

For it was worse than any death blow that had struck Ivor Grant down now to the very dust of agony and shame; and he met it without a word, without a word of reproach against the woman whose hand had dealt it—blindly, ignorantly, perchance, but only too surely and fatally for all that.

CHAPTER XIV.

Dusk and shadow fall the shadows in the little church yard beyond the Rectory. A woman is standing beside a mound of newly turned earth, gazing down on it with white and sorrowful face. Her eyes turn from thence to the gables and towers of the Court, where they catch the dying glow of the reddened sky.

"How lonely he must be!" she says to herself. "How lonely!"

The tears are on her lashes still, as a footstep echoes on the gravel walk behind. They are there as she turns around and confronts the intruder on her solitude.

"Why—Tom?" she says, surprised.

A hand goes up to touch a cap. A bright, honest face looks up to hers in undisguised delight.

"Thank you, ma'am—yes, ma'am, it's me," he answers, as if she might be in doubt on the subject. "I've just bin to speak to the sexton, ma'am, as Sir Ivor ordered. Your pardon, ma'am, as Sir Ivor goin' up to the Court to see my master?"

A flood of scarlet rushes over the white face.

"I—oh, no," she answers, hurriedly.

"I thought as how you might," the lad says, sinking his voice to lower tones, as a troubled look comes over his face. "I wish someone would see him—someone as court do him good or cheer him. He's so changed, ma'am."

"He is in great grief," remarks, faintly, longing—oh! how wildly and vainly—that it were not so wrong and so impossible to follow the lad's simple wish, that only for one moment she might touch the hand and look on the face of this man who is so dear to her.

"Changed?" echoes Tom. "Ay, he is so changed; but it ain't that I mean. Something's come to him worse than any grief, though he did grieve sorely for his mother, poor lady! But 'tis two days ago that the new trouble came. Oh, ma'am," he cries, coming a step nearer, and speaking yet more earnestly in his great dread, "you and he was good friends, I know. Can't you do nothing for him? I don't know what to make of it. 'Tain't only a couple of days ago he said he was go-

ing on the Continent, and I was to go with him. We was to travel about—rough it, so Sir Ivor said, and, oh, ma'am, I was that pleased and honored, and now—now he sends for me, and he says, 'Tom,' he says, 'my plans is all changed. I am a poor man, not a rich one. I'm going away all by myself. This place ain't mine at all, 'Tom,' he says. 'There's been a great deception and a great wrong. I'm not your master any longer, and I'm just as poor, 'Tom, as you was yourself when first I knew you.' There, ma'am; them's just his words, and I leave you to think if I wasn't knocked all of a heap when I heard them. Now, what does it all mean, that's what I wants to know?"

"Mean! I can't imagine!" exclaims Beryl Marsden. "He must be dreaming. No master of the Court! Why, who is?"

"That's just what I see," cries Tom, triumphantly, "and all those lawyer chaps have been down a worrying and a puzzling their heads about it, and one of them says: 'You stay here, Sir Ivor, until it's proved. It's a most mysterious affair.' But he says he won't stay, and, oh, ma'am, if you were to see him, so white and so changed, and such an awful look upon his face, it would make your heart ache. I know it makes mine."

"But this is very mysterious," she cries in agitation. "What can have happened? Mrs. Grant had no other son. Of course Sir Ivor is the rightful owner of the Court. Perhaps grief has affected his mind."

"I don't know," says Tom dismally. "He promised as how I was to go with him, and now he says I ain't; but all the same I means to follow wherever he goes," he adds, dropping his voice and glancing around. "Tain't wages I want, I'd serve him till I died. He was so good to me, he was, and I ain't a going to forget it."

"You're a good lad," says Beryl hastily. "Yes, don't leave him. Oh, I wish—I wish I knew what his trouble was," she cries passionately, "I wish I could help him."

"Why don't you go and ask him, ma'am?" suggests Tom. He's lonely enough up there, only the lawyer chaps come, and they worry him more than enough."

"I—I can't," stammers Beryl, as again that hot, ashamed flush stains her white face. "I'm very, very sorry, 'Tom; you may tell him that—tell him I from me; but I can't say more, and I can't do anything. I wish to heaven I could!"

"He was so good to the little gentleman," says Tom, wistfully. "I seed him myself a nursin' and a watchin' him night after night. Seems queer to me that you, as is his mother, can't help my poor master even by a word. All his friends seems a turning their backs on him now. That's just what he said."

"Oh, hush—hush!" cries Beryl passionately. "You don't know what you're talking about. He—he will understand what I mean if you give him my message."

"I'll give it safe enough," says Tom, looking more and more puzzled; "seems to me, though, the quality has a mighty strange way of showin' friendship. If one of my sort's in trouble, neither man nor woman makes any sort of fuss 'bout going to them, if 'tis only to say they're sorry for 'em. I'm sure Sir Ivor would take it much kinder if you went to see him, stead of sending a message."

"Be silent!" she cries almost fiercely. "You forget yourself; you don't know what you say."

Tom shrinks back alarmed and abashed.

"I beg your pardon, ma'am," he says. "No offense meant, I'm sure. If you'd seen my master as I've seen him, you'd feel sorry too. I didn't think you'd be angry if I told you."

"I am not angry," she says, with a sound as of tears in her voice, and a look of passionate yearning in her eyes as they rest on the old Court's gabled roof. "You're a good boy—a faithful boy. You mean well, I know. But don't speak to me any more. I want to be alone. I—I came here to be alone."

She makes no sound or movement till that solitary figure is visible no longer. Then her arms go up with a wild gesture, and she throws herself down on the cold clay of the newly made grave, sobbing as if her heart would break.

How long has she laid there—an hour?—two, three? Half a lifetime, it seems to her, for sorrow comes with slow tread. Be the time long or short, however, she is awakened at last by the touch of a hand on her shoulder, and springing to her feet she sees in the light of the cold wintry moon the face of the man for whose sake that hour of bitter grief has been passed.

Changed! O how changed! she wildly thinks, reading his sorrowful lines, his anguish and pain, as only a woman's eyes can read the face of one she loves.

"Beryl!" he says, hoarsely. "You here?"

Her pale face grows paler still. The hand she has raised to greet him falls listlessly by her side.

"Did I not love her also?" she says. "Was it wrong that I should come to her last resting place?"

"Wrong?" so great a flood of joy lights his face and sweeps over his heart, that it needs no words to say how little she need fear one word of accusation. "It was kind of you—very kind of you."

Then his voice breaks, and for a moment his fear-filled silence they stand and gaze into each other's eyes, as never had they thought to gaze again.

Quite suddenly, the woman's pity burst asunder the barrier of her self-control. It is not in her power to gaze upon such a changed face unmoved.

"You have had great trouble. I—I heard it. If I say to you, I am sorry—"

But then her strength gives way. A burst of sobs rends her breast.

"Oh, Ivor—Ivor!" she cries, "what is it? Can't you tell me?"

"I can tell you if you wish," he says hoarsely; "you will hear it soon enough. It is only that I am a nameless beggar, instead of being what—that I have always thought myself."

DESERT ANIMALS.

Sandy Wastes Where Reptiles and Quadrupeds Thrive.

There are cold deserts and hot deserts but it is in the latter that the presence and continuance of animal life are the more remarkable. There are almost no places, however hot the sun or waterless the sand, where some life does not exist, often of an unexpected kind. The Afghan delimitation commission found that a horrible sandy desert which had to be crossed to reach the boundary swarmed with large snakes; and the waterless plains of Arizona abound in reptiles and insects, says the London Spectator.

Probably the least-known desert in the world is the Great Sahara, because the oases in its center are occupied by intensely hostile and warlike tribes, whose hatred of the French is a kind of delirium. But on its northern fringe two animals are found which seem specially adapted for life in this forbidden land. They are the addax antelope and Loder's gazelle. The addax is an ugly, awkward-looking animal, with spiral horns, and very wide-spread hoofs which enable it to go at a great pace over the sand. Pliny knew of its existence, and was naturally interested in it for as South Africa was as yet undiscovered, this was one of the few species of antelope known to the ancients. It was not rediscovered till Ruppell found it near Dougla. As it is rather a large antelope, it requires a considerable amount of food, and the difficulty which suggested itself was to discover where it found this food.

It is now fairly certain that the addax follows the rains which fall at certain seasons, and probably travels vast distances in the wake of the seasonal storms. The immense area of desert in northern Africa makes this possible, though without special knowledge of the meteorology of that part of the continent it would be unsafe to assert that there is always rain going on in some part of the desert fringe. How the addax supports itself in these absolutely dry intervals is not known. Gazelles are mainly desert animals, but Loder's gazelle seems to have rather more than the family leaning toward the lands of thist and sand. Another gazelle differing very little from it is quite common on the edge of the desert; but this creature never came near the fringe of civilization, and it was not till a special expedition was organized that any trustworthy tidings were obtained of it. When at last it was found it was in a place not absolutely waterless, for there was a well the sides of which were made of woven half-grass, somewhere in the neighborhood; but this water was quite inaccessible to the gazelles, and the desert all round was long billows of rolling wind-drifted sand.

Rifle for British Cavalry.

The British cavalry soldier is to carry a rifle in place of a carbine. The butt of the rifle will rest in a leather socket fastened to the saddle, just behind the trooper, and will stand upright, the muzzle being attached to the left shoulder by a sling.

Dromedary Race in Algeria.

A dromedary race between Biskra and Tagurta, Algeria, is being organized. The distance to be covered is 140 miles.

In Japanese shipyards eight vessels are being built for San Francisco and Seattle lines.

FARM AND GARDEN

Treating Rot in Peaches.

The brown rot of peaches is generally familiar to growers of this fruit, but many are careless in ridding their orchards of the pest, probably because they do not appreciate the damage the fungous growth does. The illustration fairly shows how the mummified peaches look when attacked with this disease. Not only is the fruit attacked by this disease, but the twigs are also affected, and the growth is much more formidable during a damp growing season than a dry one.

It seems unnecessary to say that much of the trouble from this difficulty could be avoided; that is, the disease might be checked, if these mummified specimens were picked from the trees before the buds appear in the spring.

As with most fungous diseases of fruit trees, this brown rot may be largely overcome by spraying. It would occupy too much space to go into the de-



MUMMIFIED PEACHES.

tails of this disease here and tell how to combat it, hence the reader, if a peach-grower, wherever located, is advised to send a request to the director of the Georgia Experiment Station, located at Experiment Station Postoffice, Ga. If not a resident of Georgia, send a 2-cent stamp for the bulletin and ask for Bulletin No. 50.

Repeated Trials of Crops.

Every farmer who has tried the plan knows that he frequently fails to get a satisfactory crop of some grain or vegetable, and does not always succeed in getting a stand of the crops sown for stock. This is often the case with crimson clover, and sometimes with the cow pea and with alfalfa.

Several recent communications from correspondents who have adopted the suggestion offered in this column regarding alfalfa state that they tried the plan, but did not get a satisfactory stand, and hence would give it up. This is wrong, as the writer can testify, for on several occasions he has failed to get a satisfactory stand without any apparent cause for the failure except in one instance, when the seed was poor.

On the other hand, other sowings have brought good stands, and additional trials on the same land where previous failures had been made resulted in success. If tests on small plots show that certain crops can be grown on the farm, one ought not to be discouraged at a single failure, especially with such a crop as alfalfa, which promises so much to the American farmer.

Milking in Australia.

In Australia they have a novel way of milking in some of the large dairies, which precludes the access of dirt and filth to the milk pail while milking. It is a milking glove or tube. The valve fits over the teat and is connected with a long narrow tube which leads to a covered pail. The orifices in the lid of the pail are just large enough to admit the tubes into the pail and are not attached to them. The plan seems to be the most feasible of any of the devices for the purpose of excluding foreign substances from the milk pail. It is very important that all deleterious substances be kept from the milk pail in any way that can be employed consistent with economy.

Price of Binder Twine.

Binder twine is higher this year than for the past twelve years, with the exception of 1898. Wholesale prices are about one-third higher at the present time than a year ago, and there has not been a time for years past when twine was as scarce in the Chicago market. If the harvest should be light or if the growth of straw is not heavy, there will probably be no material advance over present prices and the supply of twine will be ample. If, however, we should have seasonable rains throughout the country, resulting in a rank growth of straw, there is likely to be a twine famine, for the simple reason that there is not twine enough in the country to bind a heavy harvest.—Farm, Field and Fireside.

To Destroy Potato Bugs.

Hand-picking of potato bugs is a slow process, and if the spot is a large one many of the plants will be in-

jured by the beetles before the work is finished. On the appearance of the pests go over the plot and spray with paris green, which destroys them quicker than by any other method. Delay in so doing, even for a day, may result in the vines being so seriously injured as to render it impossible for them to recover their vitality, the yield of the crop being consequently reduced to a certain extent.

Utilize Waste Places.

Fence corners and waste places may be utilized for the purpose of planting shade trees for windbreaks, or even fruit trees. Where these places have grown up with large weeds or brush a simple plan for ridding them up is to feed animals their fodder during the winter in these vicinities. In sloughs where ordinary crops will not thrive willows may be planted, as these will furnish a large amount of wood after a few years. When land was worth \$5 and \$10 an acre a little waste around fence corners was of small significance, but now that land has risen to \$50 and \$100 per acre one cannot afford to give up the use of four or five acres of land on every quarter section. One writer in Iowa Homestead, estimates the amount of waste land due to fences in a State like Iowa to be 222,000 acres. This, it is claimed, might be made to produce profitable crops.

Bloating Cows.

There is always more or less complaint regarding the bloating of cows during the first weeks after they have been turned out to pasture. Doubtless a part of the trouble is due to the animal, long deprived of green food, overloading her stomach and at the same time drinking copiously of water.

Often times, however, the trouble is either due to improper feeding or else the animal has an attack of indigestion. In either case the remedy is in an entire change of diet, avoiding any food that is not of the best quality and confining the grain ration to such as are of easy digestion.

The quality of the water drunk by the animal should be looked into carefully and particularly if the water is from a stream in the pasture. If there is the slightest doubt about the quality of the water, the source of supply should be changed.

Grain and Dairy Farming.

An important difference between dairy farming and grain farming is the amount of the farm that is sold with the product that is of the fertility of the farm. The man who sells a ton of wheat sells in it about \$7 worth of fertilizing elements, and if he does not buy something to replace them his farm is so much poorer. The dairyman who sells a ton of butter has sold but 50 cents' worth of fertilizing material, and if he is a good dairyman, he has probably added much more than that, or twenty times that to the value of the farm in the bran, oil meal, cotton seed, or other food that he purchased while feeding his cows for making that ton of butter. It is in this way that the dairyman's farm is continually growing more productive, and if he does not make much from his dairy, he should from the crops that he can grow on his much enriched soil.—American Cultivator.

Dairy Notes.

See that each cow eats her food clean.

Cows fed on rich food make rich manure.

Better five cows on full feed than ten on scant rations.

Try an increase in rations before condemning a cow.

Skill in feeding will make a vast difference in the profits.

If butter is overworked it will show an oily or greasy look.

Do not let the cream get thick sour; churn when slightly acid.

A good separator does wonderfully close skimming if intelligently handled.

One essential to success in dairying is a cow fitted for a special purpose.

Fall and winter calves will make fully as good dairy cows as spring calves.

Rich food will make rich milk and rich milk will make the most cream and butter.

In dairying especially, economy of land means the fewest acres and the most cows.

One of the best ways to judge a cow's worth is to milk her; the result will usually be more satisfactory.

Much of the butter made on the farm loses much of its value before reaching market by improper handling.

If you are after a good dairy cow, it is not desirable to lay too much stress on having a good beef animal too.

There is no complicated work about making gilt-edged butter, if one will only follow the right principles in the art.

A pound of butter can be produced as to give a better profit than a quart of milk, if proper management is given.

A thorough washing with a warm, weak solution of soda, followed by a hot water bath, will effectively clean metal milk vessels.

During the summer considerable care must be exercised, as the cream being a little too warm or a trifle too acid will injure the quality of the butter.

It is often found that the animal giving the most milk is not the one that gives the most butter fat. A smaller yield of milk with a higher per cent of butter fat may make the cow the real leader of the herd.

It is often that the color of the butter is injured to a more or less extent by too much working. The force applied breaks the globules and exposes the hard, white stearine and margarine in their centers, which is on their outer parts when they are whole.

THE HOUSEHOLD

Benzine to Prevent Moths.

Upholstered furniture may be protected from the ravages of moths by spraying two or three times during the summer with naphtha or benzine. If you have no regular sprayer, take a small watering pot, such as is used for sprinkling house plants, and sprinkle in April, June and August. These materials will not harm the most delicate fabrics, and the unpleasant odor soon passes off, if the article is placed in the air. Care must be taken not to carry on this work near the fire or by gaslight on account of the inflammability of the agents employed.

Tough Onions.

Tough onions cut in half-inch transverse slices and cooked soft in salted water are as nice as tender onions. Boiled onions served with a cream sauce are more easily digested and more delicious than when served with drawn butter. To a pint of boiled, seasoned onions, add one point of cream, or equal parts of cream and milk, and a rounded tablespoonful of butter, all brought to the scalding point and poured over the hot onions. A cheesecloth vegetable bag (kept for this purpose only) is a great convenience in boiling onions and prevents waste.

Prune Jelly.

Soak one pound of prunes in one quart of water three hours, drain them and strain the water in which they have been soaked, to which add one pound of sugar; put on stove and let come to boil; now add prunes which have had the stones removed and been picked up into small pieces, and boil for about fifteen minutes; stir into the boiling prunes one-half box of gelatine, which has been soaked in a little cold water; add the juice of one lemon and pour into a mold; set away to harden and serve with whipped cream.

Soup of Green Peas.

Put one quart of green peas over the fire in three quarts of boiling water with three French carrots, a small turnip cut into dice and a small white onion chopped; cover tightly and let the vegetables cook until tender; rub two ounces of butter with a small tablespoonful of flour, add a little of the soup to this to thin it, and then stir all together, add an even tablespoonful of finely minced parsley, an even teaspoonful of sugar, and salt and pepper to taste; let it come to a boil and then serve.

Stewed Calf's Liver.

Wash and cut a calf's liver in slices. Into a deep saucepan put one turnip, one carrot, one stalk of celery and one onion (all sliced); lay the liver on top of the vegetables, sprinkle salt and pepper over all and pour on a pint of boiling water; cover and let stew until the liver is tender. When done take out the liver and put it on a hot platter; strain the gravy and thicken with one tablespoonful of butter and one of browned flour; stir, and when it boils take from the fire and pour over the meat.

Chicken with Pea Sauce.

Cut a young chicken as for fricassee, and place it in a baking-pan. Cover with a pint of stock; season with salt and pepper and a tablespoonful of chopped parsley; cover with another pan, and let it cook for half an hour. After it has been in the oven about fifteen minutes add to the gravy one can of French peas. When the chicken is cooked take it out and lay on a hot platter. Strain the gravy and peas through a sieve and pour over the chicken.

Pineapple Compote.

Sliced one pared pineapple into small pieces, and pour over it a syrup made of two cupfuls of water. Let this simmer until it is clear, and add the juice of half a lemon and one orange. Pour the compote over sponge cake, scooping out the center of the cake to hold the fruit, and place whipped cream on top just before serving.

Cocoanut Cookies.

One cupful of butter, two cupfuls of sugar, two cupfuls of grated or prepared cocoanut, two eggs, flour enough to make a stiff batter, and teaspoonful of soda; drop on buttered papers in pans.

Brief Hints.

Use a penny to remove paint stains from glass.

To renovate faded plush sponge it lightly with chloroform.

Onions are great absorbents. They should not be left out for any length of time and then used.

Good macaroni is of a yellowish tint, does not break readily in cooking, and swells to three or four times its bulk.

Cheese custards, served with thin bread-and-butter sandwiches, are often given as a separate course before dessert.

A simple and very efficient disinfectant to pour down a sink is a small quantity of charcoal mixed with clear water.

Silk handkerchiefs and ribbons should be washed in salt and water and ironed wet to obtain the best results.

Warm bread and cake should be cut with a knife, the blade of which has been heated by standing it in boiling water.

Linseed oil is better than anything else for removing rust from stovepipe. Rub the pipe thoroughly with the oil (a little goes a great way), and build a slow fire until it is dry.

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months.....75

Grand Rapids, Wis., June 14, 1902.

ATTENDED THE CONVENTION
W. C. T. U. Delegates Report a Successful Meeting.

Mrs. A. C. Bennett and J. E. Price, who were delegates to the state convention of the W. C. T. U. at Milwaukee last week, returned home on Friday afternoon and report a large attendance and most enthusiastic meetings, nearly three hundred delegates being present from different parts of the state.

The meetings of the association were held in the Grand Avenue M. E. church, which had been appropriately decorated with tri-colored bunting and temperance banners, and there were present representative women from all parts of Wisconsin and adjoining states. During the evening the large audience was escorted to seats by young ladies dressed in white and wearing the colors of the union.

Mrs. M. C. Upham of Marshfield, state president for Wisconsin, presided at the meetings. After the opening prayer by Dr. John and a fine solo by Miss Carrie Donaldson, both of Milwaukee, five minute addresses of welcome were given by representatives of the several allied interests of the city.

The Rev. J. E. Jones welcomed the convention in behalf of the churches. President Charles McKenny of the Milwaukee Normal in behalf of the schools. Miss Sarah Kirk for the Young Woman's Christian association. Mrs. A. B. Ellsworth in behalf of the Milwaukee women's clubs and college endowment association. The Rev. C. P. Madsen for Grand Avenue church and Mrs. Emma Braceman for the Milwaukee Federated unions.

Responses were given by Mrs. Prill of Sparta, Mrs. Edith Davis of Appleton, Mrs. Rose Tabor of Madison, Mrs. S. C. Henderson of Green Bay, Mrs. Mary Wait of Stoughton and Mrs. Maud M. Sanders of Racine. The concluding response was made by Mrs. Upham.

The report of the secretary, Mrs. G. I. Follette, showed a membership of four thousand, with an addition of seven hundred the past year. The state organization is now entitled to nine delegates instead of seven to the national body.

Mrs. Mary C. Upham, state president, has served four years and was re-elected. In her report she said she found much encouragement in the retrospect of the work of the union and noted the interest shown in its endeavors by the press and the railroads. She said that as a result of the enforcement of an order by the Union Pacific Railroad company forbidding employees to frequent saloons had caused twenty-five saloons in Cheyenne to be closed in the past year.

She pointed to the scientific instruction now given in schools regarding the effects of alcohol on the human system as an evidence that the union was doing good educational work. She spoke of the good done in all the department work carried on in the union, and especially spoke of the duty incumbent on women to take up temperance work and urged a good attendance at mothers' meetings.

Many encouraging papers were read and some fine addresses given. Miss Belle Kearney of Flora, Miss, one of the best lady speakers in the northwest, lectured Wednesday evening. The meeting closed Thursday evening with a reception in the church parlors.

In connection with the above it might be in order to mention that the Grand Rapids branch of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union is in a flourishing condition. There are now over eighty enthusiastic members and the number is increasing rapidly. Although the union has only been organized about six months, and the members naturally feel greatly encouraged over the outlook.

How to Avoid Trouble.
Now is the time to provide yourself and family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed before the summer is over, and if procured now may save you a trip to town in the night or in your busiest season. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful medicine in use for bowel complaints, both for children and adults. No family can afford to be without it. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood County Drug Co.

Ordered Out of Town.
The Wausau Central-Wisconsin has the following to say with reference to the doctors who made their headquarters at the Dixon House in this city for several weeks where it is said they "coined" money: "Dr. Prentiss & Prentiss, who have been doing business in this city for the past six or seven weeks, and who laid great claim to being able to cure all ills to which the flesh of humanity is heir, have decided to pack their tents and move to new quarters, this sudden desire on their part for change of scene, being due very largely to the efforts of District Attorney Genrich, who recently became convinced that they were grates of no school of medicine of osteopathy as they have claimed, that they had never received a license from the state board, and that they were practicing contrary to law. When notified to do so, claiming that they had done very little business here, but later on reconsidered this determination and put up a bluff to the effect that they would fight the matter, but on learning that the district attorney had not informed them fully of all he had in store for them, they again reconsidered and determined to move at once."

—John Dengler's Capital for 5 cents is a gentleman's smoke.

TEACHERS FOR NEXT YEAR.

The List so far as They Have Been Engaged Now.

A number of teachers in the public schools have been hired at this writing, although there are still a number of vacancies existing. The list, so far as completed, is as follows:

H. S. Youker, superintendent.
Howe High School—Kate McKencher, principal; Homer Dopp, Mary Brahany, assistants; A. E. Falch, Antoinette Fogman, Celia Emmons, grades.

East Side Ward—Stanford Conant, principal; Hannah McGrath, Mattie Larkin, grades.

West Side Ward—Elide Marcean, Carolyn Briere, Laura Duggan, grades.

West Side High—W. S. Oswald, principal; Miss Andrews, Rebecca Shapiro, assistants; Miss Upham, Anna McMillan, Eleaore Phillips, grades.

Art—Claire M. Wilson, Music—Laura Reeves. Misses Reeves and Wilson will also combine to teach a primary department.

Kindergarten—Elizabeth Hughes, principal; Mathilde Bunge, Ethel Kelley, Belle Thorn, assistants.

South Side School—Miss Griffith.

Miss Jefferson has also been engaged to teach the ensuing year, but as she taught in the old Congregational church building last year, and this will not be available the coming year it is not known where she will be assigned. There are only three or four places that now remain open.

PURE FOOD LAWS ENFORCED.

More Grocers Fined for Selling Xlum Baking Powders.

The St. Louis papers report several more grocers brought to trial upon the charge of selling baking powder containing alum in violation of the law. The parties were all convicted and each fined \$100.

Several baking powders which have been found by analysis to contain alum have been offered in this market. They are called CALUMET, I. C. BROWN, POCAHONTAS, DEFANCE.

In many places similar powders, under these or other names, are offered for sale at from ten to twenty cents a pound.

Good baking powder is one of the most useful things in the kitchen. There are several good powders on the market; housekeepers will help the authorities in their efforts to promote the sale of pure and wholesome food, if when buying baking powder they will insist upon having some one of the well known brands of cream of tartar baking powders, which are pure and healthful beyond a doubt.

The Farmers of the Future.

Shall the boys stick to the farm is the question which every farmer must ask himself at one time or another, says the American Agriculturist. Unfortunately it has been too frequently answered in the negative, and the boy has been trained to view farm life as drudgery and to look upon the gilt and tinsel of the city as something to be greatly desired. For generations the best blood of the country has been given to the city, and the farming community deprived of its strongest, brainiest boys. The small farm and limited capital have not offered opportunities for the ambitious boy who is destined to handle a large business and thousands of dollars annually. But the great majority of boys, boys who have good sense and moderate ambitions, who would find a modern farm as great as their capacity to manage, have also left the country to seek work in the cities, where they can earn only meager salaries and lay nothing aside for a rainy day or old age.

With the methods which our fathers and grandfathers pursued, the farm does not yield a fair return of profit for capital and labor invested. In every other line of business the most successful men are not those who follow in the footsteps of their predecessors and competitors, but those who blaze a new path, who adopt new and improved methods and devices, in short, those who make the greatest use of brains and common sense. Yet in few lines of business is the percent of profit so great as in modern advanced farming—it is the small profit on the vast output that brings such large amounts of gain. Were the same energy, push and brains put into the management of a farm, a good income and comfortable living could be obtained. The successful farmer of the future must needs be an educated one. That a boy of average ability can make a good thing of farming is plainly shown by the testimony of several agricultural college men. As one of them truly remarks, interest, energy and push are necessary to success. The future farmer will find that the best investment he can make is to secure a good education and training in advanced agriculture.

Read It in His Newspaper.

George Schaub, a well known German citizen of New Lebanon, Ohio, is a constant reader of the Dayton Volkszeitung. He knows that this paper aims to advertise only the best in its columns, and when he saw Chamberlain's Pain Balm advertised therein for lame back, he did not hesitate in buying a bottle of it for his wife, who for eight weeks had suffered with the most terrible pains in her back and could get no relief. He says: "After using the Pain Balm for a few days my wife said to me, 'I feel as though born anew,' and before using the entire contents of the bottle the unbearable pains had entirely vanished and she could again take up her household duties." He is very thankful and hopes that all suffering likewise will hear of her wonderful recovery. This valuable liniment is for sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood Co. Drug Co.

Fourth of July Rates—Via Wisconsin Central, July 3rd and 4th the Wisconsin Central will sell round trip excursion tickets to Minneapolis and return at \$7.75, and one-third fare, good to return July 7th inclusive.

\$7.75 Minneapolis and Return—July 3rd and 4th the Wisconsin Central will sell round trip excursion tickets to Minneapolis and return at \$7.75, and one-third fare, good to return July 7th inclusive. By paying this low ticket can be made good until Oct. 1st. Official program can be had by calling at ticket office.

RULES FOR TROUT FISHERMEN

Must Not Trespass on Forbidden Bank, but May Use Boat.

Fishermen may not fish on the banks of trout streams without the permission of the owners of the land, even though the streams be stocked with fish from the state hatcheries. This was set forth in an opinion by Attorney General Hicks last week in answer to an inquiry by W. G. Race of Oconomowoc. In his opinion he says: "The right of fishing in navigable waters is common to all and accessible so far as it can be done without trespass on the banks thereof, whether the person be at the time navigating the stream in a boat or otherwise floating upon the surface of the water, or traveling upon the bed in the shallows or elsewhere in any manner between the lines of ordinary high water mark. The riparian owner has absolute right to the control of the land up to high water mark on the bank of the stream and may keep therefrom any persons who wish to come on for the purpose of fishing from the land, and persons going upon such land contrary to the riparian owner's request are guilty of trespass. It makes no difference that the state has stocked the stream with fish; that does not give any person a right to take or impair or qualify the ownership of the riparian to the adjoining land without just compensation therefor."

Virulent Cancer Cured.

Startling proof of a wonderful advance in medicine is given by Druggist G. W. Roberts of Elizabeth, W. Va. An old man there had long suffered with what good doctors pronounced incurable cancer. Tumor, heaved his case hopeless till he used Electric Bitters and applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which treatment completely cured him. When Electric Bitters are used to expel bilious, kidney and microbe poisons at the same time this salve exerts its matchless healing power, blood diseases, skin eruptions, ulcers and sores vanish. Bitters 50c, Salve 25c at John E. Daly's.

Business Locals.

—Dr. F. S. Brace, Dentist. Office over Corvican & Garrison's store, west side, Grand Rapids, Wis.

—Dr. W. D. Harvie, office over Johnson & Hill Co.'s store. Specialty of eye, ear, nose and throat.

—Dr. J. J. Looze Grand Rapids, office over Wood County Drug store, telephone No. 62. Residence telephone No. 246.

—Dr. A. L. Ridgman, Centralia. Office over Centralia Drug Store. Telephone No. 92. Telephone at residence, No. 23.

—F. Pomainville, M. D. Office in rear of Steib's drug store. Telephone at office, No. 35; residence, Centralia, No. 238.

—Dr. D. Waters, physician and surgeon. Office over Church's drug store, telephone 182. Night calls at Dixon House, telephone 55.

—Dr. Chas. Pomainville, Dentist. Office over J. A. Cohen's store, Grand Rapids, Wis. Telephone 216.

—For fine dental work, go to Dr. D. A. Teifer, office over Wood County National Bank, Grand Rapids.

—Dr. F. D. Humphrey, homeopathic physician and surgeon, office over "White Front." Special attention given to women and children and all chronic diseases.

—A. B. Crawford, Dentist. Office in Reiland building, Grand Rapids. High grade service at reasonable fees.

—M. A. Bogger, funeral director and embalmer. Telephone number 348, residence 291. Calls attended day or night.

(First Publication 6-7-4)

Notice of Application.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss.

WOOD COUNTY.

In the matter of the last Will and Testament of Stephen Jeffrey, deceased.

Whereas, An instrument, in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Stephen Jeffrey, deceased, of the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, has been filed in this office;

And whereas, Application has been made by John Jeffrey, praying that the same be proven and admitted to probate, according to the laws of this state, and that letters testamentary be granted thereon according to law;

It is Ordered, That said application be heard before me at the probate office, in the city of Grand Rapids, on the 15th day of July, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

And it is further ordered, That notice of time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to said hearing.

Dated June 24, 1902.

By the Court.

W. J. CONWAY,
County Judge.

(First Publication 4-26-3)

Claims of Creditors.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Jere D. Witter, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of said Jere D. Witter, deceased, having been granted and issued to Emily L. Witter, Isaac P. Witter and Ruth E. Mead, on the 2nd day of April, 1902, is now on file in this office.

Ordered, that all creditors of said Jere D. Witter, deceased, do present the claims for payment on or before the 24th day of November, 1902, a brief time is hereby allowed and limited for that purpose.

Ordered Further, that the claims and demands of all persons against said deceased be presented, received, examined and adjusted by this court at the regular November term thereof to be held at the probate office in the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, on the 1st Tuesday, being the 4th day of November, 1902, and the second Tuesday being the 11th day of November, 1902.

And it is further ordered, That notice of time and place at which said claims and demands will be received, examined and adjusted as aforesaid and of the time limited for creditors to present their claims, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice, for four successive weeks in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a weekly newspaper published at the city of Grand Rapids, in said county, the first publication to be within 15 days from the date of the order.

Dated April 22, 1902.

By the Court.

W. J. CONWAY,
County Judge.

(First Publication 4-26-6w)

State of Wisconsin—Wood County—In Circuit Court.

Viola Pero, Plaintiff.

vs

Joseph Pero, Defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons exclusive of the day of service and defend the above entitled action in the court above named, and in case of your failure so to do judgement will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, or which a copy is herewith.

W. J. CONWAY, Plaintiff's Atty.
P. O. address, Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wis.

JUNE SALE

At Heineman Mercantile Co's FOR THREE DAYS

Monday 16 | Tuesday 17 | Wed. 18

Our success on Summer Goods so far has been phenomenal, but we have a few very desirable things left which we propose to MOVE in order to close out Every Yard of Wash Goods early and give you the benefit of a fall season's wear. We are not going to think of profits, we will give you the benefit of our loss. Just notice the prices below, they should certainly interest every one. Come early and get your choice as there will certainly be a great scramble for the best things.

- Several pieces of Scotch Lawn, 6c value, sale price.....4c
- Several pieces of Batiste 27 in. wide, 7c values, sale price.....5c
- Several pieces of Plaza Batiste 27 in. wide, 10c values, sale price.....6c
- Several pieces of Organdies 30 in. wide, 15c values, sale price.....10c
- Several pieces of Dimities 15 and 18c values, choice in the lot for.....12½c
- Several pieces of Dotted Swiss in stripes and figures, handsome designs....12½c
- Several pieces of fancy figured and striped Dimities 12½ to 15c, sale price....10c
- Several pieces of beautiful line Silk Tissue former price 42c, now going....35c
- Plain figure Kasheens' or Alexandria Silks, 35c and 25c grade.....23 and 20c
- A handsome line of Challies, your choice per yard.....5c

One of the principal attractions during the sale will be our Remnant Counter, this will be filled with remnants of everything and if you miss this you miss a chance of your life. One thing in this remnant line I wish to mention is several hundred yards of #14 Bleached Sheetting in lengths from 1 yd to 6 or 8 yards, mill run. These goods we don't cut and you buy As Are. They are goods usually sold for 7 to 10c, this sale we make a price of 5c per yard right through.

During this sale we offer you for 48c per yard your choice in our Wash Silks which have been selling for 50, 60, 65, and 70c.

While in see our new line of Rich's SHOES just put in. We show you a handsome Patent Kid shoe, neat kid top for \$3.50.

Also show a fine line of Oxfords and Slippers. Vici Kid, Oxford Elastic instep, stock tip, a beauty for \$2.

A fine Oxford Lace, fine dongola stock, stock tip, splendid value.....\$1.35.

A fine flexible sole Kid Slipper, one strap on instep, we offer for.....\$1.50.

Don't Forget the Days of Sale

MONDAY 16, TUESDAY 17, WEDNESDAY 18.

Attend the Sale and get ready for the 4th of July.

Heineman Mercantile Company.

I. Baruch, resident Mgr.

Mrs. Hamm's old stand, east side

Expert Paper Hanger and Decorator.

Exterior and Interior Painting.
F. M. RYDER,

Agent for the Chicago and Pittsburg Wall Paper Company.

Beautiful samples of wall paper in all the latest designs can be seen at L. Kromer & Son's fruit store where orders can be left. Telephone 124. All work guaranteed first class.

A. S. ROBINSON,

Carpenter and Millwright.

Silo Building a Specialty.

All work guaranteed. Orders left for me at J. F. Moore's will receive prompt attention. Correspondence Solicited.

WOOD CO.

NATIONAL BANK.

Grand Rapids, Wis.

CAPITAL \$50,000. SURPLUS \$23,000.

F. GARRISON, President.
L. M. ALEXANDER, Vice Pres.
F. J. WOOD, Cashier

COMMENCED BUSINESS NOVEMBER 1, 1891.

DIRECTORS:
F. GARRISON
L. M. ALEXANDER
THOS. E. NASH
E. ROENTGEN
F. J. WOOD

Safety Deposit Boxes For Rent.

All business connected with banking is promptly solicited, and we promise prompt and careful attention to every detail. Interest paid on time deposits.

EAST SIDE

A No. 1 Brick Cream, all flavors, per gallon \$1.50
A No. 1 Buttermilk Cream, all flavors, per gallon \$1.25

Ice Cream Parlors

"Latest Novelty, Ice Cream Sandwiches." Cream on sale every day in the year.

G. W. DAVIS.

Notary Public.

Chas. S. Whittlesey,

Real Estate, Insurance, Loans.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Office over Bank of Grand Rapids, West side.

The following city property for sale at reasonable prices.

- NO. 1. One lot with large modern house thereon, close to business part of city, west side.
- NO. 2. One lot with good seven room house and good barn, close to ward school, west side.
- NO. 3. New house, seven rooms, bathroom and good stone cellar, large barn, situated on French St., west side.
- NO. 6. Three lots with large comfortable house and good barn thereon, close to Northwestern depot, west side.
- NO. 7. One lot with excellent seven room house, two closets, good stone cellar, good woodshed in rear, close to court house, west side.
- NO. 8. This house is a twin sister to No. 7, located in the same block. Either one is a bargain.
- NO. 10. One big lot with large eight room, two story house thereon, good woodshed and fine well of water, near Catholic church, east side.

Come and see me before you buy elsewhere.

CHAS. S. WHITTLESEY.
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS.

CENTRALIA

MEAT MARKET.

WEST GRAND RAPIDS.

A supply of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats constantly on hand. Everything fresh and clean.

Reiland's East Side Market

Is also the leading trading place on the east side. Here you will find everything wanted in the meat line. FISH AND GAME in season.

N. REILAND, Prop.

Spring Styes.

In Shoes can be found at my store. There are many new styles being put out in footwear, and if you do not patronize a man who keeps up with the times you may be sadly out of date. I have the latest styles. Give me a call.

ZIMMERMAN,

West Side Shoeman.

Patronize Home Industry

by having your work done at the Riverside Steam Laundry.

All work guaranteed.

GEORGE BOYER, PROP.

West Side, Near Commercial House.

THE HEINEMAN MER. CO.
Offer 3 Cash Premiums

1st 2nd 3rd
\$5 \$2 \$1

These amounts to be awarded on
Saturday, June 28

The manner of the awards will be left to those to whom the gifts belong and can be assured that it will be honorably and fairly done.

All can compete for cash.

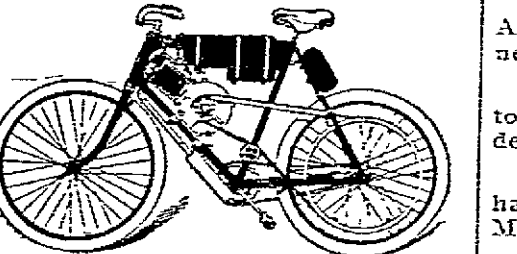
Every man, woman and child can compete. A premium ticket numbered will be given with every basket, box or case of pail of eggs or butter received from Saturday, May 3rd until noon on Saturday June 28. No less than one dozen can compete. The woman bringing in the most packages will get a new pair of shoes, and the man or boy will get a new hat. These extra prizes are in addition to the liability of getting one of the cash prizes. Premium tickets must be obtained of the clerks when eggs or butter are delivered and must be signed and returned prior to noon on June 28. We want your eggs and butter and business and always pay the highest market prices for them.

Heineman Mer. Co.
Mrs. Hamm's old stand, east side.

Every Drop of GUND'S PEERLESS
—the BEER of good cheer—
can be consumed with relish and the knowledge that it is pure and healthful. It is impossible for a beer to be brewed of choicer materials or in a more careful and cleanly manner.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO.,
La Crosse, Wis.
Send 15 cts. for pack of fine Playing Cards.

BARGAINS
IN
BICYCLES!



Low prices, easy terms. \$5 down and \$5 a month will secure you an A No. 1 guaranteed bicycle. We keep a large assortment of them and it will pay you to walk a few blocks to see us before buying elsewhere.

Geo. F. Krieger & Co.
The Repair Man.
West side, near St. Paul Depot.

In Active Service.



Greene's Infallible Liniment

has often proved "a friend indeed" to the boys in blue. For Sprained Joints or Sore Muscles and every description of Cuts, Wounds, Burns, Scalds, Sore Feet or Strained Tendons it is just what its name implies—infallible. In cases of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica and Lumbago it affords instant relief. As an emergency remedy for all the hurts of childhood and daily life it is unequalled, and all prudent mothers and housewives keep it handy. It is a powerful antiseptic and blood poisoning is impossible under its use.

Mr. Judd E. Bisbey, Chicago, says: "I have kept your liniment in my house. It has in all instances proven satisfactory to my family and myself."

Price 25c., 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle. If your druggist cannot supply you, the makers, J. W. Greene & Co., Chicago, will, to prove its worth, send a large free sample in return for this A.D. and 10c. to cover cost of mailing. There is no substitute. Look for this trade mark.

GREENE'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

For Sale by J. E. DALY

Grand Rapids Tribune.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Guy Getts spent Sunday in Wausau.

Mrs. Chas. Gouger and children are visiting relatives at Wausau.

Misses Bessie and Grace Huntington spent Sunday at Marshfield.

Will Morgan of Dexterville transacted business in the city on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Smart spent Sunday at Marshfield visiting friends.

Louis Schenok visited relatives and friends in Junction City on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Hirzy spent Sunday in Marshfield, visiting with friends.

Nic. Ludewig of Marshfield transacted business at the court house on Monday.

Attorney E. C. Pors of Marshfield transacted business in the city on Tuesday.

C. R. Treat of Meadow Valley was in the city the first of the week on business.

E. W. Ring, the Pittsville lumberman, was a business visitor in the city on Monday.

Smoke the Winneschek cigar. The best ten cent smoke on earth.

Mrs. I. Baruch spent Sunday at Merrill, the guest of her sister, Mrs. Heineman.

O. R. Moore of Sturgeon Bay is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Drumb this week.

George B. McMillan is visiting friends in Lake Crystal, Minn., for a few weeks.

P. N. Christensen was in the city on Saturday transacting business at the court house.

W. H. Remington of Babcock transacted business in the city Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. Herbert Kellogg is visiting at the home of her daughter, Myrtle, at Chelsea this week.

Go to G. Bruderi for fine shoe repairing. Also make to order all grades of footwear.

Mrs. George Bubecker of Fond du Lac is spending the week in this city visiting with friends.

Officer and Mrs. J. D. Gibson were at Stevens Point Thursday attending the state encampment.

The Misses Nan and Maud White of Pittsville were guests of Mrs. John Bell, Jr., on Wednesday.

Miss Laura J. Whitlock leaves for Stevens Point on Saturday to visit relatives for a few days.

Mrs. Ellis Kromer left for Stevens Point on Thursday to visit with relatives for several weeks.

Will Pribbanow left on Wednesday for Withee in the interest of the Mackinnon Manufacturing Co.

E. A. Upham was in Milwaukee the past week, attending the session of the grand lodge of Masons.

Charles F. Kellogg made a trip to Almond on Saturday on business connected with his lumber trade.

Mrs. Fannie Thompson was called to Prairie du Chien on Sunday by the death of her brother's wife.

Mrs. Edward Phillee and children have been spending the past week at Marawa the guest of friends.

Miss Alice Nash entertained a party of young ladies at supper at the Witter House on Tuesday evening.

Jos. L. Whitney was in Marshfield on Sunday. While there he looked over the Biodgett stock farm.

Mrs. Matt Daly of High street was quite sick the fore part of the week, but is somewhat better at this writing.

Clayton Fournier left on Monday for Sparta. Necedah and other points to visit relatives until the end of the week.

A. E. Falch has accepted a position on the editorial staff of the Reporter, vice Oswald Menzel, resigned.

Miss Addie Skeels, who has been teaching during the past year at Mosinee, will spend her vacation in this city.

A. H. Dustin left for Necedah on Thursday to attend the commencement exercises of the high school at that place.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schroeder of La Crosse have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Howlett the past week.

Parlick & Rick last week purchased from M. L. Townsend of the town of Saratoga two 2-year-old steers that weighed 2700.

George E. Hoskinson and A. J. Hasbrouck were in Milwaukee this week attending the session of the grand lodge of Masons.

Attorney D. D. Conway, who had spent the past two weeks at West Baden, returned to his home in this city on Thursday.

Mrs. George Banta, who was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Lipke last week, left for her home in Measha on Saturday.

J. B. Hannah, who has been confined to his home by congestion of the liver for some time past, is slightly better at this writing.

Miss Lizzie McCamley left on Wednesday for Medford where she will visit for a time with Mr. and Mrs. Peter Doyle and family.

Judge Webb, Court Reporter Morse and Attorneys Whipperman and Brazeau left for Friendship on Monday where circuit court convened.

Will Brown of Pittsville was in the city for a short time on Thursday, being on his way to Elroy where he expects to spend the summer.

H. E. Herrick of Nekoosa was in the city on Tuesday on business. Mr. Herrick carries one hand in a sling now owing to the fact that he received a bad burn from hot pitch while engaged in repairing a roof.

Arthur Kintlen leaves on Saturday for Mukwonago to visit relatives for a week.

Attorney W. J. Conway has rented office rooms in the Mackinnon block which he will occupy for a law office.

Mr. and Mrs. I. E. Cooley were so unfortunate as to lose their baby boy born last week Wednesday, which died Friday evening.

G. C. Hyde of Nekoosa was in this city Friday night, having come up to assist in furnishing the music at a Woodmen of the World soiree.

Room mouldings to match wall paper at Johnson & Hill Co.'s drug department.

Among those who have completed courses at the Stevens Point Normal this year are Otto J. Leu, Ella Byrnes and Isabelle Marshall of this city.

Mrs. A. C. Bennett and Mrs. J. H. Price returned on Friday from Milwaukee, where they had been attending the state convention of the W. C. T. U.

—You've got to hustle all the time to keep in the swim. If you are slipping down the ladder of prosperity, take Rocky Mountain Tea. Makes people strenuous. Johnson & Hill Co.

Mrs. E. S. Renne and daughter, Mrs. Harry Sanderson, left on Wednesday for Stevens Point, where they intended to visit relatives for a couple of days.

Attention is called to the advertisement of the Grand Brewing company. Their beer received a medal at the Paris exhibition for its purity and excellence.

Rev. Leopold Kroll expects to conduct services in the Episcopal church at Marshfield next Sunday. It is the intention to hold services there every other Sunday hereafter.

—Stops the cough and works off the cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure no pay. Price 25 cents.

A Children's Day program will be given at the Congregational church, Sunday morning at 10:30. A very nice program has been prepared and all are cordially invited to attend.

Mrs. S. E. Wilcox of Chicago and Mrs. J. E. Miller of Palm Beach, Florida, mother and sister of Mrs. I. E. Cooley, are visiting at the Cooley home on River street, east side.

The gun club goes to Wausau on Sunday, June 22 for the purpose of holding a match with the Wausau club. A return match has been promised for this city on July 4.

Mrs. F. Mackinnon left on Saturday for Fond du Lac to attend the Commencement exercises at Grafton Hall, where her two daughters, Mildred and Helen, are attending.

Mrs. Perle Vaughn, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. T. C. St. Amour on High street, during the past three weeks, returned to her home in Marshfield on Thursday.

W. H. Carey, who for a number of years past has represented the Aetna life insurance company in this section, now holds a position with the Prudential insurance company of America.

Miss Edith Bruderi expects to engage in teaching the piano in the future. She has been studying music for some time past and has acquired considerable proficiency on the piano.

—FOR SALE.—As a whole or in part, six large lots together with a seven room house and a good barn, conveniently located on the west side. C. E. Boles, Abstractor. Telephone 232.

George H. Metcalf of Sun Prairie has been in the city the past week looking for a location in the law business. He has rented office rooms in the Mackinnon block which he will occupy.

—Wise is the girl whose sense of self interest prompts her to take Rocky Mountain Tea. It fills her full of vigor and there is always honey in her heart for you. Johnson & Hill Co.

Messrs. Jacob Searles, Fred, Charles and Gus. Kruger have a gang of men at work about two and one-half miles northeast of the city engaged in planting a cranberry marsh. They will put in about three acres this spring.

The members of the Equitable and Fraternal Union held a lawn social at the home of Joseph Bogger on Thursday evening. There was a large crowd in attendance and a very pleasant time was spent.

—Tell us why a druggist offers you a substitute for the Madison Medicine Co's. Rocky Mountain Tea. Does he love you or is he after the bigger profit? Think it over. Johnson & Hill Co.

The members of the Congregational society will hold a meeting on Monday evening at the church for the purpose of discussing the matter of buying a new parsonage. All those interested in the matter are requested to be present.

J. D. LaBrecche was in Arbor Vitae on Wednesday of last week where he attended the wedding of his son Ovid, and Miss Jessie Coffman. Ovid has made his home in Arbor Vitae for three years past where he holds a responsible position with the Ross Lumber company.

Marshfield Times: Miss Florence Phillee and her pupils gave a most successful piano and song recital at the handsome residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Sexton on Monday evening. The house was tastefully decorated and the large number of invited guests were pleasantly entertained by the youthful musicians who showed marked ability and excellent training.

—My little son had an attack of whooping cough and was threatened with pneumonia; but for Chamberlain's Cough Remedy we would have had a serious time of it. It also saved him from several severe attacks of croup.—H. J. Strickfaden, editor World-Herald, Fair Haven, Wash. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood Co. Drug Co.

Cheap Rates via Wisconsin Central. June 17th, July 1st and 15th the Wisconsin Central will sell round trip tickets to points in the west, northwest and south at one fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip good 21 days from date of sale.

A. C. Bennett has been out on the marsh of A. C. Bennett & Son during the past week, where they have been engaged in setting out several acres of new marsh to cranberry vines. This company has one of the best equipped marshes in this section of the country, both the Messrs. Bennett being enthusiasts on the subject of cranberry culture.

—Cut this out and take it to Johnson & Hill Co. or Wood Co. Drug Co. and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, the best physic. They cleanse and invigorate the stomach, improve the appetite and regulate the bowels. Regular size, 25c per box.

—Money to loan. C. E. Boles.

Dr. and Mrs. D. A. Teifer left on Monday evening for Milwaukee where Mr. Teifer will attend the session of the grand lodge of Free and Accepted Masons, which is in session this week, the doctor being the Grand Senior Deacon of the organization. They were accompanied on the trip by Jeanette Muir and Mrs. Teifer expects to visit her mother at Mazomanie before returning.

—In many instances attacks of cholera morbus terminate fatally before medicine can be procured or a physician summoned. The safe way is to keep at hand a reliable medicine for use in such cases. For this purpose there is nothing so sure as Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. W. E. Bosworth of LaFayette, Ala., says: "In June, 1900, I had a serious attack of cholera morbus and one dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy gave me relief in fifteen minutes. For sale by Johnson & Hill Co. and Wood County Drug Co.

—Antitrust bicycles for sale by Johnson & Hill Co. The best wheels on earth. Prices right.

A Lamentable Accident.
Frank Wissink was killed at Marshfield under peculiar circumstances. He was scuffling with a fellow employee on a tramway that connects the paint shop and furniture factory of the Upham company, when he lost his balance and fell to the ground, a distance of 22 feet. He was hurt at 7 o'clock in the morning and died the same afternoon at 5 o'clock. He was 17 years of age.

Saved from an Awful Fate.
"Everybody said I had consumption," writes Mrs. A. M. Shields of Chambersburg, Pa., "I was so low after six months of severe sickness, caused by Hay Fever and Asthma, that I thought I could get well, but I learned of the marvelous merit of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, used it, and was completely cured." For desperate Throat and Lung Diseases it is the safest cure in the world, and is infallible for Coughs, Colds and Bronchial Affections. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at John E. Daly's.

Society and Club Notices.
The Ladies Aid society of the M. E. church of the east side meets next week with Mrs. A. D. Hill.
St. Katherine's Guild meets next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Geo. E. Hoskinson.
The W. C. T. U. will meet next Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. Geo. R. Gardner.
Ladies Aid of the Congregational church, first ward, will meet next Thursday with Mrs. Ed. Mahoney.
The Ladies Aid society of the First Congregational church of the west side will meet Wednesday with Mrs. Wm. Skeels.
The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church of west side will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Chas. Kellogg.

Dog License Time to Pay.
The dog tax is now due. Pay to the city clerk on or before July 15. Additional fee of 25 cents will be charged thereafter.
M. G. GORDON,
City Clerk.

Building Lots for Sale.
—Forty building lots in first ward from \$75 to \$150. Also good 10 room dwelling and lot \$6x120.
E. I. PHILLEO.

To cure a Cold in one Day.
The Laxative Bromo-Quinine tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day
(First Publication 6-14-11)
Notice of Application.
Wood County Court—In Probate.
STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss
COUNTY OF WOOD.
In the matter of the Estate of Henry Bates, deceased.
On this 14th day of June, A. D. 1902, upon reading and filing the petition of George Bates of Jordan, Wood county, Wisconsin, stating that Henry Bates of the county of Wood, died intestate, on or about the 29 day of February, 1902, and praying that George Bates be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased.
It is Ordered, That said application be heard before me, at the probate office in the city of Grand Rapids, on the 14th day of July, A. D. 1902 at ten o'clock A. M.
And it is further Ordered, That notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively, in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing.
By the court, W. J. CONWAY,
County Judge.

Abstracts of Title
If you are negotiating a loan on, or selling your city lots or your acreage, you will need a correct Abstract of Title.

C. E. BOLES,
CENTRALIA, WIS.
CALL AT COURT HOUSE
OR TELEPHONE 232.

People who are Particular

What They Eat always insist upon having
Dewey, Victoria or Sunbeam Flour.
Bread made from it retains all the elements of the wheat that goes to make brain and strength and has a delicious wheat flavor that is all its own. Sold by all grocers. If not at yours, write the mill.

Grand Rapids Milling Co.

ARE YOU INTERESTED?

WANT to know how to dress well without being extravagant, if you are these Exclusive Patterned Suits will interest you. Fabrics the same as the tailor shows you. You will find here in the completed suits what the tailor gives you in style and fit. After several try-ons and remodeling we give you without delay in these suits and what he gives in the wear of the garments we also give you. There's more to be told about the fashions, the making, the excellence of fabrics, all which we will pass over, but what we want you to remember is that all the faults of all the other ready-to-wear clothes are avoided in those that you buy here which are practically customized in Fancy Unfinished Worsted Novelty Scotches, Fancy Cassimeres, Fancy Striped Blue Unfinished Worsted, Blue and Black Serges, Black Cheviots.

Seven, Ten, Twelve, Fifteen, Eighteen and up to Twenty-five Dollars.

KRUGER & GAMERON.

THE BEST IN THE FIELD.
The Gold Eagle Oil Company
OF BEAUMONT, TEXAS,

Has sold sufficient Oil already to be enabled to declare the following dividends, and others will be declared as rapidly as the earnings of the company and conservative business management will admit:

Four dividends on its capital stock, payable June 30, 1902; December 31, 1902; June 30, 1903; December 31, 1903; each of five per cent or a total of twenty per cent.

It is Capitalized for \$300,000

Treasury stock, 500,000 shares. Shares TEN CENTS EACH. Dividends declared to date, \$60,000.00. Stock full paid and non-assessable. All purchasers of its stock at the present time will receive Dividend Certificates of the Company, with checks attached for twenty per cent, which checks will be Certified By The Beaumont National Bank, (Capital \$100,000.00.) No such showing has been made by any other company in the Beaumont Field.

We still hold a limited amount of stock at ten cents per share, subject to advance in the immediate future. No order accepted for less than two hundred shares. Orders for that amount or over, may be wired at my expense or mailed to

W. E. SMITH, Waukesha, Wis.

The officers and board of directors of the Gold Eagle Oil Company are all well and favorably known in business and oil circles, some of them having been connected with the oil fields since their discovery last January. The president, Hon. R. C. DeWitt, is attorney for several railroads, and thoroughly conversant with the oil business. R. A. Jossey, Vice president of the Beaumont National Bank, is interested in several oil wells in the Beaumont field, and is a general manager of the Beaumont Oil Company. Director J. L. Leasure of the Beaumont National Bank, is interested in several oil wells in the Beaumont field, and is a general manager of the Beaumont Oil Company. Director J. L. Leasure of the Beaumont National Bank, is interested in several oil wells in the Beaumont field, and is a general manager of the Beaumont Oil Company. Director J. L. Leasure of the Beaumont National Bank, is interested in several oil wells in the Beaumont field, and is a general manager of the Beaumont Oil Company.

The property of this Company is all on Block 28, of the Famous Hill known as "Spindle Top," which has been the foundation for so many fortunes, and when the second and third wells are brought in by the Company it will own

Three of the Greatest Oil Wells in the world.

Don't Neglect Your Eyes!

FIG. 1 FIG. 2

The above cut shows an eye in which the rays are focussed in front of the retina, thus blurring the vision. Figure 2 shows the defect corrected by the use of a concave lens. This is only one of the simplest ailments of the eye. I can correct anything that may be troubling your vision. Consult me, it won't cost you a cent.

A. P. HIRZY.

STORY OF BOER WAR.

ACCOUNT BEGINS WITH RAID BY DR. JAMESON.

Fall of Two Republics Made Certain Years Later—Boers Force Conflict by Invading Natal—Capture of Cronje—Is Beginning of the End.

The origin of the Anglo-Boer war may be said to date from the Jameson raid of 1895. The details of that assault on the integrity of the Dutch republics in South Africa are yet fresh in the public recollection. Dr. Jameson was a Scotchman residing in Cape Colony and largely interested with Cecil Rhodes and other British subjects in gold and diamond mining. The object of the raid was to overthrow the authority of the Transvaal and Orange Free State governments to levy tribute upon the product of the mines. This tribute was regarded as excessive and is still viewed in that light, but as the workers of the mines were deriving immense fortunes from their little hardship was inflicted.

The defeat of Dr. Jameson's project and his capture restored the status quo for a time. The raid was sent to England for trial. He was received there more as a hero than as one guilty of an offense against the comity of nations. After a farcical trial he was acquitted and set at liberty. This enraged the Boers and let them to the belief that the raid had been prearranged in London and had the sanction of those in authority. It was likewise taken as a forecast of the British policy



GENERAL WHITE AND STAFF IN LADYSMITH.

cy of the future and a menace to the independence of the republics.

Kruger Precipitates the War. The war may be said to date from Oct. 1, 1899, when Paul Kruger, President of the South African Republic, sent his ultimatum to Great Britain.

This was a flat refusal of the British demand that subjects of the crown be allowed equal political privileges with natives of the two republics—the Transvaal and the Orange Free State. Previous to this Mr. Kruger had reached an understanding with President Steyn of the Orange Free State by which they became allies to resist the British encroachments to the extremity of war.

It soon developed that a conflict with Great Britain had long been foreseen by the Boer governments. In an incredibly short time they had placed armies in the field composed of trained sharpshooters armed with the best of modern rifles, while their artillery was of the most effective and handled with a skill that left no room to doubt that the men behind the guns thoroughly understood their business.

The Boer plan of campaign originally was to advance rapidly with a large force of mounted troops into Cape Colony and Natal and sweep the British into the sea. In the light of subsequent events it is clear that during the first three months of the war this was practicable, since there were then few British in Cape Colony and the majority of the colonists were ready to rise. But the possibility of capturing Rhodes in Kimberley, Baden-Powell in Mafeking and General Buller's force near Ladysmith diverted their energies till the arrival of large British forces made the plan appear impracticable.

Pen British in Ladysmith.

The British plan at the outset was mainly defensive. General Buller, in Natal, deemed it important to defend Ladysmith and the stores accumulated there, though it was not a good position. General Symons was sent a few miles north of that place, to Dundee, to oppose the Boer forces from the north. So long as Ladysmith could be held the invasion of Natal was obstructed.

The first encounter was at Dundee Oct. 20, when the British carried the Boer position by a frontal attack, having their commander, General Symons, killed and losing 426 men, including 206 taken prisoners. Next day at Elands-laagte they had less equivocal success, but lost 223 killed and wounded. On Oct. 24 there was a fight at Hlofontein, with a loss of 111, while the force at Dundee was withdrawn by a circuitous route. Soon after, Oct. 30,

at Farquhar's farm and Nicholson's nek there was a British defeat. White losing 1,226 men, of whom 925 were taken prisoners. The whole British army of Natal was soon after shut up in Ladysmith and so remained till Feb. 28, 1900.

Thus it appears that less than two weeks after President Kruger's ultimatum was sent to London an armed force of Boers under General Joubert was invading Natal. The British forces were not prepared to meet them and fell back on Ladysmith, where they were immediately besieged. Simultaneously a Boer commando invaded Kimberley, Colenso and other towns in which British garrisons were located.

The casualties were at first insignificant, the fighting unimportant, but for several months the British were the heaviest losers, especially in officers, it seeming to be the Boer tactics to pick off the commanders.

Buller Meets First Defeat. Oct. 15 General Sir Redvers Buller was dispatched from England to the seat of war. It was nearly a month before he arrived there. Taking command immediately he began a forward movement from the northern part of Cape Colony, sending a dispatch to England as he took up his line of march toward the north stating that he intended eating his Christmas dinner in Pretoria. But at the Modder River he encountered unexpected obstacles. The rainy season had begun and the Boers had destroyed all the bridges across the stream. Several ineffectual attempts were made to ford it, but each was met by a galling fire from the Boers on the northern banks, who had taken advantage of the natural formation of the country and had besides thrown up strong earthworks within easy rifle range of all the possible fords.

On Oct. 16 the British garrison at

Mafeking was attacked and a siege lasting 213 days was begun. In all directions the Boers swarmed in small parties, attacking detached squads of the British wherever found and inflicting serious loss in killed, wounded and captured.

Garrisons Suffer for Food. Meantime the garrisons at the besieged towns were suffering extreme hardships. The supply of provisions was small, as no one had anticipated the contingencies that had arisen. Both citizens and soldiers were placed on short rations. In Ladysmith particu-



COL. BADEN-POWELL

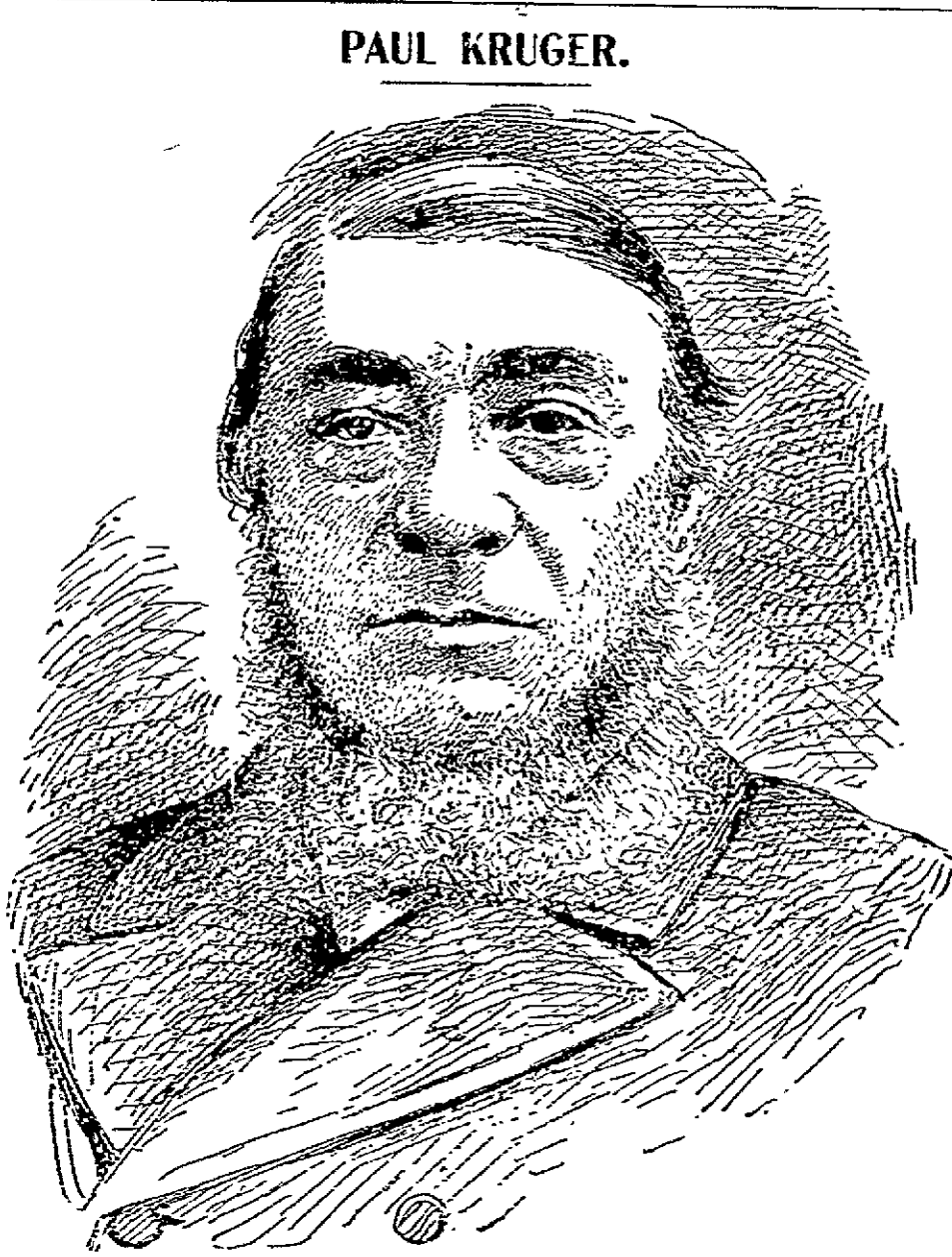
The defender of Mafeking, as he appeared at the head of his scouts, leading a sortie from Mafeking.

larly the privations were great. Horses, dogs, cats and even rats were utilized as food.

The Mafeking garrison under Colonel Baden-Powell refused to surrender. A party of 570 soldiers had been captured by the Boers on the second day of the siege, thus reducing the defenders of the town to a mere handful. Mafeking was in a sorry plight. The Boers shelled the town Nov. 6 and inflicted severe damage. Then the British attempted to cross the Modder River. They were driven back with heavy loss.

At Stormberg on Dec. 10 General Gatacre lost 1,400 men in battle. On the following day General Wauchope fell in an engagement at Sprfontein. On the 15th General Buller endeavored to cross the Tugela River, but was driven back with a loss of 1,000 men and eleven guns.

Roberts Raises Kimberley Siege. Several other disasters to the British arms occurred in various places, and the government, finding the officers in command unequal to the emergencies confronting them, ordered General Roberts to the front. He arrived at the scene of action on Dec. 31, 1899, and immediately took command, his force being estimated at 250,000 men. General Lord Kitchener accom-



PAUL KRUGER.

THE GREAT SOUTH AFRICAN STRUGGLE AND SOME OF ITS TRAGIC FEATURES.

Some of the Chief Actors. Lord Salisbury, prime minister of Great Britain and Ireland. Lord Milner, home commissioner in South Africa. Lord Roberts and Lord Kitchener, commanders in chief. General French, Ian Hamilton, Bruce Hamilton, Tucker and Kekewich. Generals French, Ian Hamilton, Tucker and Kekewich. President Steyn of Orange Free State. General Schalk-Burger, acting president of Transvaal. General Joubert (dead) and Louis Botha, commanders in chief. Commandants De Wet, Delarey, Cronje, Vollen and Krutzinger.

Memorable Incidents. British "black week" disasters at Stormberg, Magersfontein and Colenso, Dec. 10-15, 1899. Sir Redvers Buller superseded by Lord Roberts as commander in chief, with Lord Kitchener as chief of staff, Dec. 18, 1899. Spion Kop, Jan. 23-24, 1900. Cronje surrenders to Roberts at Paardeberg, with 4,000 men, Feb. 27, 1900. Bloemfontein occupied March 13, Pretoria June 5, 1900. General Joubert dies March 27, 1900. Annexation of Orange Free State proclaimed May 28, 1900. Annexation of the Transvaal Oct. 25, 1900. Surrender of Prinsloo, with 3,000 Boers, July 30, 1900. President Kruger flees from the Transvaal Sept. 11, 1900. Lord Roberts sails for home Dec. 11, 1900. De Wet's raid in Cape Colony, December, 1900, and January, 1901. Unsuccessful negotiations for peace, February, 1901. Botha's successful raid on Zululand, September, 1901. Kitchener's big drives of De Wet and Delarey, spring, 1902. Delarey's capture of Methuen, spring, 1902. Peace negotiations begun March 23, 1902. Death of Cecil Rhodes, March 26, 1902. Terms of surrender signed May 31, 1902.

Cost in Life and Treasure. British officers, 1,064; men, 21,142; total, 22,206. Sent home invalided—Officers, 3,020; men, 70,952; total, 73,972. Boers (not exactly known). Losses reported of all kinds up to 1902, 73,320. Losses of all kinds in 1902, 6,500. Probable actual number of Boers engaged, 70,000. Boers reduced at end of war to 8,600. Prisoners at Colenso, St. Helena, Bermuda and Cape, 40,000. Cost in money to Great Britain, estimated, \$1,250,000,000.

panied him as his chief of staff.

The matter deepened of the first importance was the relief of Kimberley. General French, the dashing cavalry commander, was detailed to the task, and with a strong force marched for the beleaguered town. On his approach the Boers abandoned their positions, not even offering battle, and the town was relieved Feb. 15, 1900.

This was the first piece of good fortune for the British army. It was followed by a battle with General Cronje, who, with 4,000 men and a number of guns, was forced to surrender on Feb. 27. The entire lot of Boer prisoners was deported to the island of St. Helena.

On Feb. 28, 1900, General Buller, after overcoming a stubborn resistance, succeeded in relieving Ladysmith. Then followed the surrender of Bloemfontein. On March 27 the Boers suffered an irreparable loss in the death of their commander-in-chief, General Joubert. They were driven from point to point and finally, on June 5, Pretoria surrendered, followed some seven weeks later by the surrender of General Prinsloo with 3,350 men.

President Kruger had meanwhile become a fugitive. He left the capital by stealth and made his way to Durban, where he secured passage on a French vessel for Marseilles.

Sept. 1 the Transvaal was declared by proclamation annexed to the British empire and Lord Roberts, deeming his work accomplished, started back to England, setting sail Dec. 12, leaving General Kitchener in supreme command.

The year 1901 was not marked by any especially noteworthy events. The

Boers kept up a desultory guerrilla warfare, attacking small parties of British soldiers wherever found. General Botha was nominally in chief command, but most of the fighting was done by General Christian De Wet and General Delarey, both of whom kept the British forces in hot water most of the time. Time after time De Wet was reported to be securely entrapped, but he always managed to escape capture.

The most notable events of recent date were the capture by the British of General Schoepers, who was badly wounded. He was tried by a military court on the charge of violating the laws of war, found guilty and shot, although he had to be carried from the hospital tent to the place of execution. March 7 of the present year General Lord Methuen was defeated, wounded and taken prisoner by General Delarey. He was promptly released and given a safe-conduct to the British lines. In return for this act of clemency General Krutzinger, a Boer commander, was set at liberty by Lord Kitchener.

The overtures for peace were made by the British commander early last March. Some difficulty was experienced in reaching the Boer commanders in the field, who were widely scattered. They were finally brought together and after a consultation lasting several days it was decided to submit the British proposition to the men in arms and to abide by the decision of the plebiscite.

Protecting the Nile.

The ancient historians say that over 1,000 miles of the lower Nile were protected by artificial embankments and other works of engineering skill.



A BOER COMMANDO CAPTURED BY BRITISH CAVALRY.

CONVICTED AS JESSE JAMES.

Kentuckian Sentenced Because of Resemblance to Bandit.

Around the suburbs of Scottsville, Ky., dressed as an ordinary farm laborer and performing the duties entailed by the ownership of a farm of ridge land, may be seen a man who has, perhaps, attained as much unenviable notoriety as any other man in the State of Kentucky.

His name is Tom Hunt and the mere mention of it recalls the famous Mammoth cave stage robbery and the subsequent arrest, trial, conviction and pardon of Hunt for a crime with which he had no connection. His unfortunate resemblance to Jesse James, the Missouri bandit, however came near costing him a term in the penitentiary.

At the trial, which was conducted at Glasgow, three of the passengers on the ill-fated stage positively identified Hunt as the spokesman of the gang who held up and robbed them and conviction was inevitable.

Hunt might have thrown a flood of light on the subject had he chosen to prove his whereabouts on the day of the robbery, yet he remained sullen and quiet, except to pronounce as a "lie" the identification as testified to by the three witnesses.

When the lamented Judge Roundtree, one of the robbed passengers, was placed on the stand, he was possessed of a different mind to that held by his fellow passengers in regard to the guilt of the man on trial, and further than to say that "he bears a striking resemblance to the leader of the gang, but if he is the man then my faith in my own recollection is very much shaken," he would not go.

However, the evidence was conclusive to the mind of the jury, and a term in the penitentiary was given Hunt. Before being carried from the Glasgow jail to the penitentiary at Frankfort Bob Ford assassinated Jesse James in Missouri, and on the bandit's person were found the watch which had been taken from Judge Roundtree, and other indisputable evidence of the guilt of James and the innocence of Hunt.

At about the same time one of the James gang, then confined in the Stillwater, Minn., penitentiary, made a confession of the Mammoth cave stage robbery, and recited where some of the jewelry had been hidden.

An investigation revealed the correctness of the convict's story and Judge Roundtree made haste to make amends for the wrong which the Barren County court had done an innocent man by going to Frankfort and securing from the Governor an unconditional pardon for Hunt.

Where Hunt was on the day of the robbery was as much of a mystery to-day as it was on the day of his conviction, since he has steadfastly refused to particularize his whereabouts, but the supposition obtains that he had his own reasons for not wanting his whereabouts or his acts on the day in question known and knowing his innocence of the crime with which he was charged, preferred to remain silent and be convicted, trusting that some future act of those who committed the stage robbery would serve to liberate him.

The picture of the dead bandit so closely resembles that of Hunt, says a St. Louis Post-Dispatch special, that no visible difference can be detected and on two occasions Hunt has been forced to submit to arrest by Missouri officers who mistook him for Jesse James.

Famous Old Highway.

The most important highway built in the United States early in the century was the so-called Cumberland road, which was to extend from Cumberland, Md., through Southwestern Pennsylvania, over the Alleghany Mountains to the Ohio at Wheeling, W. Va., and then on to St. Louis. It was so well constructed that it is a good road to-day. Henry Clay was its projector and chief supporter, and his services in its behalf are commemorated by a monument near Wheeling. We are told by letters written at that period that "there were sometimes twenty gayly painted four-horse coaches each way daily. The cattle and sheep were never out of sight, and canvas covered wagons were drawn by six to twelve horses."

On this great road, which eventually passed into the hands of the States through which it runs, the Government expended no less a sum than \$7,000,000. Within a mile of it on either side the country was a wilderness, but on the highway itself the traffic was as dense as in the main street of a large town. Ten miles an hour was the usual speed for coaches. From Baltimore to Wheeling ran lines of freight wagons which carried ten tons, drawn by twelve horses, and with wheels ten feet in diameter.—Pearson's Magazine.

The Parental Opinion.

"Did you speak to father about our marriage?" asked Maybelle. "I did," answered Count Fucash. "Did he give his consent?"

"Yes. After a fashion. He said that if you had no more sense than to be willing to marry me, you didn't deserve any better fate."—Ohio State Journal.

Statistics About Lightning. Lightning statistics in the United States last year showed that nine sixteenths of the persons struck recovered. Less than one-fourth were struck in open ground.

Profitable Simple Device. The rubber tip added to lead pencils for use as an eraser was one of the most profitable simple devices ever patented.

If you were written up as the hero (or heroine) of a novel, as you actually are, how the critics would roast such a character!

It was a great idea to refer to a circus as "a great moral show."



"Yes," says the philosophical person, "wealth brings its disappointments." "After we lose it," puts in the materialistic man.—Judge.

"I see goose feathers have gone 'way up on the market." "Yep." "And still all the dealers keep marking them Iowa."—Baltimore News.

New Cook—I'm afraid I can't take the place, mum. Mistress—Why? New Cook—Well, mum, the kitchen table ain't big enough for ping pong.

Aunt Matilda—Clara says she is 28, does she? She isn't a day under 35. Bertha—Perhaps she has been married Iowa for a matrimonial bargain, aunt.

Mrs. P.—And I suppose if we have another war you'll stay at home like a coward? Mr. P.—My dear, no one could call me a coward if I remained at your side.

She—I hope our dear good pastor will be able to refute these heresy charges. He—I guess he's all right. I understand the deacons are betting three to one on an acquittal.

A country convert, full of zeal, offered himself for service in his first prayer meeting remarks. "I'm ready to do anything the Lord asks me," he said, "so long as it's honorable."—Life.

"You and your sister are about the same size, and you look exactly alike. Twins, aren't you?" asked the visitor. "Course not!" exclaimed Tommy, highly indignant. "She's a girl."

"Yes," said the funny barber, "we're up to date here. We shave you while you wait." "Indeed!" replied Pepprey. "I've usually found that you shave several other fellows while I wait."

Famous Author—I shall have to stop sending out any more small checks. Instead of cashing them the recipients have them framed to preserve my autograph. She—Never mind. It will only last a few weeks.—Life.

Mr. Jonsing (watching his wife at the scrubbing board)—Why don't you call me a babo an' be done wid it? Mrs. Jonsing—"Cause dis ain't no aftah-dinnah bokay talk. I's knoechin' now, not handin' yo' v'lets.—Judge.

"I bet Tinkens that my bicycle could go a mile a minute for fifty miles. I won." "You don't mean to say that you rode that fast?" "No." "Then how did you arrange it?" "Why, I put the bicycle in the baggage of a through limited."

Young Wife—I don't see why we can't get a plain cook. I have advertised for one daily for more than two weeks. Husband—Advertise for a good looking one, my dear, and you'll have a dozen applicants the first dash out of the box.

In Court.—"What an awful looking villain the prisoner is!" whispered a lady in the police court to her husband; "I should be afraid even to stand near him." "Hush!" warned her husband. "The prisoner hasn't been brought in yet. That's his lawyer."—Tit-Bits.

"Even though you seem successful for a time," said the solemn theorist, "you will find some day that you have not a friend left in the world." "That's all right," answered the practical politician. "It's a part of my business to see that my friends don't get left."—Washington Star.

Lady (engaging servant)—Why did you have your last place? Servant—I couldn't put up with the way one of the young mistresses used to copy me, mum. Lady—What do you mean? Servant—Why, I had a private soldier for my sweetheart, and what must she do but get a hoffer for hers.—Tit-Bits.

Prof. Shortmind (after the introduction)—May I ask whether you are related to the Miss De Styles, whom I met at the seashore last summer? Miss De Styles—Why, professor, I am the same Miss De Styles. Prof. Shortmind—Ah, indeed! That no doubt accounts for the remarkable resemblance.—Chicago News.

In the Near Future.—The Cook—Oh, sorry, mum, but the walkin' diligence at th' Supreme Ordher av Cooks hav ordered me t' throw up my job. Mrs. Subbub (carefully)—Oh, Norah! What have I done? The Cook—Nawthin', mum; but yer foolish husband got shamed in a non-union barber shop, th' day before yesterday.—Brooklyn Life.

"Say, Pat, I hear you've been offered a job in the customs. Are you going to take it?" "Shure, an' I am." "But the hours are long and the pay bad." "It's meself that knows it." "Surely, those are two good reasons for refusing it?" "Thru for ye, me boy, but I've got six reasons for acceptin' it." "What are they?" "Shure, a wife an' foive kids."

Citiman—Yes, I'll be glad to run out and see you some time. What's your number? Subbubs—Why—er—the houses in Swamphurst are not numbered yet. Citiman—Well, how shall I find you? Subbubs—Turn to the left from the station, and walk down the road until you come to the second big puddle. My house is directly opposite.—Springfield Republican.

A squad of recruits were getting rid of some ammunition on the range the other day, and the sergeant in charge began to use strong language as the firing proceeded and the target remained unpunctured. "What! missed again?" he roared, as an unfortunate recruit cut up the dust for the seventh consecutive time. "Great Scott! I don't believe you could hit a furniture van." "Oh, you needn't crow, sergeant," retorted the recruit, "you missed a train yesterday."

CRANMOOR.

Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong of Baraboo arrived on the 5 p. m. train Tuesday. We understand they intend remaining and will make their permanent home with the family of their daughter, Mrs. D. R. Rezin.

Father Kroll came down Wednesday noon and held the usual church services at the school house in the evening. While here Father Kroll was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Rezin.

Some members of the Grimshaw, Kruger, Scott, Foley, Fitch and Whitlesey families went to Nekoosa Thursday to celebrate with the Woodmen fraternity.

George Scott came down Wednesday afternoon for a short visit at home and to accompany the family to the Woodman picnic at Nekoosa Thursday.

Mrs. Matt Carey and Miss Katherine Waters enjoyed a drive to Cranmoor Monday, visiting the Carey marsh and at the Whitlesey home.

H. F. Whitlesey drove to Grand Rapids Thursday morning and to Port Edwards and Nekoosa later in the day.

Miss Cora Grimshaw and brother, Albert, returned Monday from a visit to their old home at Mather.

Mrs. S. X. Whitlesey and daughter were Grand Rapids shoppers Wednesday forenoon.

Miss Ada Potter is spending some time with her father and brothers at their marsh.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Searis were visiting at the A. E. Bennett home Sunday.

Mrs. W. H. Fitch and Miss Caroline Fitch spent Monday shopping at Grand Rapids.

A Mrs. Riley of Tomah is visiting the Scott and Foley families.

Mrs. Daniel Rezin returned Monday from her trip to Rudolph.

S. N. Whitlesey was a Dexterville visitor Monday.

Roy Rezin was on the sick list Wednesday.

A Liberal Offer.

The undersigned will give a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets to any one wanting a reliable remedy for disorders of the stomach, biliousness and constipation. This is a new remedy and a good one. Johnson & Hill Co. Wood Co. Drug Co.

RUDOLPH.

Farmers, insure your growing crops against damage by hail, and your buildings and stock against loss or damage by wind storms in the Wisconsin Farmers' Mutual Hail and Cyclone Insurance company. Chas. S. Whitlesey, county agent.

The dance given in Mr. Albert's new barn last Saturday night was well attended. All present reported having a good time.

Miss Alice Akey has been seriously ill with lung fever during the past two weeks, but is doing well at this writing.

Miss Celina Lavaque, who has been teaching school above Merrill, is spending her vacation with her parents.

Arden Ratelle has returned home from Loyal, where he has been employed during the past four months.

Benny and Albert Benson intend to give a grand dance in Mr. Logan's hall next Friday night, June 20.

Mrs. Edie Crotteau was the guest of her husband's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Crotteau, Monday.

George Cooper, sr., departed for Kankana on Saturday to visit with friends and relatives.

Mrs. A. Juneau of Merrill was visiting friends and relatives during the past two weeks.

Mrs. Curtis Crotteau of Merrill is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Rayome.

Fred Logan and Albert Benson were in Milladore on business Tuesday.

Henry Hamm attended the soldiers' reunion at Stevens Point on Thursday.

Miss Hannah Waldo was the guest of the two Benson girls the past week.

Mrs. J. Dupey was in this burg Sunday, visiting friends and relatives.

Henry Beilmer was very busy the past week putting up eaves troughs.

Miss Rose Ratelle was in Grand Rapids shopping last Saturday.

Carl Omholt, who was employed at Rice Lake, is at home again.

O. Roosen spent Sunday with his father and sister at Tomah.

Willie Wolf was the guest of Henry Beilmer on Wednesday.

Will Piltz was in Grand Rapids on business this week.

Miss Emma Hassell is sewing in the Rapids this week.

Miss Nora Slattery spent Sunday with her parents.

Mrs. G. Bates is on the sick list this week.

Catarh Cannot Be Cured

with local application, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarh. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & Co. Props., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, price 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Notice.

My wife having left my bed and board I hereby warn all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no bills of her contracting. Dated at Hansen, the 20th day of May, 1902.

ANTON GETSINGER.

SIGEL.

Miss Martha Polanski has been quite sick the past two weeks, but is somewhat better at this writing.

District No. 5 fixed up a few dangerous places on the main road which is quite an improvement.

Mrs. Gilmeiser and Mrs. A. King visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Henke, the past week.

Services were held in the Swedish Bethany church Tuesday by Rev. Satter of Michigan.

Miss Eva Paterson, who has been very sick with the smallpox, is now slowly recovering.

The people think they have had enough rain, for it's nothing but rain, rain, rain.

Eric Berg, our assessor, is making the usual rounds among our town's people.

Mrs. P. Walsh of Eagle River was a visitor at the Youskow home Monday.

Miss Annie Johnson attended the surprise party held at John Nelson's.

Misses Berdena and Flo Berg wheeled to the Rapids last Saturday.

Miss Rose Youskow visited with friends in the Rapids this week.

There was a surprise party held at the home of J. Nelson, May 25.

Henry Knuth was in Chicago last week to consult a doctor.

Miss Ellen Newman has returned from Cleveland, Ohio.

Miss Mary Ladeck returned home last week.

NEKOOSA.

The biggest event that Nekoosa has experienced for some time occurred on Thursday, it being the picnic of the Lemonweir Valley Woodman association. While the attendance was fairly good it was nothing like what would have been in attendance had the weather been bright and pleasant. It was especially bad and threatening in the morning about the time when people were going to start. Most of the attractions that had been planned were carried out in spite of an occasional drizzle, even to the bowery dance, and this was well attended in spite of the drawbacks. Those who attended were loud in their praise of Nekoosa as a place for an event of this kind, it having many natural advantages that the average town does not possess.

Mrs. A. H. Kleberg and children returned home on Monday from Necoosa, where they had been visiting relatives were accompanied here by Mrs. Kleberg's mother, who will visit the family for a time.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gus Shultz died on Tuesday last from pneumonia. The funeral occurred on Thursday from the Lutheran church.

Frank Choppe has been sick for several days past with appendicitis. Dr. Humphrey of Grand Rapids is attending him.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Marcoux are happy over the arrival of a baby at their home, which occurred on Saturday.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Will George was brightened by the arrival of a baby boy on the 5th instant.

A little son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Jazogzinski is sick with measles.

Attorney H. E. Fitch was a Grand Rapids visitor on Tuesday.

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Harness Shop.

Across from Johnson & Hill Company's. In-building with U. S. Express office.

All New Stock.

I invite all my old customers to call and see me. Everything in the line of harnesses and repairing.

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When you get work of this kind you want good work, and there is one man in town at least who can do it right. Telephone 89

NELS LARAMIE,
The West Side Painter.

Just received 500 peices of

New Laces and Trimmings

Something entirely new, up-to-date and up-to-date and tasty. New designs in

Valenciennes, Silk and Torchon Laces. Dress Trimmings consisting of Appliques, Medallions, Allover Laces and Embroideries.

Now is the time to prepare yourselves with Summer Gowns for the Glorious 4th will soon be here. We are prepared to show the prettiest and most complete line of Summer Goods in the city consisting of

Dimities, Organdies, Lawns, Alexandria Silks, Mercerized Gingham, etc.

Wash Suits For Boys.

Say, we have a stock in this line that ought to please the heart of any mother. They are nice fresh designs and colors, just as pretty as they make them, only 50 cents to \$1.00 a suit. Wash Pants 15 and 20c.

STRAW HATS

You may think it is a little early to buy a straw hat, but you are bound to have one anyway, and we have such a complete line that you will find just about what you want. Several new styles to select from this spring. Also a complete new line of Neckties for men and boys.

Fruits and Vegetables

No meal is complete without something in this line now. Have fresh fruit all the time and anything in the line of vegetables that it is possible to obtain. In fact we have the most complete and best stocked grocery department in this section.

Bring us your Wool. Highest Market Price in Cash.

JOHNSON & HILL COMPANY,

The largest distributors of Merchandise in Wood Co.

MID SUMMER SALE!

At the MILWAUKEE CHEAP STORE commencing JUNE 16 to 21 1902, with the following low prices to disturb the entire community of Grand Rapids, and vicinity. Be sure and don't miss the chance.

Turkish Towels, at this sale...	7c	Ladies' Umbrellas, steel rod, at this sale...	25c	Men's silk bow ties, only...	5c
LL Sheeting, a yard wide, per yard...	3c	Men's White Handkerchiefs at this sale only...	12c	Light Shirting, new styles...	3c
Good Dark Calicoes, new patterns...	34c	Men's White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth 10c, sale price at this sale, 2 for...	5c	Ladies' Big Black Garden Hats just in time, only...	15c
Good Fancy Striped Lawns, worth 9c, at this sale...	5c	Children's Colored Handkerchiefs at this sale, 2 for...	1c	Children's and Misses Hats, worth 75c...	20c
Good Mercerized Gingham, worth 12c, at this sale...	6c	Ladies' Fine Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, a big bargain...	3c	Men's Crash Hats, worth 50c at this sale...	20c
Good Fancy Striped Dimities, worth 15c, now...	9c	Ladies' Black Seamless Hose at this sale...	5c	Men's Heavy Suspenders at this sale...	6c
Fancy, Soft, Light, Colored Gingham, at this sale...	5c	Men's Black Seamless Hose worth 15c, at this sale...	7c	Men's Black Striped Overshirts double from...	19c
Good Heavy Linen Canvas, worth 15c, at this sale...	6c	Ladies, Sailor Straw Hats, can't beat, at this sale...	10c	Men's Light Colored Sateen Overshirts, with tie...	45c
Children's Muslin Pants, lace trimmed, per pair...	10c	Fine Brass Ornamental Clocks worth \$2.00, at this sale...	85c	Boys' Overshirts, assorted stripes, only...	10c
Children's Ribbed Vests, without sleeves, at this sale...	2c	Fancy Glass Vase...	5c	Boys' Corduroy Pants, very strong, age 5 to 13...	27c
A Good Heavy Large White Bed Spread, worth \$1, now...	59c	Childs' Purses, at this sale...	1c	Boys' Woolen Suits, age 5 to 13 worth \$1.25, sale price...	59c
A Good Heavy Linen Tablecloth, a big bargain for...	50c	A box of 500 parlor matches for...	2c	Boys' Woolen Suits, 3 pieces age 9 to 16 worth \$2.50...	\$1.48
Pillow Case Lace 3 inches wide, per yard at this sale...	2c	Uncolored Japan Tea, per lb...	24c	Boys' Woolen Suits, 3 pieces age 9 to 16 worth \$3.00...	1.95
Velvet Ribbon assorted widths per piece of 10 yards...	15c	Good Japan Gunpowder Tea...	34c	Men's Fancy Striped Suits worth \$5.00 at this sale...	3.19
A Good Lap Robe, worth 20c, at this sale...	10c	Good bulk Coffee per pound...	8c	Men's Fancy Checked Wool Suits worth \$9.00 now...	5.00
25 Pieces Garter Web, just think, per yard...	1c	Laundry Soap, 12 bars for...	25c	Men's Fancy Striped Wool Pants worth \$2.00 sale price...	1.19
Finishing Braid, assorted colors 7 inch wide, per piece of 6 yds...	4c	A good rolling pin for...	3c	Children's Fine Dongola Red Shoes sizes 5 to 8 worth 90c...	65c
Ladies' Gingham Shirt Waists this seasons make...	25c	Fancy Decorated China...	10c	Children's Heavy Shoes 9 to 12 good and strong now...	50c
Ladies' Fancy Shirt Waists worth 35c, at this sale...	39c	Pearl white ivory soap per bar...	2c	Ladies' Fine Dongola Shoes, new styles, worth \$1.75...	\$1.25
Ladies' Fancy Striped Waists worth \$1.25, will go for...	75c	Ladies' belts worth up to 20c...	5c	Men's Satin Calf Shoes lace or congress at this sale...	1.00
Children's Colored Parasols, at this sale...	9c	Childs' ready made dresses...	15c	Ladies' Fine Kid Shoes worth \$3.00 sale price...	1.75
Ladies' Fancy Handled Parasols, steel rod, good Cloth...	50c				

We call your attention to above prices. They are cut down to rock bottom prices. We are crowded and overstocked with merchandise, and we must get rid of it by all means. Cost or below cost, the stock must move and if prices are any object, we have cut them down to a finish. Remember, everything is just as advertised. No misrepresentation and no humbug. Please call and get first choice. Follow the crowd for bargains to

The Milwaukee Cheap Store.

COHEN BROS,

Grand Rapids, Wis. Leaders in Low Prices.

New Second Hand Store

J. SMUCKLER, PROPRIETOR.

We buy and sell everything in the line of Furniture, Stoves, Crockery, Junk, Rubbers, Hides and all kinds of Metal. We pay the highest prices and we sell at the lowest. Remember Jake Smuckler, the west side second hand man. The 4th door north of Timm & Briere's next to Mrs. Lefebvre's W. River St.

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All kinds of repairing on Boots and Shoes promptly and neatly done.
C. F. WARD,
Shop on River St. West Side